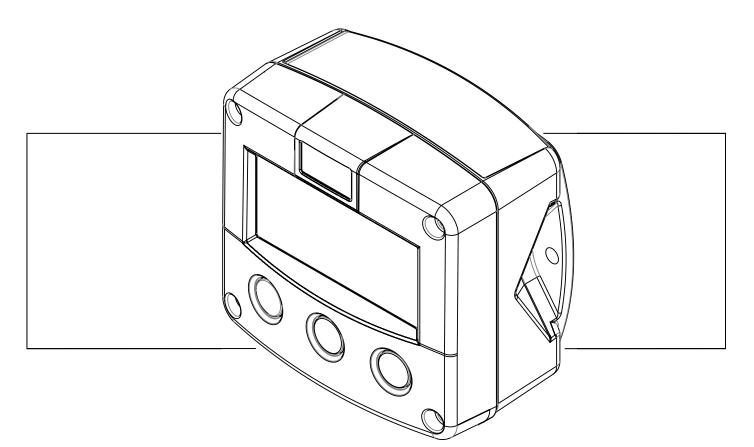
F115-P

BIDIRECTIONAL FLOW RATE INDICATOR / TOTALIZER

analog, pulse signal and flow direction outputs



Signal input flowmeter: pulse, Namur and coil

Signal outputs: (0)4-20mA / 0-10V ref. flow rate and pulse ref. total and flow direction

Options: Intrinsically safe, Modbus communication and backlight



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



Any responsibility is lapsed if the instructions and procedures as described in this manual are not followed.

- LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS: The F115-P is not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of the product can reasonably be expected to result in a personal injury. Customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify the manufacturer and supplier for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.
- Electro static discharge does inflict irreparable damage to electronics! Before installing or opening the unit, the installer has to discharge himself by touching a wellgrounded object.
- This unit must be installed in accordance with the EMC guidelines (Electro Magnetic Compatibility).
- Do connect a proper grounding to the metal enclosure as indicated if the F115-P has an incoming power line which carries a 115-230V AC. The Protective Earth (PE) wire may never be disconnected or removed.
- Intrinsically safe applications: follow the instructions as mentioned in Chapter 5 and consult "Fluidwell F1..-..-XI - Documentation for Intrinsic safety".

DISPOSAL OF ELECTRONIC WASTE



- The WEEE Directive requires the recycling of disposed electrical and electronic equipment in the European Union. When the WEEE Directive does not apply to your region, we support its policy and ask you to be aware on how to dispose of this product.
- The crossed out wheelie bin symbol as illustrated and found on our products tells that this product shall not be disposed of into the general waste system or into a landfill.
- At the end of its life, equipment shall be disposed of according to the local regulations regarding waste of the electrical and the electronic equipment.
- Please contact your local dealer, national distributor or the manufacturer's Technical helpdesk for information on the product disposal.

SAFETY RULES AND PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

- The manufacturer accepts no responsibility whatsoever if the following safety rules and precautions instructions and the procedures as described in this manual are not followed.
- Modifications of the F115-P implemented without preceding written consent from the manufacturer, will result in the immediate termination of product liability and warranty period.
- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Check the mains voltage and information on the manufacturer's plate before installing the unit.
- Check all connections, settings and technical specifications of the various peripheral devices with the F115-P supplied.
- Open the enclosure only if all leads are free of potential.
- Never touch the electronic components (ESD sensitivity).
- Never expose the system to heavier conditions than allowed according the classification of the enclosure (see manufacture's plate and chapter 4).
- If the operator detects errors or dangers, or disagrees with the safety precautions taken, then
 inform the owner or principal responsible.
- The local labor and safety laws and regulations must be adhered to.

ABOUT THE MANUAL

This manual is divided into two main sections:

- The daily use of the unit is described in chapter 2 "Operation". These instructions are meant for users.
- The following chapters and appendices are exclusively meant for electricians/technicians. These
 provide a detailed description of all software settings and hardware installation guidance.

This manual describes the standard unit as well as the available options. For additional information, please contact your supplier.

A hazardous situation may occur if the F115-P is not used for the purpose it was designed for or is used incorrectly. Please carefully note the information in this manual indicated by the pictograms:



A "**warning**" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may lead to personal injury, a safety hazard or damage of the F115-P or connected instruments.



A "**caution**" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may lead to personal injury or incorrect functioning of the F115-P or connected instruments.



A "**note**" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may indirectly affect operation or may lead to an instrument response which is not planned.

WARRANTY AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For warranty and technical support for your Fluidwell products, visit our internet site <u>www.fluidwell.com</u> or contact us at <u>support@fluidwell.com</u>.

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CONTENTS MANUAL

Safety instructions					
	Disposal of electronic waste				
		d precautionary measures			
		Jal			
		echnical supportal			
1.		ai ction			
1.	1.1.	System description			
2.		ional			
2.	2.1.	Control panel			
	2.3.	Operator information and functions			
3.	-	uration			
0.	3.1.	How to program the F115-P	.10		
	3.1.1.	Setup menu - Settings			
	3.1.2	Explanation of SETUP-menu 1 - Total-A			
	3.1.3	Explanation of SETUP-menu 2 - Flow rate-A			
	3.1.4	Explanation of SETUP-menu 3 - Total-B			
	3.1.5	Explanation of SETUP-menu 4 - Flow rate-B			
	3.1.6	Explanation of SETUP-menu 5 - Display			
	3.1.7	Explanation of SETUP-menu 6 - Power management			
	3.1.8	Explanation of SETUP-menu 7 - Flowmeter			
	3.1.9	Explanation of SETUP-menu 8 - Analog output			
	3.1.10	Explanation of SETUP-menu 9 - Pulse			
	3.1.11	Explanation of SETUP-menu A - Communication (option)			
		Explanation of SETUP-menu B - Others			
4.		tion			
	4.1.	General directions			
	4.2.	Installation - surrounding conditions			
	4.3.	Dimensions- Enclosure			
	4.4.	Installing the hardware			
	4.4.1.	General installation guidelines			
	4.4.2.	Aluminum enclosure - Field mounted			
	4.4.3.	Aluminum enclosure - Panel mounted			
	4.4.4.	Plastic (GRP) enclosure			
	4.4.5.	Terminal connectors			
5.	-	cally safe applications	-		
0.	5.2.	Terminal connectors Intrinsically safe applications			
	5.3.	Configuration examples Intrinsically Safe applications			
	5.4	Battery replacement instructions			
	5.4.1.	Safety instructions			
	5.4.2.	Replace the battery (hazardous area)			
	5.4.3.	Disposal of batteries			
6.		nance			
•	6.1.	General directions			
	6.2	Repair			
	6.3.	Repair policy			
Appen		Technical specification			
Appen		Problem solving			
		Communication variables			
Appen	dix D:	Declaration of conformity			
		anual			
List of	figures ir	n this manual	49		

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Functions and features

The flow rate / totalizer model F115-P is a microprocessor driven instrument designed to show the flow rate, the total and the accumulated total. This model is able to detect the flow direction and to show a positive or negative flow rate, the totals for both directions and the cumulative totals. This product has been designed with a focus on:

- ultra-low power consumption to allow long-life battery powered applications (type PB/PC),
- intrinsic safety for use in hazardous applications (type XI);
- several mounting possibilities with aluminum or GRP enclosures for harsh industrial surroundings;
- ability to process all types of flowmeter signals;
- transmitting possibilities with analog / pulse and communication outputs.

Flowmeter input

This manual describes the unit with a pulse_input from the flowmeter. Other versions are available to process (0)4-20mA signals.

Two flowmeters with a passive or active pulse, Namur or sine wave (coil) signal output, with a phase difference of 90 or 270 degrees, can be connected to the F115-P. To power the sensor, several options are available.

Standard outputs

- Pulse output to transmit a pulse that represents a totalized quantity as programmed.
- Negative / positive pulse output indication.
- Linear (0)4-20mA or 0-10V analog output to represent the actual flow rate as programmed. The (0)4-20mA or 0-10V signal limits can be tuned.

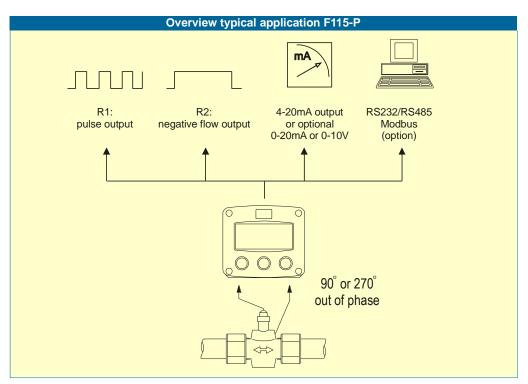


Fig. 1: Typical application

Configuration of the unit

The F115-P is designed for use in many types of applications. For that reason, a setup menu is available to program the F115-P according to your specific requirements.

The setup includes several important features, such as K-Factors, engineering units, signal selection, power management (to extend battery life-time), etc. All settings are stored in a nonvolatile memory and therefore kept in the event of a power failure or an exhausted battery. **Display information**

The unit has a LCD with (optional) backlight to show the process information, status and alarm messages. The display refresh rate is programmed in the setup menu.

At a key press, the display refresh rate will switch to FAST for 30 seconds. When 'OFF' is selected, the display goes off after 30 seconds after the last key press. The display temporarily comes on after a key press.

A backup of the total and accumulated total in EEPROM memory is made every minute. Options

The following options are available: isolated or active (0)4-20mA / 0-10V analog output, full Modbus communication RS232/485/TTL (also battery powered), intrinsic safety, mechanical relay or active output, power- and sensor-supply options, panel -mount, wall-mount and weather-proof enclosures, flame proof enclosure and LED backlight.



OPERATIONAL

- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" in the front of this manual.

This chapter describes the daily use of the F115-P. This instruction is meant for users / operators.

2.1. CONTROL PANEL

The control panel has three keys. The available keys are:



Fig. 2: Control Panel

Functions of the keys



This key is used to program and save new values or settings. The PROG/ENTER key is also used to gain access to the setup menu (read chapter 3).



This key is used to select the accumulated total. The SELECT/ A key is also used to increase a value after the PROG/ENTER key has been pressed (read chapter 3).



This key is used to reset the total.

The CLEAR/ • key is also used to select a digit or an option after the PROG/ENTER key has been pressed (read chapter 3).

2.3. OPERATOR INFORMATION AND FUNCTIONS

In general, the F115-P operates in the operator mode. The shown information depends on the settings which are made in the setup menu. The signal from the connected sensor is processed by the F115-P in the background, independent from the selected display refresh rate.



For the Operator, the following functions are available:

Display differential flow rate / total or flow rate

This is the main display information of the F115-P. After the selection of any other information, it will always return to this main display automatically. Differential total is shown on the upper line of the display and flow rate on the bottom line. When selected in the setup menu, the display shows the flow rate only. When you press the select key, the total shows momentarily. When "------" is shown, the flow rate value is too high to be displayed. The arrows ◆ indicate the increase/decrease of the flow rate trend. For the total, the differential total is shown. Based on the configuration, the following information is shown in case of reverse-flow:

- flow rate will be negative and total will count down, or
- flow rate value will be zero and no totalization, or
- flow rate will be positive and total will count up.

Clear total

The value for total can be reset. To do so, press the CLEAR/
key twice. When the key is pressed once, the text "PUSH CLEAR" is shown. To avoid a reset at this stage, press another key other than the CLEAR/
key or wait for 20 seconds. A reset of the total does not influence the accumulated total.

Display accumulated total

When the SELECT/ A key is pressed, total and accumulated total are shown. The accumulated total cannot be reset. The value will count up to 99,999,999,999. The unit and number of decimals are shown according to the settings for the total.

Low-battery alarm



Only use original batteries. Original batteries can be ordered at the manufacturer. The use of unapproved batteries will void the warranty.

At the end of the battery's life-time, the voltage starts to drop. When the voltage becomes too low, the battery indicator comes on. When the battery indicator is on, install a new and fresh battery as soon as possible.



Fig. 4: Low-battery alarm (typical)

Alarm

When the alarm indicator is shown, refer to Appendix B: Problem Solving.

CONFIGURATION 3.

This and the following chapters are exclusively meant for electricians and non-operators. In these, an extensive description of all software settings and hardware connections are provided.



- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
 - Make sure, the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams. Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility.
 - Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" in the front of this manual.

The setup menu is used to program the F115-P.

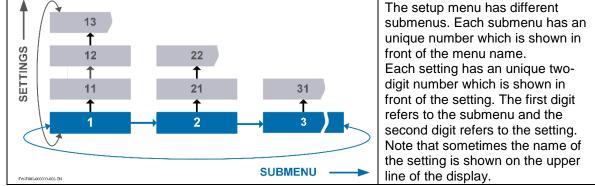
The setup menu is accessible at all times while the F115-P remains fully operational. Be aware that in this case any change to the settings may have an influence on the operation.



It is possible to prevent access to the setup menu with a password. A password may be required to enter the setup menu. Without this password, access is denied.



3.1. **HOW TO PROGRAM THE F115-P**



How to enter the setup menu

When the setup menu is protected by a password, the F115-P asks for a password to access the setup menu. When in the operator mode, press and hold the PROG/ENTER key for 7 seconds to access the setup menu.

How to navigate in the setup menu

The setup menu has different submenus to program the F115-P. For navigation, the submenus and the settings are identified with numbers (for the submenu: e.g. 1; for the setting: e.g. 12.).

The CLEAR/▶ key and the PROG/ENTER key are used for navigation. The explanation assumes that you are in the submenu TOTAL.

Act	tion	Result	Remark
1	Press the CLEAR/► key to select the next submenu.	 The submenu FLOW RATE shows 	-
2	Press again to go to the next submenu.	 The submenu DISPLAY shows. 	-
3	Momentarily, press the PROG/ENTER key to select the previous submenu.	The submenu FLOW RATE shows	The PROG/ENTER key is used as a ◀ key.
4	Press again to go to the previous submenu.	 The submenu TOTAL shows 	The PROG/ENTER key is used as a ◀ key.

The SELECT/ \blacktriangle key and the CLEAR/ \blacktriangleright key are used for navigation.

- The explanation assumes that you are in the submenu TOTAL. When you are:
- in the first setting and you navigate to the previous setting, the F115-P goes back to the related main menu.
- in the last setting and you navigate to the next setting, the F115-P goes to the related main menu.

Ac	tion	Result	Remark
1	Press the SELECT/▲ key to select the first setting.	• The setting UNIT shows.	-
2	Press the SELECT/▲ key again to go to the next setting.	The setting DECIMALS shows.	-
3	Press the CLEAR/► key to select the previous setting.	• The setting UNIT shows.	-
4	Press the CLEAR/►key again to go to the previous setting.	The submenu TOTAL shows	This is normal behavior because the setting UNIT is the first setting of the submenu TOTAL.

How to make a setting



Changes are only saved when you press the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PROG}}\xspace/\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENTER}}\xspace$ key.

The explanation assumes that you are in the submenu TOTAL and the setting UNIT. When you do not want to save the change, wait for approximately 20 seconds or press and hold the PROG/ENTER key for approximately 3 seconds.

Act	ion	Result	Remark
1	Momentarily, press the PROG/ENTER key.	The PROG indicator blinks.The engineering unit L shows.	To access the setting.
2	Press the SELECT/▲ key to select the next engineering unit.	 The PROG indicator blinks. The engineering unit m³ shows. 	If you wait too long, the program mode goes off and changes are not saved, this is normal behavior.
3	Press the SELECT/▲ key to select the next engineering unit.	 The PROG indicator blinks. The engineering unit US GAL shows. 	-
4	Press the CLEAR/► key to select the previous engineering unit	 The PROG indicator blinks. The engineering unit m³ shows. 	-
5	To confirm the changes: Momentarily, press the PROG/ENTER key.	 The PROG indicator goes off. The change is saved. The engineering unit m³ shows. 	If you do not press the PROG/ENTER key to confirm, your selection is not saved.
	To discard the changes: Press and hold the PROG/ENTER key for approximately 3 seconds.	 The PROG indicator goes off. The change is discarded. The engineering unit L shows. 	-

3.1.1. SETUP MENU - SETTINGS

1	ΤΟΤΑ	I - A	
•	11		L; m ³ ; kg; lb; GAL; USGAL; bbl; no unit
	12	decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
	13	K-Factor:	0.000010 - 9999999
	14	decimals K-Factor	0 - 6
2		VRATE - A	0-0
2	21	unit	mL; L; m ³ ; mg; g; kg; ton; gal; bbl; lb; cf; rev; (no
	21	unit	unit); scf; nm ³ ; nL; p
	22	time	/sec; /min; /hour; /day
	23	decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
	23	K-Factor	0.000010 - 9,999,999
	25	decimals K-Factor	0 - 6
	25	calculation	per 1 - 255 pulses
	20	cut-off	0.1 - 999.9 seconds
3			0.1 - 999.9 Seconds
3	31	K-Factor	0.000010 - 9999999
	31	decimals K-Factor	0 - 6
	-		0-6
4		V RATE - B	
	41 42	K-Factor	0.000010 - 9999999
F		decimals K-Factor	0 - 6
5	DISPL		
	51	function	total; rate; all
	52	show A-B	enable; disable
	53	light	0% (off); 20%; 40%; 60%;- 80%; 100% (full brightness)
6		ER MANAGEMENT	
	61	LCD new	fast; 1 sec; 3 sec; 15 sec; 30 sec; off
_	62	battery mode	operational; shelf
7		VMETER	
	71	signal A	npn; npn-lp; reed; reed-lp; pnp; pnp-lp; namur; coil-hi; coil-lo; 8-1 DC; 12 DC; 24 DC
	72	signal B	npn; npn-lp; reed; reed-lp; pnp; pnp-lp; namur; coil-hi; coil-lo; 8-1 DC; 12 DC; 24 DC
	73	bi-directional	disable; enable
	74	phase	90 deg – 270 deg
	75	count negative	disable; enable
	76	k-factor	single; dual
	77	calculate	add; differ
8	ANAL		
	81	output	disable; enable
	82	rate-min	-999999 - 9999999
	83	rate-max	-999999 - 9999999
	84	rate-sel	signed; absolute; rate-A; rate-B
	85	cut-off	0.0 - 9.9%
<u> </u>	86	tune-min	0 - 9999
	87	tune-max	0 - 9999
	88	filter	01 - 99
9	PULS		
	91	mode	signed; not negative; separated
<u> </u>	92	width	0.001 - 9
<u> </u>	93	decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
	94	amount	0.001 – 9999999
Α			
~	A1	speed	1200; 2400; 4800; 9600; 9600HP; 19200; 38400
	A1 A2	address	1 – 247
	A2 A3	mode	bus-rtu; bus-asc; off
	A3 A4	databits	8 bits; 7 bits
	A4 A5		none; even; odd
L	RD	parity	

В	OTHE	OTHERS	
	B1	model	F115-P
	B2	software version	nn:nn:nn
	B3	serial no.	nnnnnn
	B4	password	0000 - 9999
	B5	tag-nr	0000000 - 9999999

3.1.2 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 1 - TOTAL-A

3.1.2 EXPLANATION	OF SETUP-MENU 1 - TOTAL-A
UNIT	This setting is used to select the engineering unit for the indication of the
11	differential total, total (A and B), the accumulated total (A and B), and the pulse
	output.
•	
	When you change the engineering unit, you must recalculate and
Note !	reprogram the K-factor for the (accumulated) total. When you
	recalculate and reprogram the K-Factor, the history for
	(accumulated) total is not correct anymore, because the
	(accumulated) total is not recalculated. For future reference, best
	practice is to make a note of the accumulated total before you
	program the recalculated K-Factor.
DECIMALS	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the
12	(accumulated) total indication (A and B).
K-FACTOR	The K-Factor A determines the calculation factor for the forward total !
13	This setting is used to set the K-Factor for the total (A). With the K-Factor, the
	•
	flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a quantity. The K-Factor is based on the
	number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected engineering unit, for
	example per m ³ . A more accurate K-Factor (more decimals, as set in decimals
	K-Factor) allows for a more accurate operation of the system.
	Example 1: Calculating the K-Factor.
	The flowmeter generates 2.4813 pulses per liter and the selected unit is m ³ . A
	cubic meter consists of 1000 liter which gives 2.4813 pulses*1000 liter=2481.3
	pulses per m ³ . So, the K-Factor is 2481.3. Enter for the Flowmeter K-Factor:
	24813 and for the flowmeter K-Factor decimals: 1.
	Example 2: Calculating the K-Factor.
	The flowmeter generates 6.5231 pulses per gallon and the selected engineering
	unit is gallons. So, the K-Factor is 6.5231. Enter for the Flowmeter K-Factor:
	65231 and for the Flowmeter K-Factor decimals: 4.
	When you recalculate and reprogram a new K-Factor, the history for
Note !	(accumulated) total is not correct anymore, because the
	(accumulated) total is not recalculated. For future reference, best
	practice is to make a note of the accumulated total before you
	program the recalculated K-Factor.
DECIMALS K-FACTOR	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the
14	K-Factor (A).

3.1.3 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 2 - FLOW RATE-A

The settings for total and flow rate are entirely separate. In this way, different engineering units can be used for each e.g. cubic meters for total and liters for flow rate.

UNIT 21	This setting is used to select the engineering unit for the indication of the flow rate (A and B). <i>Alteration of the engineering unit will have consequences for</i> <i>operator and setup values, they will not be automatically</i> <i>recalculated to the value of the new selected unit. The K-Factor has</i> <i>to be adapted as well; the calculation is not done automatically.</i>
TIME 22	This setting is used to set the time unit for the flow rate calculation (A and B). Note that the flow rate is given in engineering unit/time unit, e.g. liters/minute (I/min). When you change this setting, also recalculate and change the settings for the analog rate-min and analog rate-max.
DECIMALS 23	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the flow rate indication (A and B).

K-FACTOR 24	This setting is used to set the K-Factor for the flow rate (A). With the K-Factor, the flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a quantity. The K-Factor is based on the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected engineering unit, for example per m ³ . A more accurate K-Factor (more decimals, as set in decimals K-Factor) allows for a more accurate operation of the system.
DECIMALS K-FACTOR 25	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the K-Factor (A).
CALCULATION 26	The flow rate is calculated by measuring the time between a number of pulses, for example 10 pulses. The more pulses the more accurate the flow rate will be. The maximum value is 255 pulses. This setting does influence the update interval for the flow rate and thus, indirectly the update interval of the analog output (maximum update 10 times a second). If the output response is too slow, decrease the number of pulses. For low frequency applications (< 10Hz): do not program more than 10 pulses, else the update time will be very slow. For high frequency applications (> 1kHz): do program 50 or more pulses.
CUT-OFF 27	This setting is used to set the threshold for a minimum flow. If during this time less than XXX-pulses are generated (refer to Calculation), the flow rate will be shown as zero. The cut-off has to be entered in seconds.

3.1.4 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 3 - TOTAL-B

For Total, you can only set the K-Factor B when in the flowmeter menu the K-Factor is set to Dual. Per default setting, the K-Factor is set to single (K-Factor A = K-Factor B). When Dual is selected, the Total-B settings are not visible (editable). This is normal behavior.

ing is used to set the K-Factor for the total (B). With the K-Factor, neter pulse signals are converted to a quantity. The K-Factor is
the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected ing unit, for example per m ³ . A more accurate K-Factor (more a, as set in decimals K-Factor) allows for a more accurate of the system.
ng is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the ated) total indication (B).
r s

3.1.5 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 4 - FLOW RATE-B

For Flow rate, you can only set the K-Factor B when in the flowmeter menu the K-Factor is set to Dual. Per default setting, the K-Factor is set to single (K-Factor B = K-Factor A). When Dual is selected, the Total-B settings are not visible (editable). This is normal behavior.

selected, the Total-B settl	ngs are not visible (editable). This is normal benavior.	
K-FACTOR	K-Factor B determines the calculation factor for the reverse flow rate !	
41	This setting is used to set the K-Factor for the flow rate (B). With the K-Factor, the flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a quantity. The K-Factor is based on the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected engineering unit, for example per m ³ . A more accurate K-Factor (more decimals, as set in decimals K-Factor) allows for a more accurate operation of the system.	
DECIMALS K-FACTOR 42	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the K-Factor (B).	
3.1.6 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 5 - DISPLAY		
FUNCTION	This setting can be set to display differential total or rate.	
51	 When 'total' is selected, simultaneously, total is shown with the large digits and flow rate with the smaller digits. When SELECT is pressed, the accumulated total is shown temporarily. When 'rate' is selected, only flow rate will be shown with the large digits together with its engineering unit. When SELECT is pressed, the total and the accumulated total are shown temporarily. 	

LIGHT 53	The backlight brightness can be adjusted from 0% (off) to 100% (full brightness) in steps of 20%.
	When the F115-P is only loop powered, the backlight is disabled. An external
	power supply is required to supply the backlight.

3.1.7 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 6 - POWER MANAGEMENT

When used with the internal battery option (type PB/PC), the user can expect reliable measurement over a long period of time. The F115-P has several smart power management functions to extend the battery life time significantly. Two of these functions can be set.

LCD NEW	The calculation of the display-information influences the power consumption
61	significantly. When the application does not require a fast display refresh rate, it is strongly advised to select a slow refresh rate. Please understand that NO information will be lost; every pulse will be counted and the output signals will be generated in the normal way. At a key press, the display refresh rate will switch to FAST for 30 seconds. When 'OFF' is selected, the display goes off after 30 seconds after the last key press. The display temporarily comes on after a key press.
	Example battery life-time with a coil pick-up:
	 1kHz pulse and FAST update: about 2 years;
	 1kHz pulse and 1 sec update: about 5 years.
BATTERY-MODE	The F115-P has two modes: operational or shelf.
62	After "shelf" has been selected, the F115-P can be stored for several years; it will
	not process the sensor signal; the display is switched off but all settings and totals
	are stored. In this mode, power consumption is extremely low.
	To wake up the F115-P again, press the SELECT/ A key two times.

3.1.8 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 7 - FLOWMETER

The F115-P is able to handle several types of input signal. The pickup / signal is selected with:

- SETUP 71 (Input A), Read also chapter 4
- SETUP 72 (Input B), Read also chapter 4.

The selections "active pulse" offer a detection level of 50% of the supply voltage.

Note !	

SIGNAL A 71				
TYPE OF SIGNAL	EXPLANATION	RESISTANCE	FREQ. / MV	REMARK
NPN	NPN input	100 kΩ pull-up	max.6 kHz.	(open collector)
NPN - LP	NPN with low pass filter	100 kΩ pull-up	max.1.2 kHz.	(open collector) less sensitive
REED	Reed-switch input	1 MΩ pull-up	max.1.2 kHz.	
REED - LP	Reed-with low pass filter	1 MΩ pull-up	max.120 Hz.	Less sensitive
PNP	PNP input	100K pull-down	max.6 kHz.	
PNP - LP	PNP with low pass filter	100K pull-down	max.1.2 kHz.	Less sensitive
NAMUR	NAMUR input	820 Ω pull-down	max.4 kHz.	External power required
COIL-HI			min. 20 mV _{pp}	Constitute for
COIL-HI (type ZF)	High sensitive coil input	nput -	min. 10 mV _{pp}	Sensitive for interference!
COIL-HI (type ZG)			min. 5 mV _{pp}	interierence:
COIL LO	Low sensitive coil input	-	min. 80 mV _{pp}	Normal sensitivity
8-1 DC	Active pulse input detection level 8.2V DC	3K9	max.10KHz.	External power required
12 DC	Active pulse input detection level 12V DC 4K		max.10KHz.	External power required
24 DC	Active pulse input detection level 24V DC	ЗК	max.10KHz.	External power required

	-
SIGNAL B	The secondary signal B is used to detect the direction of flow.
72	In most applications, the type of signal for input B will be the same type as
	the main signal A (setting 71). For selection, read setting 71.
BI-DIRECTIONAL	The secondary pulse input B of the F115 can be set to:
73	• disable : input B will be ignored; the unit will act as a normal flow rate /
	totalizer.
	• enable: the phase difference between flow A and flow B is used to
	detect the flow-direction in the flowmeter.
PHASE	The phase difference between flow A and flow B can be set to 90 degrees or
74	270 degrees. In this way, you can easily swap the input signal to make it
	count positive/negative.
COUNT NEGATIVE	This setting determines if a negative (reverse) flow should result in
75	processing the signal or if a reverse flow has to be ignored:
	disable: a reverse flow will be ignored: flow rate will be zero and totals
	will not count.
	• enable: a reverse flow will be processed: flow rate will be displayed and
	total will be counted. Setup 76 determines how the signal will be
	processed.
K-FACTOR	With this setting you can determine if the flow A and the Flow B use the
76	same K-Factor (as set for flow rate A) or different K-Factors for each flow.
	When single is selected, the menus for total B and Flow rate B are empty.
CALCULATE	According to setting 76 - enable, select the way of calculation:
77	Add:
	Forward flow rate will be calculated (signed) positive. Total, accumulated
	Total and Total A will count up.
	Reverse flow rate will be calculated (signed) positive. Total, accumulated
	Total and Total B will count up.
	Diff:
	Forward flow rate will be calculated (signed) positive. Total, accumulated
	Total and Total A will count up.
	Reverse flow rate will be calculated (signed) negative . Total, accumulated
	total and Total B will count down .

3.1.9 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 8 - ANALOG OUTPUT

A linear 4-20mA signal (option AB: 0-20mA or option AU: 0-10V) output signal is generated that represents the flow rate. The settings for the flow rate influence the analog output directly. The relationship between the flow rate and the analog output is set with the following settings.

OUTPUT	If the analog output is not used, select disable to minimize the power consumption					
81	(e.g. save battery life-time).					
	Option AP: When a power supply is available but the output is disabled, a 3.5mA					
Note !	signal will be generated.					
RATE-MIN	Enter here the flow rate at which the output should generate the minimum signal					
82	(0)4mA or 0V - in most applications at zero flow. The number of decimals shown					
	depend upon setup 23. The engineering units/time (e.g. L/min) are dependent upon					
	setup 21 and 22.					
RATE-MAX	Enter here the flow rate at which the output should generate the maximum signal					
83	(20mA or 10V) - in most applications at maximum flow. The number of decimals					
	shown depend upon setup 23. The engineering units/time (e.g. L/min) are dependent					
	upon setup 21 and 22.					
RATE-NEG	In case a negative flow rate is displayed. it can be set to:					
84	absolute: a negative flow rate will result in a normal positive analog					
	output signal as if it is a positive flow.					
	• ignore : a negative flow rate results in a minimum output value (in most					
	cases 4mA or 0V).					
CUT-OFF	To ignore leakage of the flow for example, a low flow cut-off can be set as a					
85	percentage of the full range of 16mA, 20mA or 10V.					
	When the flow is less than the required rate, the current will be the minimum signal					
	(0)4mA or 0V.					
	Example: Calculate the cut-off.					
	Rate-min: 0L/min [4mA], Rate-max: 100 L/min [16mA], Cut-off: 2%					
	Required rate [L/min]: (rate-max - rate-min)*cut-off: (100-0)*2%=2.0L/min					
	Output [mA]: rate-min + (rate-max*cut-off): 4+(16*2%)=4.32mA					

TUNE-MIN 86 The (0)4mA or 0V value can be tuned precisely with this setting. The initial min analog output value is (0)4mA or 0V. However, this value might differ slightly du ambient influences such as temperature for example. Before tuning the signal, make sure that the analog signal is idle (not use any application! After pressing PROG, the current will be about 4mA (0mA or 0V). The current of increased / decreased with the arrow keys and is directly active. Press ENTER store the new value. If required, you can program the analog output 'up-side-down'. The (0)4mA or 0 represents the maximum flow rate and the 20mA or 10V represents the minimu flow rate. TUNE-MAX 87 Before tuning the signal, make sure that the analog signal is idle (not use any application! After pressing PROG, the current will be about 4mA (0mA or 10V represents the minimu flow rate. TUNE-MAX 87 Br If required, you can program the analog output 'up-side-down'. The initial max analog output value is 20mA or 10V However, this value might differ slightly du ambient influences such as temperature for example. Before tuning the signal, make sure that the analog signal is idle (not use any application! After pressing PROG, the current will be about 20mA or 10V. The current can be increased / decreased with the arrow keys and is directly active. Press ENTER store the new value. If required, you can program the analog output 'up-side-down'. The (0)4mA or represents the maximum flow rate and the 20mA or 10V represents the minimu flow rate.	ue to d) for can be to DV <i>um</i> cimum					
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Note ! represents the maximum flow rate and the 20mA or 10V represents the minimum						
now rate.						
FILTER This setting is used to stabilize the output signal. With the help of this digital filt	This setting is used to stabilize the output signal. With the help of this digital filter a					
	more stable but less actual representation of the flow rate can be obtained.					
	The filter principal is based on three input values: the filter level (01-99), the last					
	calculated flow rate and the last average value. The higher the filter level, the longer					
	the response time on a value change will be.					
FILTER VALUE RESPONSE TIME ON STEP CHANGE OF ANALOG VALUE. TIME IN SECONDS						
INFLUENCE 50% 75% 90% 99%						
01 filter disabled filter disabled filter disabled filter disabled	led					
02 0.1 sec 0.2 sec 0.4 sec 0.7 sec						
03 0.2 sec 0.4 sec 0.6 sec 1.2 sec	:					
05 0.4 sec 0.7 sec 1.1 sec 2.1 sec						
10 0.7 sec 1.4 sec 2.2 sec 4.4 sec)					
20 1.4 sec 2.8 sec 4.5 sec 9.0 sec						
30 2.1 sec 4 sec 7 sec 14 sec						
50 3.5 sec 7 sec 11 sec 23 sec						
75 5.2 sec 10 sec 17 sec 34 sec						
99 6.9 sec 14 sec 23 sec 45 sec						

3.1.10 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU 9 - PULSE

Two transistor or mechanic relay outputs are available as scaled pulse output according to the total.

MODE	The unit has three scaled pulse output modes. This functionality drives two pulse
91	outputs which, depending on the mode, can be used as follows:
not negative	On pulse output R1 a pulse will be sent when the total has increased with the set
	quantity (SETUP 94). On pulse output R2 the sign of the flow rate will be send
	(positive=0, negative=1).
separated	On pulse output R1 a pulse will be sent when the total has increased with the set
	quantity (SETUP 94). On pulse output R2 a pulse will be sent when the total has
	decreased with the set quantity (SETUP 94).
signed	On pulse output R1 a pulse will be send when the total has increased or
	decreased with the set quantity (SETUP 94). Pulse output R2 will send a 0 for
	increase or 1 for decrease.

WIDTH 92	The pulse width determines the time that the output will be active; in other words the pulse duration. Value "zero" will disable the pulse output. The pulse signal always has a 50% duty cycle, hence the minimum time between the pulses is equal to the pulse width setting. If the frequency should go out of range – when the flow rate increases for example – an internal buffer will be used to "store the missed pulses": As soon as the flow rate slows down, the buffer will be "emptied". It might be that pulses will be missed due to a buffer-overflow, so it is advised to program this setting within its range!
DECIMALS 93	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the amount.
AMOUNT 94	A pulse will be generated every time a certain quantity is added to the total. Enter this quantity here while taking the decimals for pulse into account.

3.1.11 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU A - COMMUNICATION (OPTION)

This product is designed for the connection to a communication network. Products with a communication option do not include cyber security functions. Fluidwell cannot take any responsibility for the cyber security, omissions or errors in the communication safety. To maintain a secure operation, automation and control, it is the sole responsibility of the owner to install and manage the appropriate safety measures to protect the network, the product and the communication against any kind of security breaches.

The functions described below deal with hardware that is not part of the standard delivery. Programming of these functions does not have any effect if this hardware has not been installed. Consult Appendix C and the Modbus communication protocol description for a detailed explanation.

SPEED	This setting is used to set the Baudrate.
A1	9600 is a low power setting, 9600HP is a high power setting (Modbus compliant).
ADDRESS	This setting is used to set the communication address for the F115-P.
A2	
MODE	This setting is used to set the Modbus transmission mode. Select OFF to disable
A3	the communication.
DATABITS	This setting determines for communication the number of data bits.
A4	Select 8 bit for BUS-RTU and 7 bits for BUS-ASC.
PARITY	As demanded by the connected equipment, select a parity bit (odd, even or none).
A5	

3.1.12 EXPLANATION OF SETUP-MENU B - OTHERS

For support and maintenance it is important to have information about the characteristics of the F115-P. Your supplier will ask for this information when support is required.

MODEL	This setting shows the model name.
B1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
SOFTWARE VERSION	This setting shows the version number of the firmware (software).
B2	
SERIAL NO.	This setting shows the serial number.
B3	
PASSWORD	This setting is used to set a password (pin code) to limit the access for the setup
B4	menu. Only persons who know the pin code can access the setup menu. The pin
	code 0000 disables the pin code to allow for access by any person.
TAG-NR	This setting is used to set a tag number for the F115-P.
B5	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

4. INSTALLATION

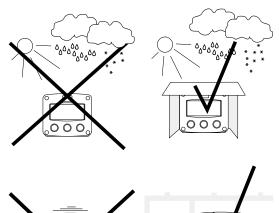
Caution !

4.1. GENERAL DIRECTIONS

- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
 - Make sure, the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams. Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" at the front of this manual.

4.2. INSTALLATION - SURROUNDING CONDITIONS

00



Take the relevant IP classification of the enclosure into account (see identification plate). Even an enclosure rated for IP67 / TYPE 4(X) should NEVER be exposed to strongly varying (weather) conditions.

When panel-mounted, the front panel of the F115-P is rated for IP65 / TYPE 4(X)!

When used in very cold surroundings or varying climatic conditions, inside the instrument case, take the necessary precautions against moisture.

Mount the F115-P onto a solid structure to avoid vibrations.

4.3. DIMENSIONS- ENCLOSURE

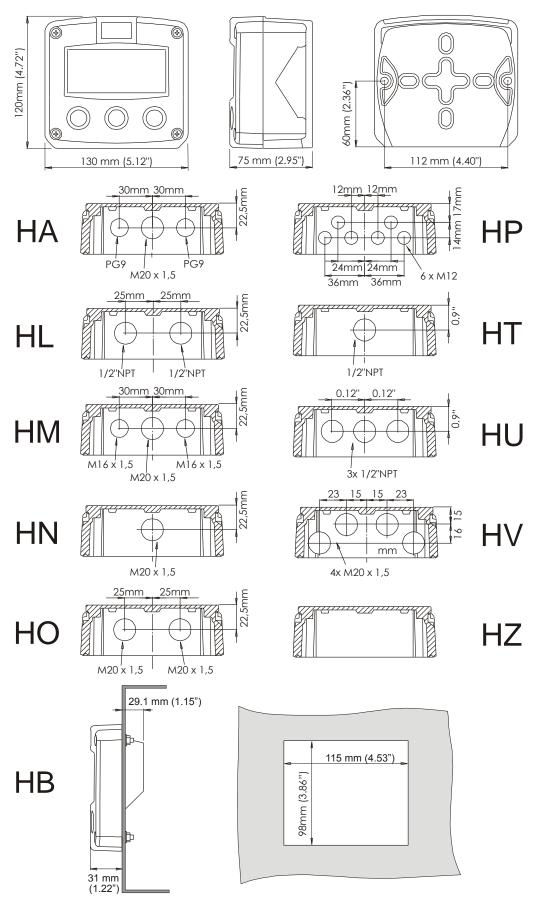


Fig. 5: Aluminum enclosures - Dimensions

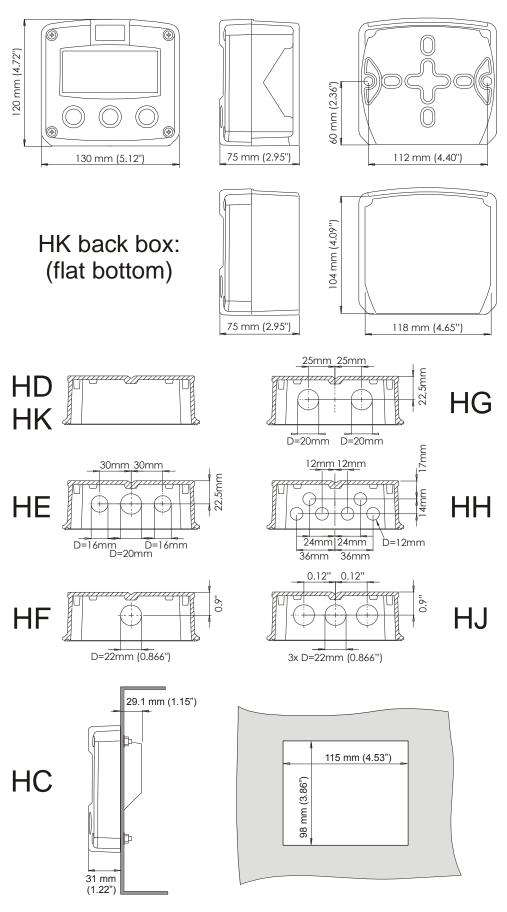


Fig. 6: GRP enclosures - Dimensions

4.4. INSTALLING THE HARDWARE



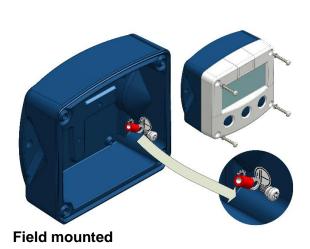
- Electro static discharge does inflict irreparable damage to electronics! Before installing or opening the F115-P, the installer has to discharge himself by touching a well-grounded object.
- Do ground the aluminum enclosure properly as indicated. It is the responsibility of the installer to install, connect and test the Protective Earth connections in accordance with the (inter)national Rules and Regulations.
- This chapter shows general information regarding the electrical installation of the F115-P. Chapter 5 gives additional specific information regarding Intrinsically safe installation and overrules the information given in this chapter.

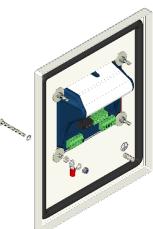


• When installed in an aluminum enclosure and a potentially explosive atmosphere requiring apparatus of equipment protection level Ga and Da, the unit must be installed such that, even in the event of rare incidents, an ignition source due to impact or friction sparks between the enclosure and iron/steel is excluded.

4.4.1. GENERAL INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

- In the F115-P, different types of bonding and earthing are used. The common (ground) is mostly
 used for termination of the wire shields and the Protective Earth (PE) is used for electrical safety.
- The F115-P that came with a power module type PM; 110V-230V AC or type PD/PF with an option OR (the relays can handle 110V-230V AC) shall be connected to the Protective Earth (PE) stud which is installed in the metal back panel. The metal front panel is connected to the Protective Earth by the mounting screws and serrated washers.
- For V AC applications, the terminal 00 shall not be connected to avoid earth loops. For V DC applications, the terminal 00 shall be connected to the common (do NOT use for PE).
- The wire screens (shield) are meant to prevent electromagnetic interference and shall be, galvanic isolated, connected to the common ground terminals that belong to the specific sensor connection. The wire screens shall be terminated at one side to prevent wire loops. Inside of the Fluidwell unit, the different common ground terminals are connected to each other. It is advised, as illustrated, to terminate the wire screens in the vicinity of the sensor and to insulated the wire screen with a shrink tube at the Fluidwell unit side.
- Separate cable glands with effective IP67 / TYPE 4(X) seals for all wires.
- Unused cable entries: make sure, you fit IP67 / TYPE 4(X) plugs to maintain rating.
- A reliable ground connection for both the sensor, and if applicable, for the metal enclosure (above).
- An effective screened cable for the input signal, and grounding of its screen to the "⊥ " terminal or at the sensor itself, whichever is appropriate to the application.





Panel mounted

4.4.2. ALUMINUM ENCLOSURE - FIELD MOUNTED



Risk of damage to equipment!

Do not use the terminal 00 to connect the protective earth wire, the 00 and the common ground terminals are internally connected. Be careful, to prevent damage to equipment when you connect different power supplies (sensor, PLC, etc.). Inside the Fluidwell display, the common grounds are internally connected to each other.

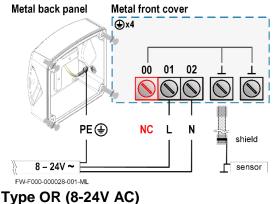
Metal back panel

The PE connection

The PE connection is made with the PE stud inside the back panel and the 4 mounting screws that attach the cover to the back panel.

The PE connection in the metal back panel is made with a serrated washer, a terminal, a washer and a screw.

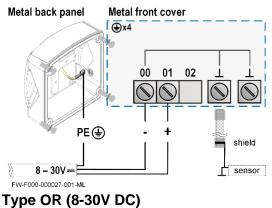
The PE connection to the metal cover is made with the serrated washers and the mounting screws.



PE € NC L N shield sensor

Metal front cover

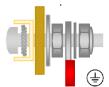
Type PM (110-230V AC)



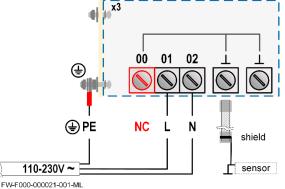
4.4.3. ALUMINUM ENCLOSURE - PANEL MOUNTED

The PE connection

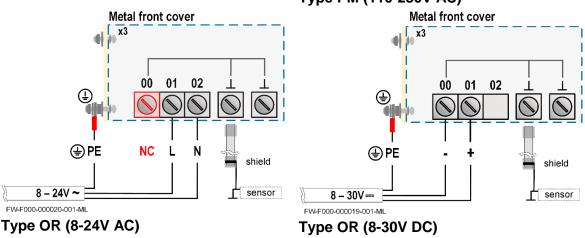
The PE connection is made with one of the mounting screws that attaches the front panel to the panel.



The PE connection to the metal cover is made with the serrated washers and the mounting screws. The PE connection to the panel is made with the washer, the nut, the terminal, the washer and a lock nut.

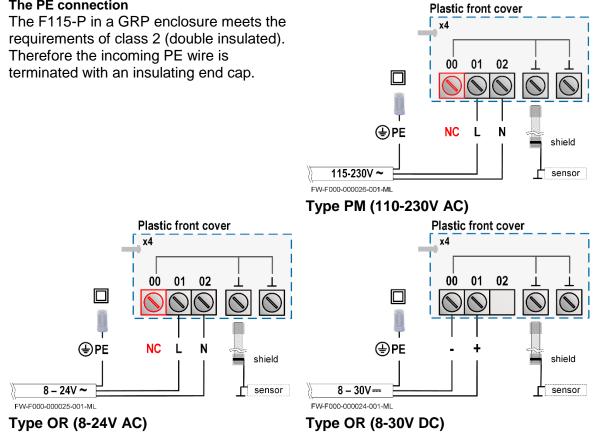


Type PM (110-230V AC)



FW_F115P_v1702_02_EN

4.4.4. PLASTIC (GRP) ENCLOSURE The PE connection

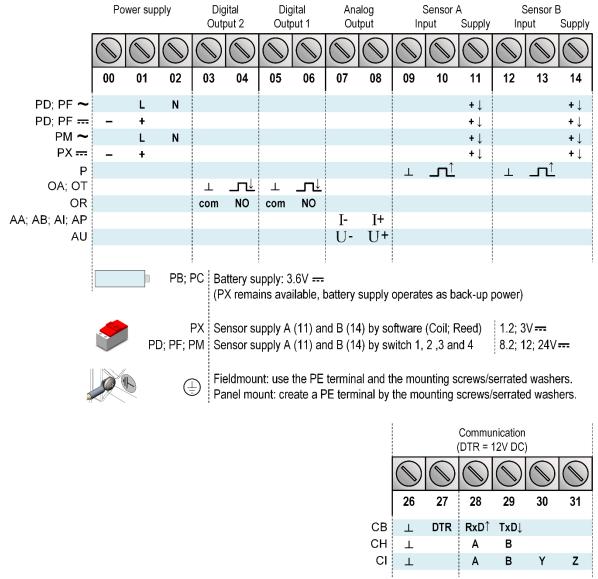


4.4.5. TERMINAL CONNECTORS

Refer to Appendix A: Technical Specification



Terminal 03-04; negative total - digital output (transistor or relay - R2) Terminal 05-06; digital output (transistor or relay - R1)



FW-F115-000001-001-EN

Fig. 7: Overview of terminal connectors - Standard configuration and options

SENSOR SUPPLY

For type PB/PC; PX; AP: There is no real sensor supply out available. Only a limited power supply is available. This power supply MAY NOT be used to supply the flowmeters electronics, converters etc. as it will not provide adequate sustained power ! All energy used by the flowmeters pick-up will directly influence the battery life-time. It is strongly advised to use a "zero power" pickup such as a coil or reed-switch when operating without external power. It is possible to use some low power NPN or PNP output signals, but the battery life time will be significantly reduced (consult your distributor). The sensor supply is fixed: 1.2V DC or 3V DC (set by the firmware).

For type PD; PF; PM: It is possible to supply the sensor with different voltages. You can set the voltage with the switches. Internal power is only applicable for low power sensors (Coil, Reed). External power is only available when the main external power supply is connected. The sensor supply voltage is selectable: 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12 or 24V DC.

Set the sensor supply

- 1. Make the F115-P safe. If applicable, mind the battery power.
- 2. Open the F115-P and carefully remove the cable-connectors and the protective cover.
- 3. Find and set the switches and select the $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize out}}$ as required.
- 4. Close the protective cover and install the cable connectors.
- 5. Close the F115-P.



Risk of electrocution - High voltage!

Make sure, all the leads to the terminals are disconnected from the F115-P and NEVER connect the mains power supply to the unit when the protection cover has been removed!

Type PD	Power supply in: 8-24V AC / 10-30V DC				
	Sensor		V _{out}		Sensor supply out
3 4	Α	В	seled		
on <mark>e</mark>	1	2	3	4	NOTE: Use an AC
					autotransformer (spartrafo) with
int ext int ext					galvanic isolation.
	int	int	off	off	Coil 1.2V DC; <1mA
FW-PD-000001-001-EN					Reed 3V DC; <1mA
Switch location (typical)	ext	ext	on	on	8.2V DC @8Vin AC / 10Vin DC
			on	off	12V DC @10Vin AC / 14Vin DC
			off	off	24V DC @18Vin AC / 26Vin DC
Type PF	Powe	r suppl	y in : 15	-24V AC	/ 20-30V DC
4	Sensor		V	out	Sensor supply out
off	Α	В	sele	ction	
1 2 3 on	1	2	3	4	
	int	int	off	off	Coil 1.2V DC; <1mA
int ext int ext on off					Reed 3V DC; <1mA
FW-PFPM-000001-001-EN	ext	ext	on	on	8.2V DC @8Vin AC / 10Vin DC
Switch location (typical)			on	off	12V DC @10Vin AC / 14Vin DC
			off	off	24V DC @18Vin AC / 26Vin DC
Туре РМ	Powe	r suppl	l <mark>y in</mark> : 11		BOV AC
4	Sensor		Vout		Sensor supply out
off	Α	В	sele	ction	
1 2 3 on	1	2	3	4	
	int	int	off	off	Coil 1.2V DC; <1mA
int ext int ext on off					Reed 3V DC; <1mA
FW-PFPM-000001-001-EN	ext	ext	on	on	8.2V DC
Switch location (typical)			on	off	12V DC
			off	off	24V DC

Fig. 8: Sensor supply voltage - Switch setting

Terminal 03-04; negative total - digital output (transistor or relay - R2):

This output is switched in case the calculated accumulated total counts down.

Terminal 05-06; digital output (transistor or relay - R1):

Setup 9 (read chapter 3). determines the pulse output function. The maximum pulse frequency of this output is 500Hz. If a relay output option has been supplied, be sure that the output frequency does not exceed 5Hz or else the life-time of the relay will be reduced significantly.

Type OA:

An <u>active 24V DC signal</u> according to the functions R1 and R2 is available with this option. Max. driving capacity 20mA@24V per output. (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

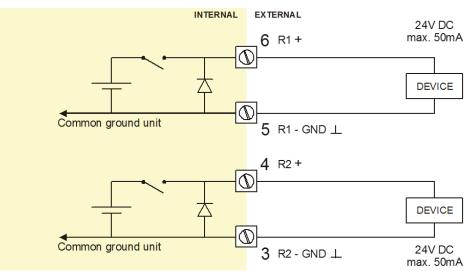


Fig. 9: Terminal connections - Active output (typical)

Type OR:

A <u>mechanical relay output</u> according the functions R1 and R2 is available with this option. Max. switch power 240V-0,5A per output. (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

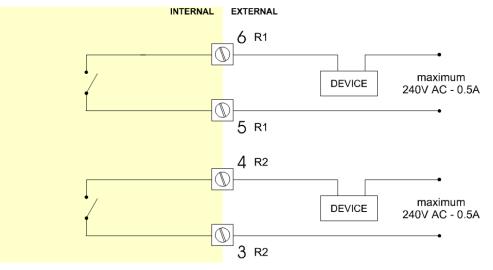
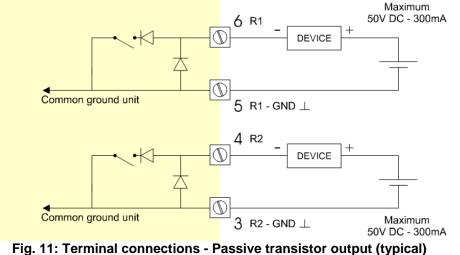


Fig. 10: Terminal connections - Mechanical relay output (typical)

Type OT:

Two <u>passive</u> transistor outputs are available with this option. Max. driving capacity 300mA@50V DC.



Terminal 07-08; basic POWER SUPPLY - type AP - output loop powered

Connect an external power supply of 8-30VDC to these terminals or a 4-20mA loop. Do connect the "-" to terminal 7 and the "+" to terminal 8. When power is applied to these terminals, the (optional) internal battery will be disabled / enabled automatically to extend the battery life time.

Terminal 07-08 analog output (SETUP 7) :

An analog output signal proportional to the flow rate is available as standard.

Type AA:

An <u>active 4-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated on these terminals. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 24VDC. (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

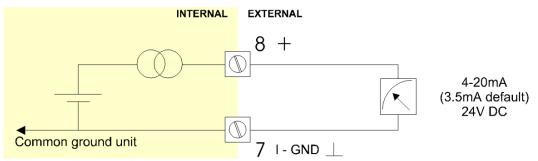


Fig. 12: Terminal connections - 4-20mA analog output (typical)

Type AB:

An <u>active 0-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 24VDC. (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

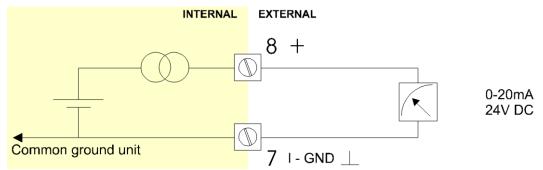


Fig. 13: Terminal connections - Active 0-20mA analog output (typical)

Type AF:

For the Intrinsically Safe floating 4-20mA signal: please read Chapter 5.

Type AI:

An <u>isolated 4-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated on these terminals. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 30VDC. This option can be used with a battery powered unit but the life time of the battery is about 2 -3 years.

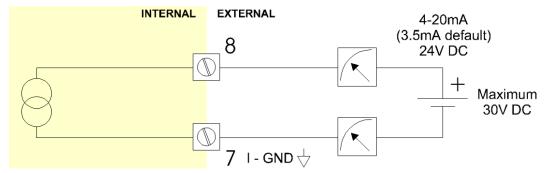
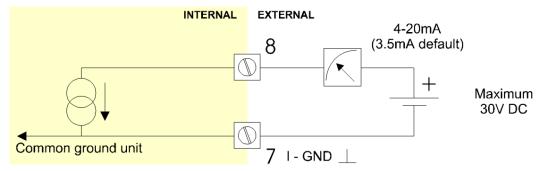


Fig. 14: Terminal connections - Isolated 4-20mA analog output (typical)

Type AP:

A <u>passive 4-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. When a power supply is connected but the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm. This output does loop power the unit as well.





Type AU:

A <u>0-10VDC signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. Max. load 10mA @ 10VDC. (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

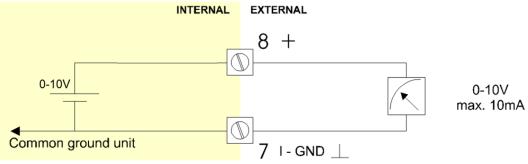


Fig. 16: Terminal connections - Active 0-10V analog output (typical)

Terminal 09-11 (input, Flowmeter A); Terminal 12-14 (input, Flowmeter B):

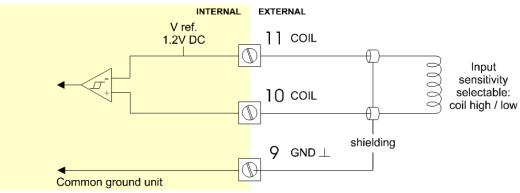
Three basic types of flowmeter signals can be connected to the unit: pulse, active pulse or coil. Only the connection diagrams for flowmeter A are given.

The connections for flowmeter A (Terminal 09-11) and B (Terminal 12-14) are the same. The screen of the signal wire must be connected to the related common ground terminal (unless earthed at the sensor itself) The maximum input frequency is approximately 10 kHz (depending on the type of signal). The input signal type has to be selected in the flowmeter setup (read chapter 3).

Coil-signal:

The F115-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a coil output signal. Two sensitivity levels can be selected

- COIL-LO: sensitivity from about 80mV_{pp};
- COIL-HI: sensitivity from about 20mV_{pp};
- type ZF, COIL-HI: sensitivity from about 10mV_{pp};
- type ZG, COIL-HI: sensitivity from about 5mV_{pp}.





Pulse-signal NPN / NPN-LP:

detection, the pulse amplitude has to go below 1.2V. Signal setting NPN-LP employs a low-pass signal noise filter, which limits the maximum input frequency (read chapter 3).

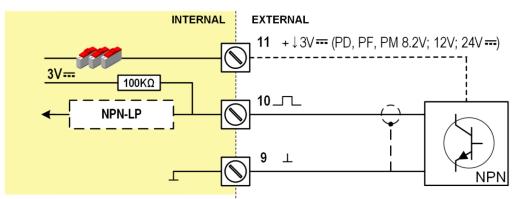


Fig. 18: Terminal connections - NPN signal input (typical)

Pulse-signal PNP / PNP-LP:

The F115-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a PNP output signal. 3V is offered on terminal 11 which has to be switched by the sensor to terminal 10 (SIGNAL). For a reliable pulse detection, the pulse amplitude has to go above 1.2V. Signal setting PNP-LP employs a low-pass signal noise filter, which limits the maximum input frequency (read chapter 3).

A sensor supply voltage of 8.2, 12 or 24V DC can be provided with power supply type PD, PF, PM. For a signal detection level of 50% of the supply voltage: please refer to "active signals".

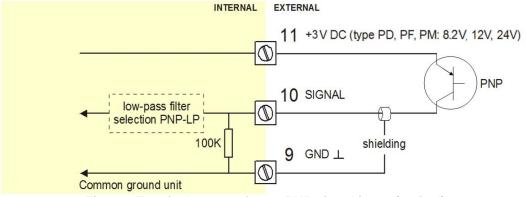
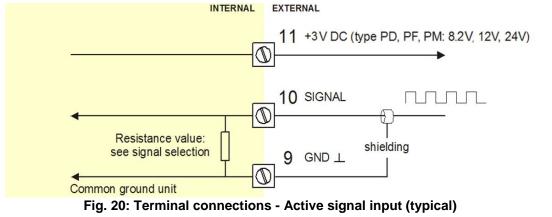


Fig. 19: Terminal connections - PNP signal input (typical)

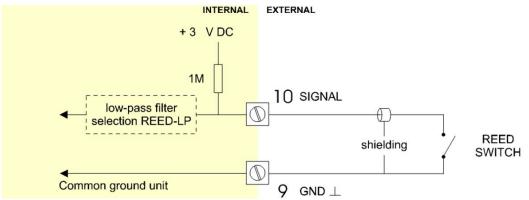
Active signal 8.2V, 12V and 24V:

If a sensor gives an active signal (read chapter 3).The detection levels are 50% of the selected supply voltage; approx. 4V (8-1 DC) or 6V (12 DC) or 12V (24 DC). Active signal selection may well be desired in case of power supply type PD, PF, PM is available for sensor supply.



Reed-switch:

The F115-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a reed-switch. To avoid pulse bounce from the reed-switch, it is advised to select REED LP – low-pass filter (read chapter 3).





NAMUR-signal:

The F115-P is suitable for flowmeters with an Namur signal. The standard F115-P is not able to power the Namur sensor, as an external power supply for the sensor is required. However, a 8.2V sensor supply voltage (terminal 11) can be provided with power supply type PD, PF, PM.

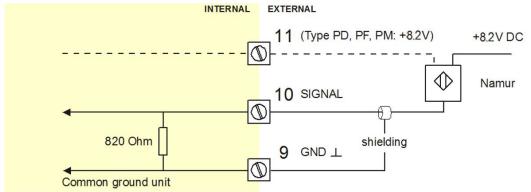


Fig. 22: Terminal connections - NAMUR signal input (typical)

Terminal 26-31: type CB / CH / CI / CT - communication RS232 / RS485 / TTL (option)

For connections, refer to figure: Overview of terminal connectors - Standard configuration and options Full serial communications and computer control in accordance with RS232 (length of cable max. 15 meters) or RS485 (length of cable max. 1200 meters) is possible.

When using the RS232 communication option, terminal 27 is used for supplying the interface. Please connect the DTR (or the RTS) signal of the interface to this terminal and set it active (+12V). If no active signal is available it is possible to connect a separate supply between terminals 26 and 27 with a voltage between 8V and 24V.

Terminal 00 - 01: type ZB backlight (option):

If the unit is supplied with a power supply:

- type PD, PF or PM, the backlight supply is integrated.
- type PX, use the terminals 00 and 01 to supply the backlight.

The backlight intensity is set in the setup menu: Display.

5.



INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPLICATIONS

- For the combined connection of the different supply, input and output circuits, the instructions in this manual must be observed. From the safety point of view the circuits shall be considered to be connected to earth.
- Certificates, safety values, control drawing and declaration of compliance can be found in the document named: "Fluidwell F1..-..-XI Documentation for Intrinsic safety".
- For installation under ATEX directive: this Intrinsically safe device must be installed in accordance with the latest ATEX directive and product certificate KEMA 03ATEX1074 X.
- For installation under IECEx scheme: this Intrinsically safe device must be installed in accordance the product certificate IECEx DEK 11.0042X.
- Exchange of Intrinsically safe battery FWLiBAT-0xx with certificate number KEMA 03ATEX1071 U or IECEx KEM 08.0005U is allowed in Hazardous Area. Read chapter 6 for battery replacement instructions.
- When the enclosure of the F115-P is made of aluminum alloy, when used in a potentially explosive atmosphere requiring apparatus of EPL Ga, the indicator shall be installed so, that even in the event of rare incidents, an ignition source due to impact or friction sparks between the enclosure and iron/steel is excluded.
- When two or more active Intrinsically safe circuits are connected to the indicator, in order to prevent voltage and/or current addition, applicable to the external circuits, precautions must be taken to separate the Intrinsically safe circuits in accordance with EN 60079-11.
- To maintain the degree of protection of at least IP65 in accordance with IEC 60529, suitable cable entries and blanking elements must be used and correctly installed.
- For enclosures and windows with a high surface resistance, potential charging hazard exists. Do not rub these surfaces of the indicator. Clean window and enclosure only with a lint-free cleaning cloth made damp with a mild soap solution.
- Chapter 4 shows general information regarding the electrical installation of your indicator. This chapter gives additional specific information regarding Intrinsically safe installation and overrules the information given in chapter 4.



- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Make sure, the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams. Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" in the front of this manual.



- Special conditions for safe use mentioned in both the certificate and the installation instructions must be observed for the connection of power to both input and / or output circuits.
- When installing this device in hazardous areas, the wiring and installation must comply with the appropriate installation standards for your industry.
- Study the following pages with wiring diagrams per classification.

Serial number and year of production

This information can be looked-up in the setup menu: Others.



Fig. 23: Example serial number (typical)

Label information pulse input type – F1xx-..-.XI (inside and outside the enclosure)

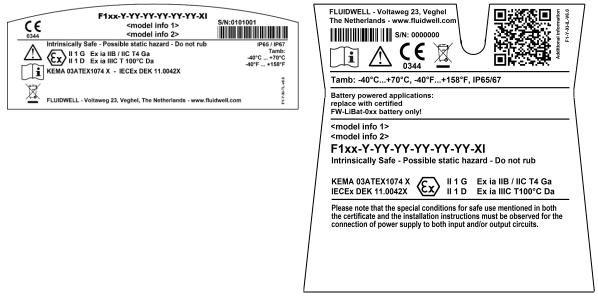


Fig. 24: Label information - Intrinsically safe application (typical)

TERMINAL CONNECTORS INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPLICATIONS

The unit is classified as group IIB/IIIC by default

Classification of the unit as group IIC is only possible under the following conditions: The indicator is either supplied by

• the internal supply (type PC);

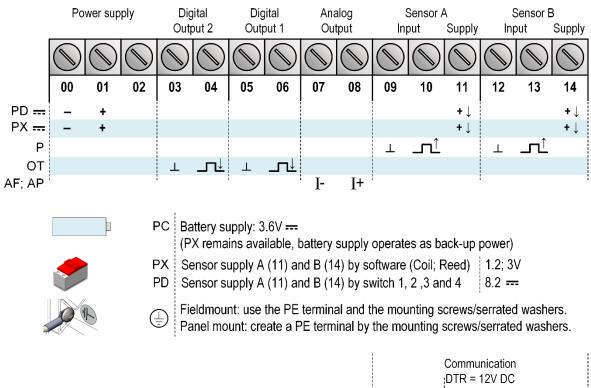
5.2.

Note !

- the external supply connected to terminals 0 and 1 (type PD);
- the circuit supply connected to terminals 7 and 8 (type AP);
- The maximum values for any of those circuits are those as defined for group IIB/IIIC;
- No other active external Intrinsically safe circuits may be connected to the indicator, with exception of circuits connected to terminals 3 and 4 and/or terminals 5 and 6; the maximum values for any of those circuits are those as defined for group IIB/IIIC.

Terminal connectors F115-P-...-XI:

For intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.



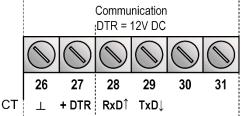


Fig. 25: Overview terminal connectors XI - Intrinsically safe applications

Explanation Intrinsically safe options:

Type AF – Intrinsically safe floating 4-20mA analog output:

A <u>floating 4-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 30V DC.

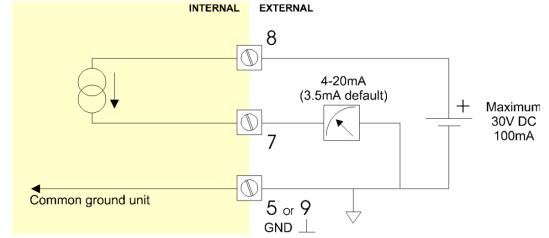


Fig. 26: Terminal connections - Intrinsically safe floating 4-20mA analog output (typical)

For type PD-XI: It is possible to supply the sensor with different voltages. You can set the voltage with the switches. Internal power is only applicable for low power sensors (Coil, Reed). The sensor supply is set by the firmware: 1.2V DC or 3V DC. External power is only available when the main external power supply is connected. The sensor supply voltage is fixed: 8.2V DC.

Set the sensor supply

- 1. Make the F115-P safe. If applicable, mind the battery power.
- 2. Open the F115-P and carefully remove the cable-connectors and the protective cover.
- 3. Find and set the switches and select the V_{out} as required.
- 4. Close the protective cover and install the cable connectors.
- 5. Close the F115-P.



Risk of electrocution - High voltage!

Make sure, all the leads to the terminals are disconnected from the F115-P and NEVER connect the mains power supply to the unit when the protection cover has been removed!

Type PD-XI	Power supply in: 16-30V DC / max. 1W		
	Sensor		Sensor supply out
	Α	В	
	1	2	
on off on off	off	off	Coil 1.2V DC; <1mA
			Reed 3V DC; <1mA
FW-PD-000002-001-EN	on	on	8.2V DC; 7mA (max)
Switch location (typical)			

Fig. 27: Switch position voltage selection type PD-XI

5.3. CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPLICATIONS

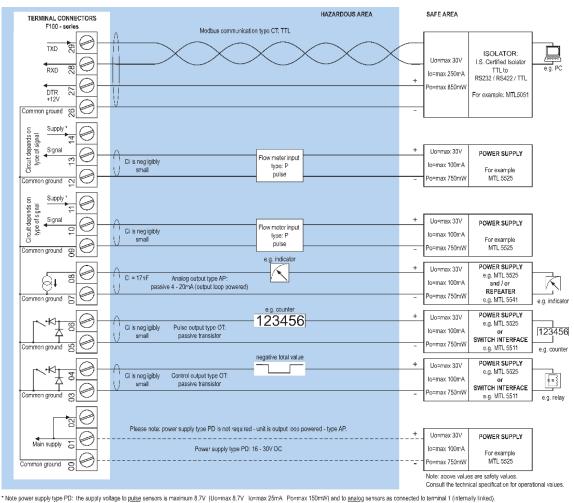
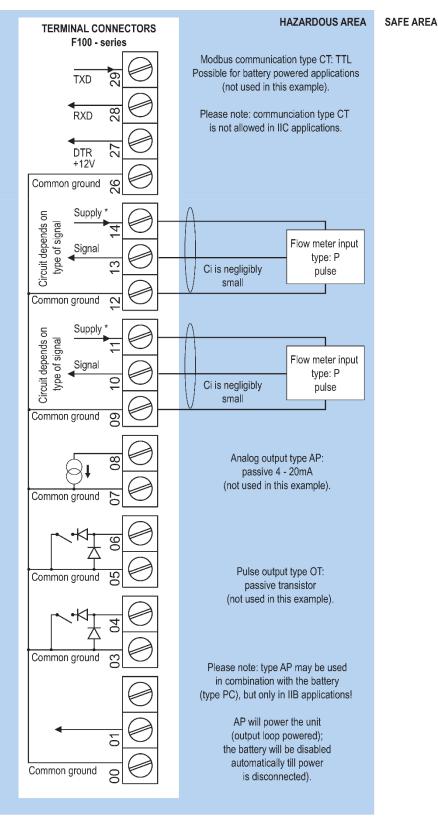
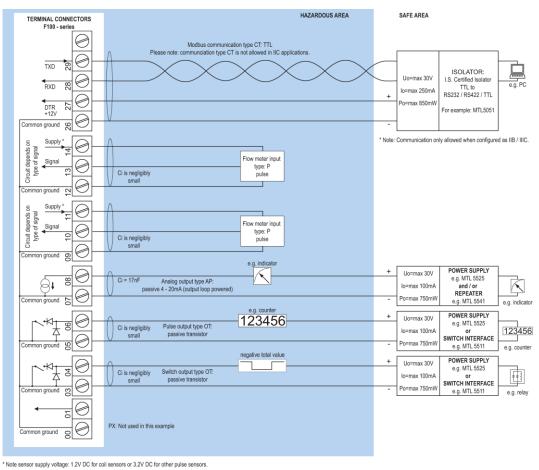


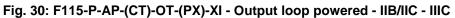
Fig. 28: F115-P-AP-CT-OT-(PD)-XI - External power supply - IIB/IIC – IIIC



* Note sensor supply voltage: 1.2V DC for coil sensors or 3.2V DC for other pulse sensors.

Fig. 29: F115-P-(AP)-(CT)-(OT)-PC-XI - Battery powered - IIB/IIC - IIIC





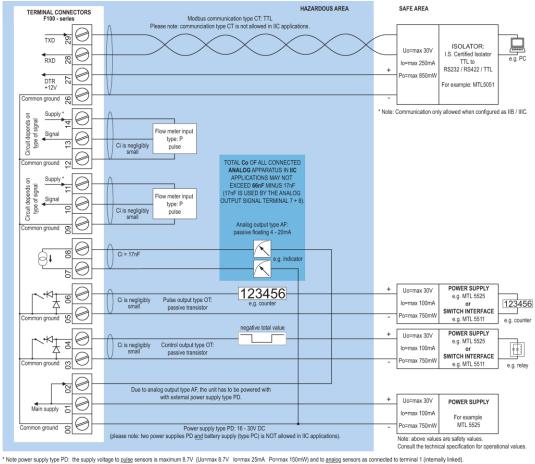


Fig. 31: F115-P-AF-(CT)-OT-PD-XI - External power supply - IIB/IIC – IIIC

5.4 BATTERY REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

5.4.1. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



- Handle the battery with care. A mistreated battery can become unsafe. Unsafe batteries can cause (serious) injury to persons.
- Only use batteries which are certified for use in hazardous areas. The use of standard batteries in hazardous area's is not safe and prohibited. Batteries that are regarded as unsafe can cause (serious) injury to persons and damage to the property.
- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.



- Only use batteries which are certified for use in hazardous areas. The use of standard batteries in hazardous area's is not safe and prohibited. Batteries that are regarded as unsafe can cause (serious) injury to persons and damage to the property.
- Caution ! For use in hazardous areas we advise to apply FW-LiBAT batteries only.

5.4.2. REPLACE THE BATTERY (HAZARDOUS AREA)

The batteries are used to store electrical energy. The battery is a high power battery which must be treated carefully. When the battery is mistreated or damaged, there is a risk of a fire, an explosion and serious burns.

- 1. Mind that you cannot switch off a battery.
- 2. Make sure, it is safe to work on the battery system.
- 3. Handle the battery with the utmost care to prevent a short circuit and damage.
- 4. Do not recharge, crush, disassemble, incinerate, heat above its rated temperature or expose the contents to water.
- 5. Dispose of the battery in accordance with the (inter)national, the manufacturer's and the plant owner's standards and regulations.
- 6. Read and understand the instructions.
- 7. Get approval from the safety officer to do the work.
- 8. Lock-out/Tag-out the unit and related system.
- 9. Make sure, it is safe to do the work.



REMOVE THE BATTERY

- 1. If necessary, clean the housing with an anti-static cloth made damp with a mild soap solution.
- 2. Let the enclosure dry onto the air.
- 3. Carefully, open the enclosure.
- Keep the removed parts in a clean location.
- 5. Get access to the battery.
- 6. Find the battery connector and disconnect the battery from the unit.
- 7. Remove and keep the battery from the unit.
- 8. Install an insulation tape over the battery connector to prevent a short circuit.

5.4.3. DISPOSAL OF BATTERIES

INSTALL THE BATTERY

- 1. Make sure, the new battery is certified for use in the unit.
- 2. Work as clean as possible, to prevent contamination to enter the unit.
- 3. Carefully, install the battery.
- 4. Make sure, the battery is correctly locked into the battery holder.
- 5. Install the battery connector.
- 6. Carefully assemble the unit and close the enclosure.
- 7. With the enclosure carefully closed, do a test of the unit.
- If necessary, get access to the setup menu and make any adjustments to obtain the correct settings.
- Batteries pose an environmental hazard.
 - Do not dispose of as general waste or incinerate.
 - Return used batteries to a recycling point.

6. MAINTENANCE

6.1. GENERAL DIRECTIONS

- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Make sure, the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams. Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" in the front of this manual.

The F115-P does not require special maintenance unless it is used in low-temperature applications or surroundings with high humidity (above 90% annual mean). It is the users responsibility to take all precautions to dehumidify the internal atmosphere of the F115-P in such a way that no condensation will occur, e.g. to put a dose of desiccant (drying agent) inside the enclosure just before closing it. Furthermore, it is required to replace the desiccant periodically as advised by its supplier.

Battery life-time:

It is influenced by several issues :

- Type of sensor (read chapter 3): NPN and PNP inputs consume more energy than coil inputs;
- Input frequency: the higher the frequency, the shorter the battery life-time;
- Analog output signal; be sure that an external power supply is connected or that the function is disabled if not in use; or else it will have a major influence on the battery life-time;
- Display update: fast display update uses significantly more power;
- Pulse output and communications;
- Low temperatures; the available power will be less due to battery chemistry.



Caution !

It is strongly advised to disable the unused functions.

Check periodically:

- The condition of the enclosure, cable glands and front panel.
- The input/output wiring for reliability and aging symptoms.
- The process accuracy. As a result of wear and tear, re-calibration of the flowmeter might be necessary. Do not forget to re-enter any subsequent K-Factor alterations.
- The indication for low-battery.
- Clean window and enclosure only with a lint-free cleaning cloth made damp with a mild soap solution.. Do not use any aggressive solvents as these might damage the coating.

6.2 REPAIR

This product cannot be repaired by the user and must be replaced with an equivalent certified product. Repairs should only be carried out by the manufacturer or his authorized agent.

6.3. REPAIR POLICY

If you have any problem with your Fluidwell product and you wish to repair it, please follow the procedure below:

- a. Obtain a Return Material Authorization (RMA) from your supplier or distributor Together with the RMA, you need to complete a repair form to submit detailed information about the problem.
- b. Send the product, within 30 days, to the address provided with the RMA. The physical return of your repair can only take place after the authorization of your repair application, as confirmed by the RMA number.

If the product is within the warranty period, it will be repaired or exchanged and returned within three weeks. If the product is no longer under warranty, you will receive a repair estimate.

APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION GENERAL

Type High intensity reflective numeric and alphanumeric LCD, UV-resistant. Digits Seven ITrm (0.67) and deven 8mm (0.31). Various symbols and measuring units. Refersh rate User definable: 8 times/sec - 30 secs. Type ZB LCD with LED backlight. Improved readdability in full sunlight and darkness. Power requirements: 12 24V DC - 10% or type PD, PF, PM. Power consumption max. 1 Watt. General Die cast aluminum or GRP (Glassfibre Reinforced Polyamide) enclosure with Polycarbonate window, silicone gaskets. UV stabilized and fame retardant material. Panetosures Penetomide enclosure only: UV-resistant 300me keypad. Panetonout enclosures Penetonout enclosure only: UV-resistant 300me keypad. Panetonout enclosures IPS6 / TYPE 4(X) GRP panel-mount enclosure IPS6 / TYPE 4(X) GRP panel-mount enclosure IPS6 / TYPE 4(X) Munimum enclosures IPS6 / TYPE 4(X) Munimum enclosures<	GENERAL	
Digits Seven 17mm (0.67) and eleven 8mm (0.31). Various symbols and measuring units. Refersh rate User definable. 8 lineskec - 30 accs. Type ZB LCD with LED backlight. Improved readability in full sunlight and darkness. Power requirements. 12 24V DC + 10% or type PD, FP, PM. Power consumption max. 1 Watt. Enclosures De-cast aluminum or GRP (Glassfibre Reinforced Polyamide) enclosure with Polycarbonate window, silcone gaskets. UV stabilized and fame retardant material. Control Keys Three industrial micro-switch keys. UV-resistant silcone keypad. Panelendurut enclosures Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 60mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.38°) – LxHxD. Panel durut Type HD Off YTPE 4X0 (15 x 98mm (4.53° x 3.86°) LxH. Type HD GRR panel-mount enclosure Classification Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 76mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.95°) – LxHxD. Pield/Wall-mount enclosures Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 76mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.95°) – LxHxD. Pielding: 10 x 20. Type HD Dilling: 2 x PGP - 1 x M20. Type HD Dilling: 2 x PGP - 1 x M20. Type HD Dilling: 2 x PGP - 1 x M20. Type HD Dilling: 3 x 22mm (0.87) – 1 x 20mm (0.78°). Type HD Dilling: 3 x 22mm (0.63°) – 1 x 20mm (0.78°). Type HD Dilling: 2 x 20mm (0.63°). Type HD Dilling: 2 x 20mm (0.63°) – 1 x 20mm	Display	
Refresh rate User definable: 8 times/sec - 30 secs. Type ZB LCO WH LED backlight. Improved readability in full sunlight and darkness. Power requirements: 12-24V DC + 10% or type PD, PF, PM. Power consumption max. 1 Watt. General Die-cast aluminum or GRP (Glassfibre Reinforced Polyamide) enclosure with Polycarbonate window, silicone gaskets. UV stabilized and fiame retardant material. The industrial micro-switch keys. UV-resistant 3/icone keypad. Painting Auminum enclosure only: UV-resistant 3/icone keypad. Panel-mount enclosures Dirensions: 30 x 120 x 60mm (6.10° x 4.72° x 2.38°) – LxHxD. Panel-mount enclosures Dirensions: 130 x 120 x 75mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.95°) – LxHxD. Fled/wall-mount enclosures Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 75mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.95°) – LxHxD. Fled/wall-mount enclosures Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 75mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.95°) – LxHxD. Type HD Dilling: 2x M50 – 1x M20. Type HD Dilling: 2x M50 – 1x M20. Type HD Dilling: 2x M50 – 1x M20. Type HD Dilling: 3x XVPT. Type HD Dilling: 3x XVPT. Type HD Dilling: 3x XVPT. Type HD Dilling: 3x 22mm (0.78°). Type HD Dilling: 3x 22mm (0.78°). Type HD Dilling: 3x 22mm (0.78°).		
Type ZB LCD with LED backlight. Improved readability in full sunlight and darkness. Power requirements: 12:24V DC + 10% or type PD, FF, PM. Power consumption max. 1 Watt. Enclosures Die-cast aluminum or GRP (Glassfibre Reinforced Polyamide) enclosure with Polycarbonate window, silcone gaskets. UV stabilized and fame retardant material. Control (key) Three industrial micro-switch keys. UV-resistant silcone keypad. Painting. Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 60mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.38°) – LxHxD. Panel enclosures Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 60mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.38°) – LxHxD. Perel-mount enclosures Type HB Aluminum panel-mount enclosure Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 75mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.95°) – LxHxD. Fieldwall-mount enclosures Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 75mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.95°) – LxHxD. Perel-mount enclosures Type HD Dilling: 2 x PG9 – 1x M20. Type HM Dilling: 2 x PG9 - 1x M20. Type HM Drilling: 2 x PG9 - 1x M20. Type HM Drilling: 2 x NP1. Type HD Drilling: 2 x PG9 - 1x M20. Type HD Drilling: 3 x SNP1. Type HD Drilling: 3 x SNP1. Type HD Drilling: 3 x SNP1. Type HD Drilling: 2 x 20mm (0.63°) – 1x 20mm (0.78°). Type HD Type HD Drilling: 2 x 20mm (0.63°) – 1x 20mm (0.78°). Type HD		
Power requirements: 12:24V DC + 10% or type PD, PF, PM. Power consumption max. 1 Watt. Enclosures General Die-cast aluminum or GRP (Glassfibre Reinforced Polyamide) enclosure with Polycarbonate window, silicone gaskets. UV stabilized and flame retardant material. Control Keys Three industrial micro-switch Keys. UV-resistant 12:00none Keypad. Panel-mount enclosures Die-cast 120 x 60mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.38°) – LxHxD. Panel-mount enclosures Die Cast 120 x 60mm (5.10° x 4.72° x 2.38°) – LxHxD. Pred-filter Filter Filter Panel-mount enclosures Type HB Aluminum panel-mount enclosure Type HA Difling: 2x FQP - 1 x M20. Type HA Type HA Difling: 2x FQP - 1 x M20. Type HD Type HA Difling: 2x FQP - 1 x M20. Type HD Type HD Difling: 2x FQP - 1 x M20. Type HD Type HD Difling: 2x 700. Type HD Type HD Difling: 2x 700. Type HD Type HD Difling: 2x 20mm (0.78°). Type HD Type HD Difling: 2x 20mm (0.78°). Type HD Type HD Difling: 2x 20mm (0.78°). Type HD Type HD		
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Type PCIntrinsically safe lithium battery - life-time depends upon settings - up to 5 years.Type PD8-24V AC / 8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 5 Watt.Type PD-ZB10-24V AC / 12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 5 Watt.Type PD-XI16-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1 Watt.Type PF15-24V AC / 20-30V DC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PM115-230V AC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PX8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Type PX-ZB12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Type PX-XI8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Note I.S. applicationsFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Sensor excitationType PDType PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PF./PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Type PF /PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.		
Type PD8-24V AC / 8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 5 Watt.Type PD-ZB10-24V AC / 12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 5 Watt.Type PD-XI16-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1 Watt.Type PF15-24V AC / 20-30V DC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PM115-230V AC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PX8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Type PX-ZB12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1.5 Watt.Type PX-XI8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Type PX-XI8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Note I.S. applicationsFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Sensor excitation1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Type PF / PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Terminal connections1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.		
Type PD-XI16-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1 Watt.Type PF15-24V AC / 20-30V DC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PM115-230V AC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PX8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Type PX-ZB12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1.5 Watt.Type PX-XI8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Note I.S. applicationsFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Sensor excitationType PDType PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PF / PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Terminal connectionsTerminal connections		
Type PF15-24V AC / 20-30V DC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PM115-230V AC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PX8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Type PX-ZB12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1.5 Watt.Type PX-XI8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Note I.S. applicationsFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Sensor excitationType PDType PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PF / PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Terminal connectionsFor Intrinsically Safe Safety Consumption Safety Consumption	Type PD-ZB	10-24V AC / 12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 5 Watt.
Type PM115-230V AC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.Type PX8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Type PX-ZB12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1.5 Watt.Type PX-XI8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Note I.S. applicationsFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Sensor excitationFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Type PB / PC / PX3V DC for low power pulse signals and 1.2V DC for coil pick-up.Type PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PD-XIIntrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC.Type PF / PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.	Type PD-XI	
Type PX8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Type PX-ZB12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1.5 Watt.Type PX-XI8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Note I.S. applicationsFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Sensor excitationType PB / PC / PXType PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PD-XIIntrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC.Type PF / PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Terminal connectionsTerminal connections		
Type PX-ZB 12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1.5 Watt. Type PX-XI 8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt. Note I.S. applications For Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate. Sensor excitation Type PB / PC / PX Type PD 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DC Type PD-XI Intrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC. Type PF / PM 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.		
Type PX-XI8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.Note I.S. applicationsFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Sensor excitationType PB / PC / PXType PB / PC / PX3V DC for low power pulse signals and 1.2V DC for coil pick-up.Type PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PD-XIIntrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC.Type PF / PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Terminal connectionsTerminal connections		
Note I.S. applicationsFor Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.Sensor excitationType PB / PC / PX3V DC for low power pulse signals and 1.2V DC for coil pick-up.Type PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PD-XIIntrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC.Type PF / PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Terminal connections		
Sensor excitationType PB / PC / PX3V DC for low power pulse signals and 1.2V DC for coil pick-up.Type PD1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DCType PD-XIIntrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC.Type PF / PM1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.Terminal connectionsTerminal connections		
Type PB / PC / PX 3V DC for low power pulse signals and 1.2V DC for coil pick-up. Type PD 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DC Type PD-XI Intrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC. Type PF / PM 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC. Terminal connections Terminal connections		For Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.
Type PD 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DC Type PD-XI Intrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC. Type PF / PM 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC. Terminal connections Terminal connections		
Type PD-XI Intrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC. Type PF / PM 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC. Terminal connections Terminal connections		
Type PF / PM 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC. Terminal connections		
Terminal connections		
		1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.
rype: Removable plug-in terminal strip. wire max. 1.5mm ² and 2.5mm ²	Туре:	Removable plug-in terminal strip. Wire max. 1.5mm ² and 2.5mm ²

Data protection							
Туре	EEPROM backup of all settings. Backup of running totals every minute.						
	Data retention at least 10 years.						
Password	Configuration settings can be password protect	ed.					
Hazardous area							
Intrinsically safe	ATEX approval :	IECEx approval :					
Type XI	Ex II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC T4 Ga	Ex ia IIB/IIC T4 Ga					
	II 1 D Ex ia IIIC T100°C Da	Ex ia IIIC T100°C Da					
Explosion proof	ATEX approval ref: 🖾 II 2 EEx d IIB T5. Weigh						
Type XD/XF	Dimensions of enclosure: 350 x 250 x 200mm ((13.7" x 9.9" x 7.9") LxHxD.					
Directives/Standards							
EMC	EN 61326-1; FCC 47 CFR part 15						
LVD	EN/IEC 61010-1						
ATEX / IECEx	EN/IEC 60079-0; EN/IEC 60079-11						
RoHS	EN 50581						
IP & NEMA	EN 60529; NEMA 250						

INPUTS

npn; npn-lp; reed; reed-lp; pnp; pnp-lp; namur; coil-hi; coil-lo; 8-1 DC; 12 DC; 24 DC
Minimum 0 Hz - maximum 7 kHz for total and flow rate.
Maximum frequency depends on signal type and internal low-pass filter.
E.g. Reed switch with low-pass filter: max. frequency 120 Hz.
0.000010 - 9999999 with variable decimal position.
npn-lp; reed-lp; pnp-lp

OUTPUTS	
Analog output	
Function	transmitting flow rate
Accuracy	10 bit. Error < 0.05% - update 10 times a second.
	Software function to calibrate the 4.00mA and 20.00mA levels precisely within set-up.
Load	max. 1 kOhm
Туре АА	Active 4-20mA output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).
Type AB	Active 0-20mA output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).
Type AF	Passive floating 4-20mA output for Intrinsically safe applications (requires type PC or PD).
Type Al	Passive galvanic isolated output (requires type PB, PD, PF, PL or PM).
Type AP	Passive 4-20mA output - output loop powered
Type AU	Active 0-10V output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).
Transistor output(s)	
Function	two pulse outputs - transmitting positive (and negative) flow rate.
Pulse output	Max. frequency 500Hz. Pulse length user definable between 0.001 up to 9.999 seconds.
Туре ОА	Two active 24V DC transistor outputs; max. 50mA per output (requires type AA + PD, PF or PM).
Type OR	Two mechanic relay outputs; max. switch power 230V AC - 0,5A (requires type PD or PM).
Туре ОТ	Two passive transistor outputs - not isolated. Load max. 50V DC - 300mA.
Communication option	
Protocol	bus-rtu; bus-asc
Speed	1200; 2400; 4800; 9600
Addressing	1 - 247
Туре СВ	RS232
Туре СН	RS485 2-wire
Type CI	RS485 4-wire
Туре СТ	TTL Intrinsically Safe communication.
Type CX	no communication.

OPERATIONAL	
Operator functions	
Displayed functions	differential total and/or flow rate
	 differential total and non resettable accumulated total
	total A forward flow
	total B reverse flow
	differential total can be reset to zero by pressing the CLEAR-key twice.
Totals	
Digits	7 digits.
Units	L; m ³ ; kg; lb; GAL; USGAL; bbl; no unit
Decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
Note	differential total can be reset to zero.
Accumulated total	
Digits	11 digits.
Units / decimals	according to selection for total.
Flow rate	
Digits	7 digits.
Units	mL; L; m ³ ; mg; g; kg; ton; gal; bbl; lb; cf; rev; (no unit); scf; nm ³ ; nL; p
Decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
Time units	/sec; /min; /hour; /day

APPENDIX B: PROBLEM SOLVING

In this appendix, several problems are included that can occur when the F115-P is going to be installed or while it is in operation.

Not possible to set the K-Factor for flowmeter B:

Check:

Single / Dual selection selection, select dual to enter separate K-Factor for flow B.

Flowmeter does not generate pulses:

Check:

- Signal selection;
- Pulse amplitude;
- Flowmeter, wiring and connection of terminal connectors;
- Power supply of flowmeter.

Flowmeter generates "too many pulses":

Check:

- Settings for total and Flow rate;
- Type of signal selected with actual signal generated;
- Sensitivity of coil input;
- Proper grounding of the F115-P;
- Use screened wire for flowmeter signals and connect screen to terminal 9. (unless connected at sensor).

Analog output does not function properly:

Check:

- is the analog output enabled?
- are the flow-levels programmed correctly?
- connection of the external power-supply according to the specification.

Pulse output does not function:

Check:

- amount: pulse per "x" quantity; is the value programmed reasonable and will the maximum output be under 20Hz?
- width; is the external device able to recognize the selected pulse width and frequency?

Flow rate displays "0 / zero" while there is flow (total is counting):

Check:

- are the K-Factor and time unit correct?
- The unit has to count the number of pulses according to setup 26 within the time according to setup 27. Make sure, setup 27 is set to 10.0 seconds for example : the result is that the unit has at least 10 seconds time to measure the number of pulses according to setup 26.

The password is unknown:

If the password is not 1234, there is only one possibility left: call your supplier.

ALARM

When the alarm flag starts to blink an internal alarm condition has occurred. Press the "select button" several times to display the error code. When multiple errors arise at the same time, their error codes are added and their sum is shown. The digital [d] codes are:

Not recoverable by the end user:

- [d] 0 = no error;
- [d] 1 = display error;
- [d] 2 = data-storage error;
- [d] 3 = error 1 + error 2 simultaneously;
- [d] 4 =: initialization error.

For a not recoverable error, keep the error code at hand and contact your supplier.

APPENDIX C: COMMUNICATION VARIABLES

General

The product is fitted with the Modbus communication protocol and can be equipped with various physical interfaces like RS485 and RS232 (please see device datasheet for available options). The tables below show the various variables that can be accessed through the communication. Currently, the function codes supported are:

• function code 3 "Read Holding Registers" (4x references);

• function code 16 "Preset Multiple Registers" (4x references).

The table below shows the Modbus PDU addresses in a decimal format, followed by its hexadecimal representation (0x0000). When the PLC address range is required (4x references are typically used by PLCs), please add a value of 40001 to the Modbus PDU address. E.g. reading the serial number of the product with PLC-based addressing means: 165 + 40001 = register 40166.

The variables that consist of a multiple register must always read/write in 1 single action! *Refer to the illustration:*

For this example it is assumed that the variable accumulated total has 3 registers (words) with address 566, 567 and 568. When a transmission is done, register 566, which acts as the MSW, arrives first with bit 15 which is the MSB of the lowest addressed word, but is also the MSB (bit 47) of the complete variable that represents the Accumulated total.

Although most Modbus Masters will support variables that span 2 registers, variables spanning more registers sometimes require you to manually calculate the resulting value.

MSW		ACCU	MULATED TOTAL		LSW
REGISTER 566	[d] 00001 [h] 0001	REGISTER 567	[d] 45236 [h] b0b4	REGISTER 568	[d] 34756 [h] 87c4
15		0 15		0 15	0
MSB					LSB
47		32 31		16 15	0
	ACCUMU	-	-	7296] + [register 567* 6	5536] + [register 568*1] =

[d] ACCUMULATED TOTAL: [00001 * 4294967296] + [45236 * 65536] + [34756*1] = 7259588540 [h] ACCUMULATED TOTAL: 0x[0001] [b0b4] [87c4] = 1B0B487BC

For additional information regarding using your Modbus device, please read our 'General Modbus Communication Protocol' and 'Modbus troubleshooting guide' that are available through our website or your distributor.

Runtime variables

FW-F000-000032-002-ML

PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
[d] 572 [h] 0x23C	40573	Flow rate A	2	r	uint32	099999999, Representation: unit, time
[d] 566 [h] 0x236	40567	Total A	3	r*	uint48	099999999999, Representation: unit
[d] 560 [h] 0x230	40561	Accumulated Total A	3	r	uint48	09999999999999999, Representation: unit
[d] 588 [h] 0x24C	40589	Flow rate B	2	r	uint32	099999999, Representation: unit, time
[d] 1078 [h] 0x436	41079	Total B	3	r*	uint48	09999999999999999, Representation: unit
[d] 1072 [h] 0x430	41073	Accumulated Total B	3	r	uint48	0999999999999999, Representation: unit
[d] 1596 [h] 0x63C	41597	Differential Flow rate	2	r	uint32	099999999, Representation: unit, time
[d] 1590 [h] 0x636	41591	Differential Total	3	r*	uint48	0999999999999999, Representation: unit
[d] 1584 [h] 0x630	41585	Differential Accumulated Total	3	r	uint48	0999999999999999, Representation: unit
[d] 516 [h] 0x204	40517	error status (bitfield)	1	r	uint16	 [d] 0 = no error [d] 1 = display error [d] 2 = data-storage error [d] 3 = error 1 + error 2 simultaneously [d] 4 =: initialization error

<u>Reading differential flow rate, total or accumulated total</u>: The returned values are given including the decimals and represent the actual value. The given value may differ from the value that is displayed on the display – this is due to the fact that the display is limited in the number of digits and may have a slower update rate set.

For example when two decimals are selected for total and total has a value of 123456,78 the display will show 23456,78 while communication will read a "total" of 12345678 (note that the decimals should be adapted according the setting in "total decimals" which is in this case 2).

* <u>Clearing total:</u> It is possible to clear the total counter by means of writing a value of 0 to all the 3 registers of total/flow rate in a single write action. Writing any other value will result in the reply of an error message because the registers of total/flow rate are during operation read-only.

PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE TOTAL A	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REN	MARKS		
[d] 32 [h] 0x020	40033	unit	1	r/w	uint16	0=none 1=L 2= m ³	4	l=kg l= lb i=GAL	6= USGAL 7=bbl
d] 33 h] 0x021	40034	decimals	1	r/w	uint16	03			
[d] 34 [h] 0x022	40035	K-factor	2	r/w	uint32	199999999 Representat variable 37:			epending or
[d] 37 [h] 0x025	40038	decimals K-factor	1	r/w	uint16	06			
PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE FLOW RATE A	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REN	MARKS		
[d] 48 [h] 0x030	40049	Unit	1	r/w	uint16	0=mL 1=L 2= m ³ 3=mg	4=g 5=kg 6=ton 7=GAL	8=bbl 9=lb 10=cf 11=rev	12=none 13=scf 14=NM ³ 15=NL 16=P
d] 49 h] 0x031	40050	time	1	r/w	uint16	0=/sec	1=/min	2=/hour	3=/day
d] 50 h] 0x032	40051	decimals	1	r/w	uint16	03			
d] 51 h] 0x033	40052	K-factor	2	r/w	uint32			tation: 0.0000 54: decimals l	1099999999 K-factor.
d] 54 h] 0x036	40055	decimals K-factor	1	r/w	uint16	06			
d] 55 h] 0x037	40056	calculate	1	r/w	uint32	1255			
d] 56 h] 0x038	40057	cut-off	2	r/w	uint16	19999 Representat	ion: 0.1 - 9	99.9 sec	

Setup variables

When in the flowmeter menu the parameter K-Factor is set to single, the K-Factor for Total B is the same as the K-Factor as set for Total A. Note that Writing to the register is prohibited for 'single'.

PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE TOTAL B	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
[d] 40 [h] 0x028	40041	K-factor	2	r/w	uint32	199999999 Representation: 0.00001099999999 depending on variable 43: decimals K-factor.
[d] 43 [h] 0x02b	40044	decimals K-factor	1	r/w	uint16	06



Vote !

When in the flowmeter menu the parameter K-Factor is set to single, the K-Factor for Flow rate B is the same as the K-Factor as set for Total A. Note that Writing to the register is prohibited for 'single'.

PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE FLOW RATE B	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS		
[d] 227 [h] 0x0E3	40228	K-factor	2	r/w	uint32	199999999 Representation: 0.00001099999999 depending on variable 43: decimals K-factor.		
[d] 230 [h] 0x0E6	40231	decimals K-factor	1	r/w	uint16	06		
PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE DISPLAY	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS		
[d] 64 [h] 0x040	40065	display function	1	r/w	uint16	0=total 1=flow rate 2=all		
[d] 65 [h] 0x041	40066	Show A-B	1	r/w	uint16	0=disable 1=enable		

PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE FLOW RATE B	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALU	E / REMARKS		
[d] 67 [h] 0x043	40068	Backlight brightness	1	r/w	uint16		0=0% (off) 2=40% 4=80% 1=20% 3=60% 5=100%		
PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE POWER MANAGEMENT	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALU	VALUE / REMARKS		
[d] 80 [h] 0x050	40081	LCD update time	1	r/w	uint16	1=1se	ec 3=15sec	4=30sec 5=off	
[d] 81 [h] 0x051	40082	power mode	1	r/w	uint16		erational 1=shelf		
PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE FLOWMETER	NO. REGISTE	RS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS		
[d] 96 [h] 0x060	40097	flowmeter signal A	1		r/w	uint16	0=NPN 4=PNP 1=NPN LP 5=PNP LP 2=Reed 6=NAMUR 3=Reed LP 7=coil hi		
[d] 97 [h] 0x061	40098	flowmeter signal B	1		r/w	uint16	0=NPN 4=PNP 1=NPN LP 5=PNP LP 2=Reed 6=NAMUR 3=Reed LP 7=coil hi		
[d] 252 [h] 0x0FC	40253	bidirectional	1			uint16		nable	
[d] 253 [h] 0x0FD	40254	phase	1		r/w	uint16	0=90 degrees 1=2	70 degrees	
[d] 73 [h] 0x049	40074	count negative	1			uint16		nable	
[d] 254 [h] 0x0FE	40255	K-factor	1			uint16	0=Single 1=D		
[d] 140 [h] 0x08C	40141	calculate	1			uint16	0=diff 1=a	dd	
PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE ANALOG	NO. REGISTER	S	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS		
[d] 112 [h] 0x070	40113	output	1			uint16	0=disable 1=ei	nable	
[d] 113 [h] 0x071	40114	rate-min	2			uint32	09999999 Representation: unit, tin depending on variables		
[d] 125 [h] 0x07D	40126	rate-min, sign	1			uint16	,	egative (-)	
[d] 116 [h] 0x074	40117	rate-max	2			uint32	09999999 Representation: unit, tin depending on variables	48, 49, 50	
[d] 126 [h] 0x07E	40127	rate-max, sign	1		R/W	uint16	0=positive (+) 1=ne	egative (-)	
[d] 124 [h] 0x07C	40125	rate-sel	1		r/w	uint8	1=absolute 3=ra	ate A ate B	
[d] 119 [h] 0x077	40120	cut off	1			uint16	099 Representation: 0.0 – 9	.9%	
[d] 120 [h] 0x078	40121	tune-min	1			uint16	09999		
[d] 122 [h] 0x07A [d] 127	40123 40128	tune-max filter	1			ulnt16 uint16	09999		
[d] 127 [h] 0x07F PDU	REGISTER	VARIABLE	NO.			TYPE			
ADDRESS		PULSE	REGISTERS	S			VALUE / REMARKS		
[d] 135 [h] 0x087	40136	mode	1			uint16	0=not negative 1=sep	arated 2=signed	
[d] 128 [h] 0x080	40129	width	1			uint16	09999 Representation: 0.001 -	- 9.999 sec	
[d] 133 [h] 0x085	40134	decimals	1			uint16	03		
[d] 130 [h] 0x082	40131	amount	2		R/W	uint32	19999999 Representation: 0.001 - depending on variable 1		

PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE COMMUNICATION	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS		
[d] 144 [h] 0x090	40145	speed (Baudrate)	1	r/w	uint16	0=1200 1=2400 2=4800	3=9600 4=9600HP 5=19200	6=38400
[d] 145 [h] 0x091	40146	Modbus address	1	r/w	uint16	1247		
[d] 146 [h] 0x092	40147	Modbus mode	1	r/w	uint16	0=ASCII	1=RTU	2=Off
[d] 247 [h] 0x0F7	40248	databits	1	r/w	uint16	0=7bits	1=8bits	
[d] 248 [h] 0x0F8	40249	parity	1	r/w	uint16	0=none	1=even	2=odd

PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE OTHERS	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	ТҮРЕ	VALUE / REMARKS
[d] 173 [h] 0x0AD	40174	model number	1	r	uint16	09999
[d] 160 [h] 0x0A0	40161	model suffix	1	R	char	Representation: ASCII character
[d] 162 [h] 0x0A2	40163	software version	2	r	uint32	0999999 Representation: xx.xx.xx
[d] 165 [h] 0x0A5	40166	serial no.	2	r	uint32	099999999
[d] 168 [h] 0x0A8	40169	password	1	r	uint16	09999
[d] 170 [h] 0x0AA	40171	tag-nr	2	r/w	uint32	099999999

APPENDIX D: DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



Declaration of Conformity

Fluidwell F1-series indicators

Veghel, February 2016

We, Fluidwell BV, declare under our sole responsibility that the F1-series indicators are designed and will operate conform the following applicable European Directives and Harmonised Standards, when installed and operated according to the related manual:

EMC Directive

RoHS Directive Low Voltage Directive **ATEX Directive**

For options -PM or -OR: For option -XI, intrinsically safe:

Certification

Certificates: Notified body 0344:

EN61010-1:2010 EN60079-0:2009; EN60079-11:2007; EN60079-26:2007; EN61241-11:2006 Protective system: @ II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC T4 Ga ll 1 D Ex ia IIIC T100 °C Da IP6X KEMA 03ATEX1074 X, Issue 4 DEKRA Certification BV,

EN61000-6-2:2005; EN61000-6-3:2007;

EN61326-1:2013 EN 50581:2012

Meander 1051, 6825 MJ, Arnhem, the Netherlands.

from April 20th, 2016

2014/30/EU

2011/65/EU

2014/35/EU

2014/34/EU

Last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed: 03.

Remark: compliance is not affected by standards EN60079-0:2012, EN60079-11:2012 and EN60079-26:2015.

The object of the declaration above is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation:

until April 19th, 2016

2004/108/EC

2011/65/EU

2006/95/EC

94/9/EC

EMC Directive **RoHS** Directive Low Voltage Directive **ATEX Directive**

Fluidwell BV

I. Meij, Manager Technology

Fluidwell BV are ISO9001 certified by DEKRA Certification BV, Meander 1051, 6825 MJ, Arnhem, The Netherlands.

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INDEX OF THIS MANUAL

accumulated Total	9 50
analog floating output	34
flowrate min.	
intrinsically safe output	
output loop powered	
tune / calibrate	17
backlight	
density	15
battery life time	
Clear Total	
coil-signal	29
Coil-signal	29
communication	31
family-specific variables	44, 48
Dimension enclosures	
flowmeter	
signal	15
flowrate calculation	14

Installation	
Intrinsic safety	32, 33
Intrinsically Safe options	
IP classification	
maintenance	
NAMUR-signal	
negative total output	
operational	1, 19, 39
operator level	
pass code	43
power supply - loop powered	
Problem solving	
pulse output	
pulse length / period time	18
Pulse-signal NPN/PNP	
rate/Total	
Reed-switch:	
Technical specification	40

LIST OF FIGURES IN THIS MANUAL

Fig. 1: Typical application	6
Fig. 2: Control Panel	
Fig. 3: Process information (typical)	9
Fig. 4: Low-battery alarm (typical)	9
Fig. 5: Aluminum enclosures - Dimensions	. 20
Fig. 6: GRP enclosures - Dimensions	
Fig. 7: Overview of terminal connectors - Standard configuration and options	. 25
Fig. 8: Sensor supply voltage - Switch setting	. 26
Fig. 9: Terminal connections - Active output (typical)	
Fig. 10: Terminal connections - Mechanical relay output (typical)	. 27
Fig. 11: Terminal connections - Passive transistor output (typical)	. 27
Fig. 12: Terminal connections - 4-20mA analog output (typical)	
Fig. 13: Terminal connections - Active 0-20mA analog output (typical)	. 28
Fig. 14: Terminal connections - Isolated 4-20mA analog output (typical)	. 28
Fig. 15: Terminal connections - Passive 4-20mA analog output (typical)	. 29
Fig. 16: Terminal connections - Active 0-10V analog output (typical)	. 29
Fig. 17: Terminal connections - Coil signal input (typical)	
Fig. 18: Terminal connections - NPN signal input (typical)	
Fig. 19: Terminal connections - PNP signal input (typical)	. 30
Fig. 20: Terminal connections - Active signal input (typical)	
Fig. 21: Terminal connections - Reed-switch signal input (typical)	. 31
Fig. 22: Terminal connections - NAMUR signal input (typical)	
Fig. 23: Example serial number (typical)	
Fig. 24: Label information - Intrinsically safe application (typical)	
Fig. 25: Overview terminal connectors XI - Intrinsically safe applications	
Fig. 26: Terminal connections - Intrinsically safe floating 4-20mA analog output (typical)	
Fig. 27: Switch position voltage selection type PD-XI	
Fig. 28: F115-P-AP-CT-OT-(PD)-XI - External power supply - IIB/IIC - IIIC	
Fig. 29: F115-P-(AP)-(CT)-(OT)-PC-XI - Battery powered - IIB/IIC – IIIC	
Fig. 30: F115-P-AP-(CT)-OT-(PX)-XI - Output loop powered - IIB/IIC - IIIC	
Fig. 31: F115-P-AF-(CT)-OT-PD-XI - External power supply - IIB/IIC – IIIC	. 37

LIST OF CONFIGURATION SETTINGS			
SETTING	DEFAULT	DATE: DATE:	
1 - TOTAL - A		Enter your settings here	
11 unit	L		
12 decimals	0000000		
13 K-factor	1		
14 decimals K-factor	0		
2 - FLOW RATE - A	-		
21 unit	L		
22 time	/min		
23 decimals	0000000		
24 K-factor	1		
25 decimals K-factor	0		
26 calculate	PLS 10		
27 cut-off	30.0 sec		
3 - TOTAL - B			
31 K-factor	= total A		
32 decimals K-factor	= total A		
4 - FLOW RATE - B		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
41 K-factor	= flow rate A		
42 decimals K-factor	= flow rate A		
5 - DISPLAY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
51 function	total		
52 show a-b	enable		
52 light	100%		
6 - POWER MANAGEMENT			
61 LCD-new	1 sec		
62 battery mode	operate		
7 - FLOWMETER			
71 signal A	coil-lo		
72 signal B	coil-lo		
73 bi-directional	disable		
74 phase	90 deg		
75 count negative	enable		
76 K-factor	single		
76 calculate	differ		
8 - ANALOG OUTPUT			
81 output	disabled		
82 rate-min	0		
83 rate-max	99999		
84 rate-sel	signed		
85 cut off	0.0%		
86 tune-min	312		
87 tune-max	6144		
88 filter	1		

9 - PULSE OUTPUT		
91 mode	signed	
92 width	0.000	
93 decimals	0000000	
94 amount	1000	
A - COMMUNICATION		
A1 baud-rate	9600	
A2 address	1	
A3 mode	BUS-RTU	
A4 databits	8 bits	
A5 parity	none	
B - OTHERS		
B1 model	F115-P	
B2 s-vers	03::	
B3 serial nr		
B4 password	0000	
B5 tag-nr	0000000	

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