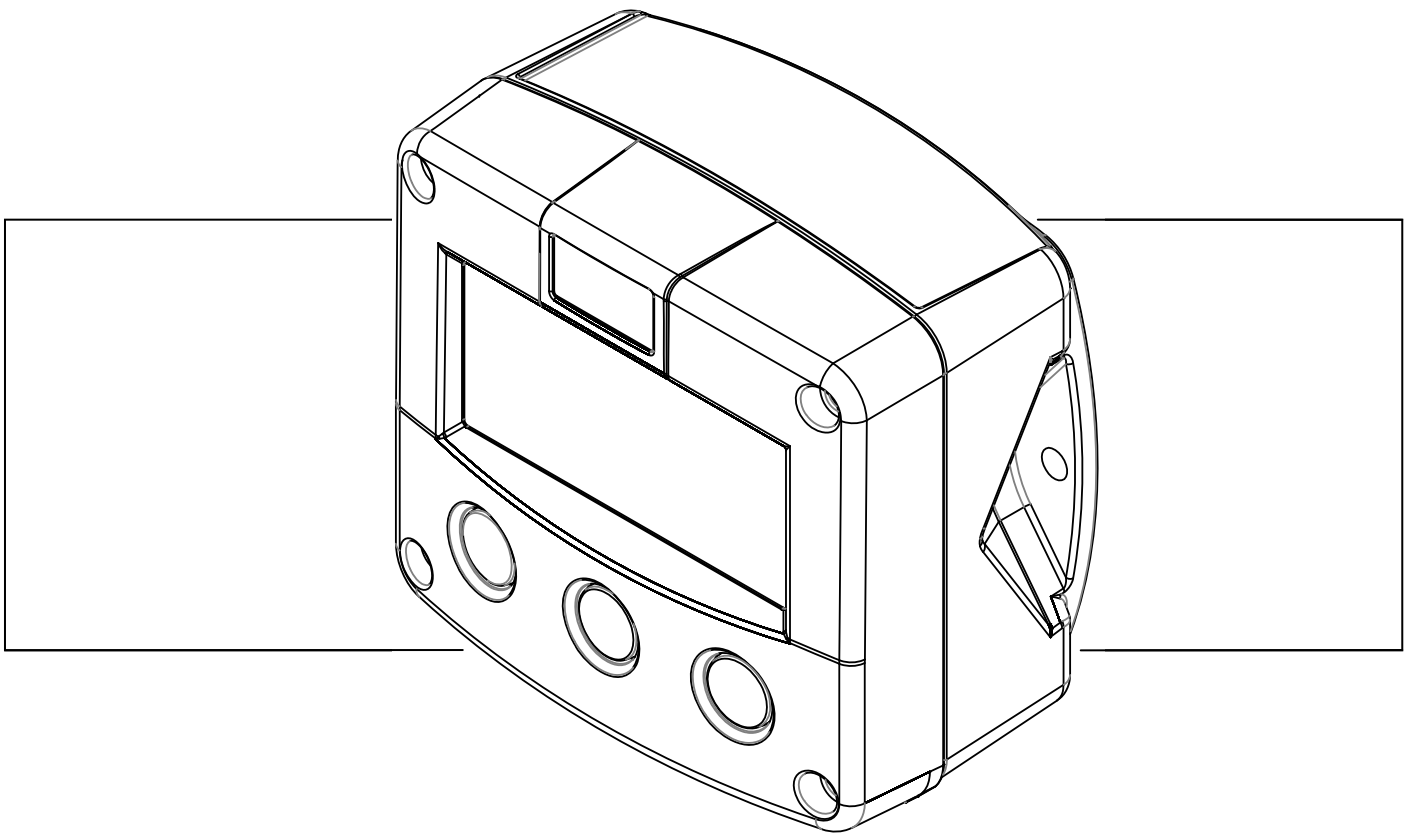


# ***F127-P-EL-TP***

*DIFFERENTIAL FLOW COMPUTER  
FOR CORRECTED LIQUID VOLUME*



*Signal input flowmeter: pulse, Namur and coil.*

*Signal input temperature: PT100*

*Signal outputs: (0)4-20mA / 0-10V ref. corrected flowrate.*

*Options: Intrinsically Safe, Modbus communication.*



## SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Any responsibility is lapsed if the instructions and procedures as described in this manual are not followed.
- **LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS:** The F127-P-EL is not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of the product can reasonably be expected to result in a personal injury. Customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify the manufacturer and supplier for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.
- **Electro static discharge does inflict irreparable damage to electronics!** Before installing or opening the unit, the installer has to discharge himself by touching a well-grounded object.
- This unit must be installed in accordance with the EMC guidelines (Electro Magnetic Compatibility).
- Do connect a proper grounding to the aluminum casing as indicated if the F127-P-EL has been supplied with the 115-230V AC power-supply type PM. The green / yellow wire between the back-casing and removable terminal-block may never be removed.
- **Intrinsically Safe applications:** follow the instructions as mentioned in Chapter 5 and consult “Fluidwell F1...-XI - Documentation for Intrinsic Safety”.

## DISPOSAL



At the end of its life this product should be disposed of according to local regulations regarding waste electronic equipment. If a battery is present in this product it should be disposed of separately. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects the environment.

## SAFETY RULES AND PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

- The manufacturer accepts no responsibility whatsoever if the following safety rules and precautions instructions and the procedures as described in this manual are not followed.
- Modifications of the F127-P-EL implemented without preceding written consent from the manufacturer, will result in the immediate termination of product liability and warranty period.
- Installation, use, maintenance and servicing of this equipment must be carried out by authorized technicians.
- Check the mains voltage and information on the manufacturer's plate before installing the unit.
- Check all connections, settings and technical specifications of the various peripheral devices with the F127-P-EL supplied.
- Open the casing only if all leads are free of potential.
- Never touch the electronic components (ESD sensitivity).
- Never expose the system to heavier conditions than allowed according to the casing classification (see manufacture's plate and chapter 4.2.).
- If the operator detects errors or dangers, or disagrees with the safety precautions taken, then inform the owner or principal responsible.
- The local labor and safety laws and regulations must be adhered to.

## ABOUT THE OPERATION MANUAL

This operation manual is divided into two main sections:

- The daily use of the unit is described in chapter 2 "Operation". These instructions are meant for users.
- The following chapters and appendices are exclusively meant for electricians/technicians. These provide a detailed description of all software settings and hardware installation guidance.

This operation manual describes the standard unit as well as most of the options available. For additional information, please contact your supplier.

**A hazardous situation may occur if the F127-P-EL-TP is not used for the purpose it was designed for or is used incorrectly. Please carefully note the information in this operating manual indicated by the pictograms:**



A "**warning**" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may lead to personal injury, a safety hazard or damage of the F127-P-EL-TP or connected instruments.



Caution !

A "**caution**" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may lead to personal injury or incorrect functioning of the F127-P-EL-TP or connected instruments.



Note !

A "**note**" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may indirectly affect operation or may lead to an instrument response which is not planned.

Hardware version	:	02.01.xx
Software version	:	02.05.xx
Manual	:	HF127PEN_EL_TP_v0501_04
© Copyright 2011	:	Fluidwell bv - The Netherlands.

**Information in this manual is subject to change without prior notice. The manufacturer is not responsible for mistakes in this material or for incidental damage caused as a direct or indirect result of the delivery, performance or use of this material.**

**© All rights reserved. No parts of this publication may be reproduced or used in any form or by any means without written permission of your supplier.**

# CONTENTS MANUAL

Safety instructions .....	2
Disposal .....	2
Safety rules and precautionary measures .....	2
About the operation manual .....	3
Contents manual.....	4
1. Introduction .....	5
1.1. System description of the F127-P-EL .....	5
2. Operational.....	7
2.1. General .....	7
2.2. Control panel.....	7
2.3. Operator information and functions .....	8
3. Configuration .....	9
3.1. Introduction .....	9
3.2. Programming SETUP-level.....	9
3.2.1. General .....	9
3.2.2. Overview functions SETUP level .....	12
3.2.3. Explanation OF SETUP-functions.....	13
1 - Total A .....	13
2 - Flowrate A.....	14
3 - Total B .....	15
4 - Flowrate B.....	15
5 - Display .....	16
6 - Power management .....	17
7 - Flowmeter .....	18
8 - Temperature - a / b.....	19
9 - Formula.....	19
A - Analog output .....	20
B - Communication (optional) .....	21
C - Others .....	21
4.1. General directions .....	22
4.2. Installation / surrounding conditions .....	22
4.3. Dimensions- Enclosure .....	23
4.4. Installing the hardware.....	25
4.4.1. Introduction .....	25
4.4.2. Voltage selection sensor supply .....	26
4.4.3. Terminal connectors .....	27
5. Intrinsically safe applications.....	34
5.1. General information and instructions .....	34
5.2. Terminal connectors Intrinsically Safe applications .....	35
5.3. Configuration Examples.....	37
5.4. Battery replacement instructions.....	39
6. Maintenance.....	40
6.1. General directions .....	40
6.2. Repair.....	40
Appendix A: Technical specification .....	41
Appendix B: Problem solving.....	44
Appendix C: Communication variables.....	45

# 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION OF THE F127-P-EL

### Functions and features

The flow computer Model F127-P-EL is a microprocessor driven instrument for the calculation of standard volumetric flow or mass flow for differential flow measurement applications using flow equations.

This product has been designed with a focus on:

- ultra-low power consumption to allow long-life battery powered applications (type PB/PC),
- intrinsic safety for use in hazardous applications (type XI),
- several mounting possibilities with aluminum or GRP enclosures for harsh industrial surroundings,
- ability to process all types of flowmeter signals,
- transmitting possibilities with analog and communication (option) outputs.

### Flowmeter and temperature input

This manual describes the unit with a pulse type input from the flowmeter "-P version".

Two flowmeters with a passive or active pulse, Namur or sine wave (coil) signal output can be connected to the F127-P. To power the sensor, several options are available.

This unit has two PT100 temperature inputs "-TP version". Other versions are available to process 0-20mA or 0-10V temperature signals.

### Standard output

- Configurable linear (0)4-20mA or 0-10V analog output with 10-bits resolution mirroring the actual calculated differential flowrate. Flowrate levels as well as the minimum and maximum signal output can be tuned.

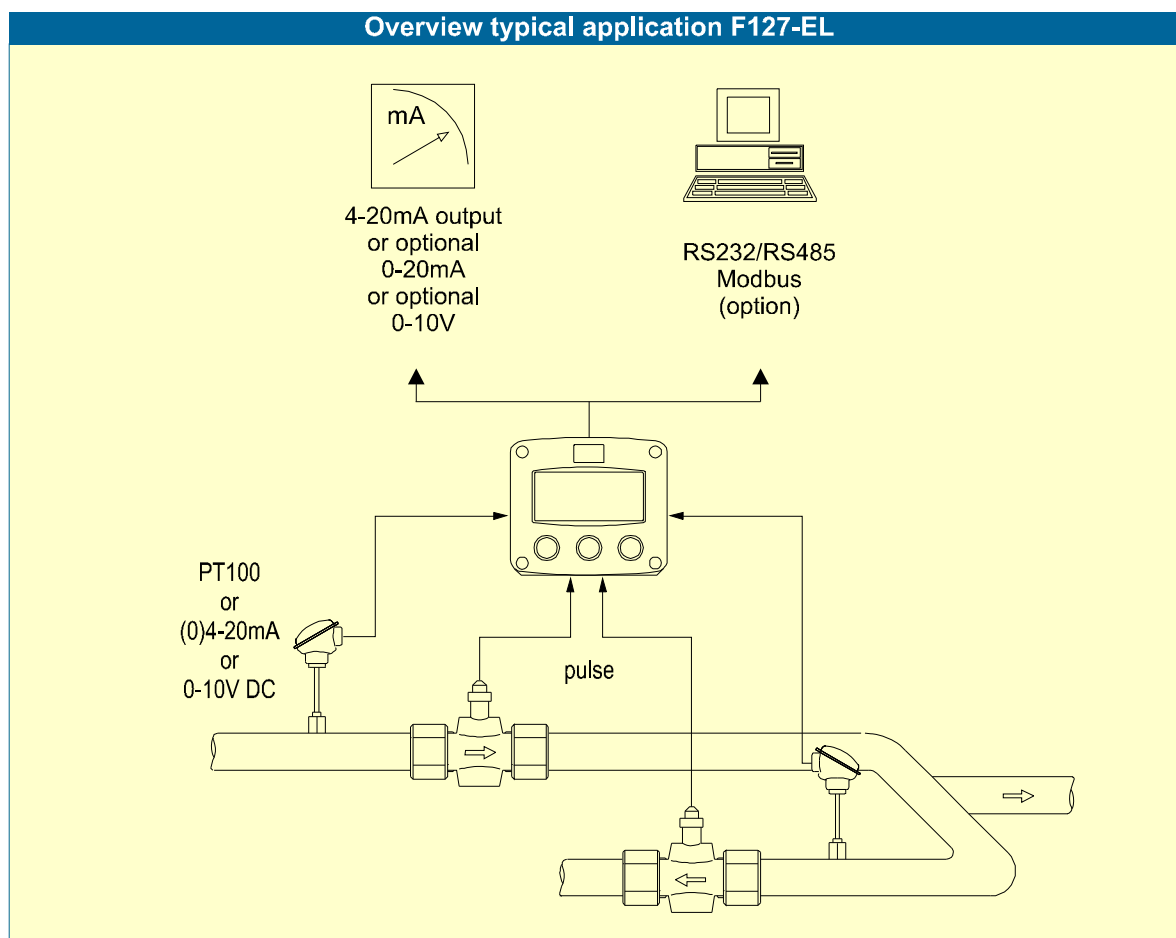


Fig. 1: Typical application for the F127-P-EL.

**Configuration of the unit**

The F127-P-EL was designed to be implemented in many types of applications. For that reason, a SETUP-level is available to configure your F127-P-EL according to your specific requirements. SETUP includes several important features, such as K-factors, Span, measurement units, signal selection etc. All settings are stored in EEPROM memory and will not be lost in the event of power failure or a drained battery.

To extend the battery-life time (option), please make use of the power-management functions as described in chapter 3.2.3.

**Display information**

The unit has a large transfective LCD with all kinds of symbols and digits to display measuring units, status information, trend-indication and key-word messages.

Flowrate and totals can be displayed either with the small 8mm digits or with the 17mm digits.

A backup of the total and accumulated total in EEPROM memory is made every minute.

**Options**

The following options are available: isolated or active 4-20mA / 0-10V / 0-20mA analog output, full Modbus communication RS232/485 (also battery powered), intrinsic safety, power- and sensor-supply options, panel-mount, wall-mount and weather-proof enclosures, flame proof enclosure.

## 2. OPERATIONAL

### 2.1. GENERAL



- *The F127-P-EL may only be operated by personnel who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.*
- *Take careful notice of the " Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures " in the front of this manual.*

This chapter describes the daily use of the F127-P-EL. This instruction is meant for users / operators.

### 2.2. CONTROL PANEL

The following keys are available:

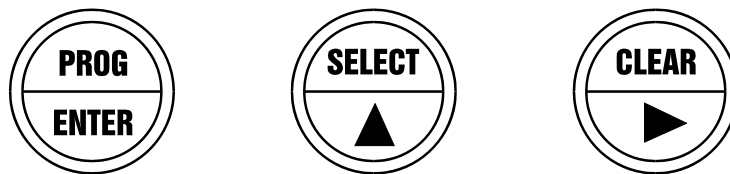


Fig. 2: Control Panel.

#### Functions of the keys



This key is used to program and save new values or settings.  
It is also used to gain access to SETUP-level; please read chapter 3.



This key is used to SELECT accumulated total and temperature.  
The arrow-key ▲ is used to increase a value after PROG has been pressed or to configure the unit; please read chapter 3.



Press this key twice to CLEAR the value for total.  
The arrow-key ► is used to select a digit after PROG has been pressed or to configure the unit; please read chapter 3.

### 2.3. OPERATOR INFORMATION AND FUNCTIONS

In general, the F127-P-EL will always function at Operator level. The information displayed is dependant upon the SETUP-settings. All pulses generated by the connected flowmeter are measured by the F127-P-EL in the background, whichever screen refresh rate setting is chosen. After pressing a key, the display will be updated very quickly during a 30 second period, after which it will slow-down again.



Fig. 3: Example of display information during process.

For the Operator, the following functions are available:

- **Display calculated differential flowrate and calculated differential total**  
This is the main display information of the F127-P-EL. After selecting any other information, it will always return to this main display automatically.  
Total is displayed on the upper-line of the display and flowrate on the bottom line.  
It is possible to display flowrate only with the large 17mm digits; in this instance press the SELECT-key to read the total.  
When "-----" is shown, then the flowrate value is too high to be displayed. The arrows  $\blacklozenge$  indicate the increase/decrease of the flowrate trend.  
If the consumption is very low, it might be that a stable low flowrate is displayed and a stable totalisation; this is due to the settings of the unit.
- **Clear total**  
The value for total can be re-initialized. To do so, press CLEAR twice. After pressing CLEAR once, the flashing text "PUSH CLEAR" is displayed. To avoid re-initialization at this stage, press another key than CLEAR or wait for 20 seconds.  
Re-initialization of total DOES NOT influence the accumulated total.
- **Display calculated differential accumulated total**  
When the SELECT-key is pressed, total and accumulated total are displayed. The accumulated total cannot be re-initialized. The value will count up to 99,999,999,999. The unit and number of decimals are displayed according to the configuration settings for total.
- **Display line temperature and calculated flowrate INLET / OUTLET**  
After pressing SELECT, the actual INLET / OUTLET temperature is displayed at the top line of the display. At the bottom line, the calculated INLET / OUTLET flowrate is displayed together with the measuring units for flowrate and temperature.
- **Low-battery alarm**  
When the battery voltage drops, it must be replaced. At first "low-battery" will flash, but as soon as it is displayed continuously, the battery MUST be replaced shortly after!  
Only original batteries supplied by the manufacturer may be used, else the guarantee and liability will be terminated. The remaining lifetime after the first moment of indication is generally several days up to some weeks.



Fig. 4: Example of low-battery alarm.

- **Alarm 01-03**  
When "alarm" is displayed, please consult Appendix B: problem solving.



### 3. CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1. INTRODUCTION

This and the following chapters are exclusively meant for electricians and non-operators. In these, an extensive description of all software settings and hardware connections are provided.



Caution !

- *Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of the instrument may only be carried out by trained personnel authorized by the operator of the facility. Personnel must read and understand this Operating Manual before carrying out its instructions.*
- *The F127-P-EL may only be operated by personnel who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.*
- *Ensure that the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams. The housing may only be opened by trained personnel.*
- *Take careful notice of the " Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures " in the front of this manual.*

#### 3.2. PROGRAMMING SETUP-LEVEL

##### 3.2.1. GENERAL

Configuration of the F127-P-EL is done at SETUP-level. SETUP-level is reached by pressing the PROG/ENTER key for 7 seconds; at which time, both arrows  $\blacktriangle$  will be displayed. In order to return to the operator level, PROG will have to be pressed for three seconds. Alternatively, if no keys are pressed for 2 minutes, the unit will exit SETUP automatically.

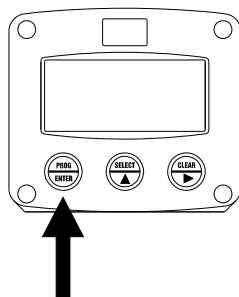
SETUP can be reached at all times while the F127-P-EL remains fully operational.



Note !

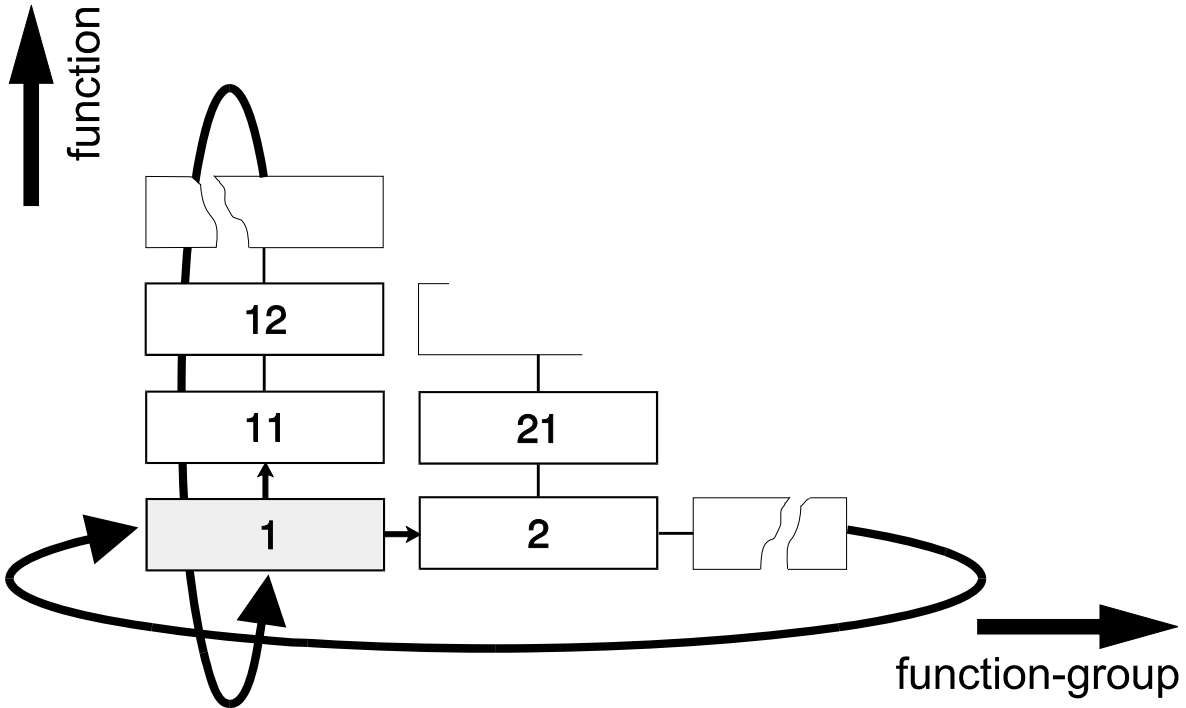
**Note:** A pass code may be required to enter SETUP. Without this pass code access to SETUP is denied.

To enter SETUP-level:



Press  for 7 seconds

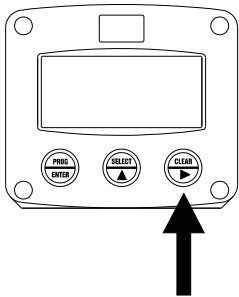
Matrix structure SETUP-level:



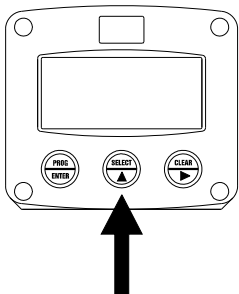
SCROLLING THROUGH SETUP-LEVEL

**Selection of function-group and function:**

SETUP is divided into several function groups and functions.



Select function-group with



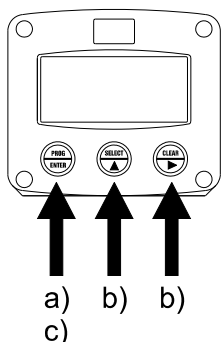
Select function with









Each function has a unique number, which is displayed below the word "SETUP" at the bottom of the display. The number is a combination of two figures. The first figure indicates the function-group and the second figure the sub-function. Additionally, each function is expressed with a keyword.



After selecting a sub-function, the next main function is selected by scrolling through all "active" sub-functions (e.g. 1<sup>▲</sup>, 11<sup>▲</sup>, 12<sup>▲</sup>, 13<sup>▲</sup>, 14<sup>▲</sup>, 1<sup>▶</sup>, 2<sup>▶</sup>, 3<sup>▲</sup>, 31 etc.).



To change or select a value:



- a) press  briefly; **PROGRAM** will start flash
- b) select or enter value with  and / or 
- c) press  to confirm the value / selection.

To change a value, use  to select the digits and  to increase that value.

To select a setting, both  and  can be used.

If the new value is invalid, the increase sign  or decrease-sign  will be displayed while you are programming.

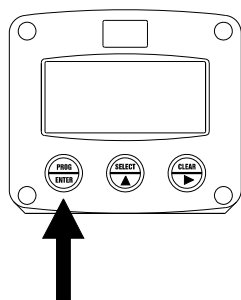
When data is altered but ENTER is not pressed, then the alteration can still be cancelled by waiting for 20 seconds or by pressing ENTER for three seconds: the PROG-procedure will be left automatically and the former value reinstated.



Note !

*Note: alterations will only be set after ENTER has been pressed!*

To return to OPERATOR-level:



Press  for 3 seconds

In order to return to the operator level, PROG will have to be pressed for three seconds. Also, when no keys are pressed for 2 minutes, SETUP will be left automatically.

## 3.2.2. OVERVIEW FUNCTIONS SETUP LEVEL

<b>SETUP FUNCTIONS AND VARIABLES</b>			
<b>1</b>	<b>TOTAL - A</b>		
	11	UNIT	L - m3 - kg - lb - GAL - USGAL - bbl - no unit
	12	DECIMALS	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 (Ref: displayed value)
	13	K-FACTOR:	0.000010 - 9,999,999
	14	DECIMALS K-FACTOR	0 - 6
<b>2</b>	<b>FLOWRATE - A</b>		
	21	UNIT	mL, L, m3, mg, g, kg, ton, GAL, bbl, lb, cf, rev, no unit
	22	TIME UNIT	sec - min - hour - day
	23	DECIMALS	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 (Ref: displayed value)
	24	K-FACTOR	0.000010 - 9,999,999
	25	DECIMALS K-FACTOR	0 - 6
	26	FILTER	1 - 99
	27	PERIOD	0.1 - 99.9 seconds
<b>3</b>	<b>TOTAL - B</b>		
	31	K-FACTOR	0.000010 - 9,999,999
	32	DECIMALS K-FACTOR	0 - 6
<b>4</b>	<b>FLOWRATE - B</b>		
	41	K-FACTOR	0.000010 - 9,999,999
	42	DECIMALS K-FACTOR	0 - 6
<b>5</b>	<b>DISPLAY</b>		
	51	FUNCTION	total - rate
	52	MEASUREMENT	bi-directional - not negative - threshold - stationary
	53	STATIONARY FLOWRATE	0000.000 - 9999999 units/time unit
	54	STATIONARY TOTAL	0000.000 - 9999.999 units/hr
<b>6</b>	<b>POWER MANAGEMENT</b>		
	61	LCD UPDATE	fast - 1 sec - 3 sec - 15 sec - 30 sec - off
	62	BATTERY MODE	operational - shelf
<b>7</b>	<b>FLOWMETER</b>		
	71	SIGNAL A	nnp - npn_lp - reed - reed_lp - pnp - pnp_lp - namur - coil_hi - coil_lo - act_8.1 - act_12 - act_24
	72	SIGNAL B	nnp - npn_lp - reed - reed_lp - pnp - pnp_lp - namur - coil_hi - coil_lo - act_8.1 - act_12 - act_24
<b>8</b>	<b>TEMPERATURE - A/B</b>		
	81	DISPLAY	°C - °F - K
	82	NO. OF WIRES	2 - 3
	83	FILTER	10 - 99
<b>9</b>	<b>FORMULA</b>		
	91	EQUATIONS TYPE	EL - (fixed)
	92	THERMAL EXPANSION COEFFICIENT	0.000000 - 9.999999 (*10-3/K)
	93	NORMAL TEMPERATURE	0.00 - 99,999.99 K
<b>A</b>	<b>ANALOG</b>		
	A1	OUTPUT	disable - enable
	A2	MINIMUM SIGNAL	flowrate 000.000 - 999,999 unit/time unit
	A3	MAXIMUM SIGNAL	flowrate 000.000 - 999,999 unit/time unit
	A4	TUNE MIN - 4mA / 0V	0 - 9,999
	A5	TUNE MAX- 20mA / 10V	0 - 9,999
<b>B</b>	<b>COMMUNICATION</b>		
	B1	SPEED / BAUDRATE	1200 - 2400 - 4800 - 9600
	B2	ADDRESS	1 - 255
	B3	MODE	RTU - off
Continued next page >>>			

C		OTHERS	
C1	TYPE / MODEL		
C2	SOFTWARE VERSION		
C3	SERIAL NO.		
C4	PASS CODE		0000 - 9999
C5	TAGNUMBER		0000000 - 9999999

### 3.2.3. EXPLANATION OF SETUP-FUNCTIONS

1 - TOTAL A	
<b>MEASUREMENT UNIT</b> 11	<p>SETUP - 11 determines the measurement unit for total, accumulated total and pulse output for BOTH A and B. The following units can be selected:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">L - m3 - kg - lb. - GAL - USGAL - bbl - _ (no unit).</p> <p>Alteration of the measurement unit will have consequences for operator and SETUP-level values. Please note that the K-factor has to be adapted as well; the calculation is not done automatically.</p>
<b>DECIMALS</b> 12	<p>The decimal point determines for total, accumulated total and pulse output the number of digits following the decimal point for BOTH A and B. The following can be selected:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0000000 - 1111111.1 - 22222.22 - 3333.333</p>
<b>K-FACTOR</b> 13	<p>With the K-factor, the flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a quantity. The K-factor is based on the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected measurement unit (SETUP 11), for example per cubic meter. The more accurate the K-factor, the more accurate the functioning of the system will be.</p> <p><b>Example 1: Calculating the K-factor.</b> <i>Let us assume that the flowmeter generates 2.4813 pulses per liter and the selected unit is "cubic meters / m3". A cubic meter consists of 1000 parts of one liter which implies 2,481.3 pulses per m3. So, the K-factor is 2,481.3. Enter for SETUP - 13: "2481300" and for SETUP - 14 - decimals K-factor "3".</i></p> <p><b>Example 2: Calculating the K-factor.</b> <i>Let us assume that the flowmeter generates 6.5231 pulses per gallon and the selected measurement unit is gallons. So, the K-Factor is 6.5231. Enter for SETUP - 13: "6523100" and for SETUP - 14 decimals K-factor "6".</i></p>
<b>DECIMALS K-FACTOR</b> 14	<p>This setting determines the number of decimals for the K-factor entered. (SETUP 13). The following can be selected:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6</p> <p>Please note that this setting influences the accuracy of the K-factor indirectly. (i.e. the position of the decimal point and thus the value given) This setting has NO influence on the displayed number of digits for total (SETUP 12)!</p>

## 2 - FLOWRATE A

The settings for total and flowrate are entirely separate. In this way, different units of measurement can be used for each e.g. cubic meters for total and liters for flowrate.  
The display update time for flowrate is one second or more.

**Note:** these settings also influence the analog output.

<b>MEASUREMENT UNIT 21</b>	SETUP - 21 determines the measurement unit for flowrate for BOTH A and B.  mL - L - m3 - mg - gr - kg - ton - GAL - bbl - lb - cf - rev (revolutions for RPM) - _ (no unit).  Alteration of the measurement unit will have consequences for operator and SETUP-level values. Please note that the K-factor has to be adapted as well; the calculation is not done automatically.			
<b>TIME UNIT 22</b>	The flowrate can be calculated per second (SEC), minute (MIN), hour (HR) or day (DAY). This selection is valid for BOTH A and B flow.			
<b>DECIMALS 23</b>	This setting determines for flowrate the number of digits following the decimal point for BOTH A and B. The following can be selected:  00000 - 1111.1 - 2222.22 - 3333.333			
<b>K-FACTOR 24</b>	With the K-factor, the flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a flowrate. The K-factor is based on the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected measurement unit (SETUP 21), for example per liter. The more accurate the K-factor, the more accurate the functioning of the system will be. For examples read SETUP 13.			
<b>DECIMALS K-FACTOR 25</b>	This setting determines the number of decimals for the K-factor (SETUP 24). The following can be selected:  0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6  Please note that this SETUP - influences the accuracy of the K-factor indirectly. This setting has NO influence on the displayed number of digits for "flowrate" (SETUP 23)!			
<b>FILTER 26</b>	This function is used to stabilize the flowrate reading. With the help of this digital filter a more stable but less actual reading can be obtained. The filter principal is based on three input values: the filter level (01-99), the last calculated flowrate on both the A / B flow and the last average value. The higher the filter level, the longer the response time on a value change will be. Below, several filter levels with there response times are indicated:			
FILTER VALUE	RESPONSE TIME ON STEP CHANGE OF ANALOG VALUE. TIME IN SECONDS			
	50% INFLUENCE	75% INFLUENCE	90% INFLUENCE	99% INFLUENCE
01	filter disabled	filter disabled	filter disabled	filter disabled
02	0.1 second	0.2 second	0.4 second	0.7 second
03	0.2 second	0.4 second	0.6 second	1.2 seconds
05	0.4 second	0.7 second	1.1 seconds	2.1 seconds
10	0.7 second	1.4 seconds	2.2 seconds	4.4 seconds
20	1.4 seconds	2.8 seconds	4.5 seconds	9.0 seconds
30	2.1 seconds	4 seconds	7 seconds	14 seconds
50	3.5 seconds	7 seconds	11 seconds	23 seconds
75	5.2 seconds	10 seconds	17 seconds	34 seconds
99	6.9 seconds	14 seconds	23 seconds	45 seconds

Continued next page >>>

## 2 - FLOWRATE A (CONTINUED)

<b>PERIOD</b> 27	<p>The flowrate is calculated by counting the number of pulses within a certain time, for example 1 second. The longer the time the more accurate the flowrate will be. The maximum value is 999.9 seconds.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> <i>this setting does influence the update time for the analog output directly (maximum update 10 times a second). If the output response is too slow, decrease the number of pulses.</i></p> <p><b>Note:</b> <i>the shorter the time, the higher the power consumption of the unit will be (important for battery powered applications).</i></p>
---------------------	--



Note !

## 3 - TOTAL B

<b>K-FACTOR</b> 31	<p>With the K-factor, the flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a quantity. The K-factor is based on the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected measurement unit (SETUP 11), for example per cubic meter. The more accurate the K-factor, the more accurate the functioning of the system will be.</p> <p>For examples: please read SETUP 13</p>
<b>DECIMALS K-FACTOR</b> 32	<p>This setting determines the number of decimals for the K-factor (SETUP 31). The following can be selected:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6</p> <p>Please note that this function influences the accuracy of the K-factor indirectly.</p>

## 4 - FLOWRATE B

<b>K-FACTOR</b> 41	<p>With the K-factor, the flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a flowrate. The K-factor is based on the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected measurement unit (SETUP 21), for example per liter. The more accurate the K-factor, the more accurate the functioning of the system will be. For examples read SETUP 13.</p>
<b>DECIMALS K-FACTOR</b> 42	<p>This setting determines the number of decimals for the K-factor (SETUP 24). The following can be selected:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6</p> <p>Please note that this SETUP - influences the accuracy of the K-factor indirectly.</p>

<b>5 - DISPLAY</b>	
<b>FUNCTION</b> <b>51</b>	The large 17mm digits can be set to display total or flowrate. When "total" is selected, both total and flowrate are displayed simultaneously. When "flowrate" is selected, only flowrate will be displayed with it's measuring unit while total will be displayed after pressing SELECT.
<b>MEASUREMENT</b> <b>52</b>	To solve undesired display readings during low or even negative consumption situations, four different measurement methods have been implemented. Be aware that the selection does influence the analog output value (ref. flowrate) as well.  <b>bi-directional</b> <u>Displayed flowrate:</u> positive and negative <u>Displayed total:</u> positive and negative  <b>not negative</b> <u>Displayed flowrate:</u> only positive or zero <u>Displayed total:</u> positive and negative  <b>threshold</b> <u>Displayed flowrate:</u> as soon as the flowrate is lower as setting 53 or negative, flowrate zero will be displayed. <u>Displayed total:</u> as soon as the flowrate is lower as setting 53 or negative, totalisation will stop.  <b>stationary</b> <u>Displayed flowrate:</u> as soon as the flowrate is lower as setting 53 or negative, the stationary flowrate (setting 53) will be displayed. <u>Displayed total:</u> as soon as the flowrate is lower as setting 53 or negative, stationary totalisation (setting 54) will be activated. However, if the value of setting 54 is zero, totalisation will be positive and negative.
<b>STATIONARY FLOWRATE</b> <b>53</b>	Enter here the flowrate according setting 52 - threshold or stationary. The time and measuring units are according to FLOWRATE - setting 21 and 22. <u>In case of selection "threshold":</u> flowrate zero will be displayed as soon as the flowrate will be lower as this setting. <u>In case of selection "stationary":</u> as soon as the flowrate is lower as this setting, this flowrate will be displayed. However, if the flowmeters do not generate pulses, the displayed flowrate will be zero
<b>STATIONARY TOTAL</b> <b>54</b>	Enter here a flowrate per hour according setting 52 - stationary. The measuring unit is according to TOTAL - setting 11. This flowrate is converted to a total which will be used as long as the flowrate is lower as setting 53. However, if the flowmeters do not generate pulses, the totalisation will stop. This function is disabled if value zero has been entered.



## 6 - POWER MANAGEMENT

When used with the internal battery option (type PB / PC), the user can expect reliable measurement over a long period of time. The F127-P has several smart power management functions to extend the battery life time significantly. Two of these functions can be set:

### LCD NEW 61

The calculation of the display-information influences the power consumption significantly. When the application does not require a fast display update, it is **strongly advised** to select a slow refresh rate. Please understand that NO information will be lost; every pulse will be counted and the output signals will be generated in the normal way. The following can be selected:

Fast - 1 sec - 3 sec - 15 sec - 30 sec - off.

**Example 3: Battery life-time**

*battery life-time with a coil pick-up, 1KHz. pulses and FAST update: about 2 years.*

*battery life-time with a coil pick-up, 1KHz. pulses and 1 sec update: about 5 years.*

**Note:** after a button has been pressed by the operator - the display refresh rate will always switch to FAST for 30 seconds. When "OFF" is selected, the display will be switched off after 30 seconds and will be switched on as soon as a button has been pressed.

### BATTERY-MODE 62

The unit has two modes: operational or shelf. After "shelf" has been selected, the unit can be stored for several years; it will not count pulses, the display is switched off but all settings and totals are stored. In this mode, power consumption is extremely low. To wake up the unit again, press the SELECT-key twice.



Note !

## 7 - FLOWMETER

<b>SIGNAL A 71</b>	The F127-P is able to handle several types of input signal. The type of flowmeter pickup / signal for input A is selected with SETUP 71. <b>Note:</b> The selections "active pulse" offer a detection level of 50% of the supply voltage. Read also par. 4.4.3. Flowmeter input terminal 09-11.			
<b>SIGNAL B 72</b>	The F127-P is able to handle several types of input signal. The type of flowmeter pickup / signal for input B is selected with SETUP 72. <b>Note:</b> The selections "active pulse" offer a detection level of 50% of the supply voltage. Read also par. 4.4.3. Flowmeter input terminal 12-14.			
TYPE OF SIGNAL	EXPLANATION	RESISTANCE	FREQ. / MV	REMARK
NPN	NPN input	100K pull-up	6 kHz.	(open collector)
NPN - LP	NPN input with low pass filter	100K pull-up	2.2 kHz.	(open collector) less sensitive
REED	Reed-switch input	1M pull-up	1.2 kHz.	
REED - LP	Reed-switch input with low pass filter	1M pull-up	120 Hz.	Less sensitive
PNP	PNP input	100K pull-down	6 kHz.	
PNP - LP	PNP input with low pass filter	100K pull-down	700 Hz.	Less sensitive
NAMUR	Namur input	820 Ohm pull-down	4 kHz.	External power required
COIL HI	High sensitive coil input	-	20mV p.t.p.	Sensitive for disturbance!
COIL LO	Low sensitive coil input	-	90mV p.t.p.	Normal sensitivity
ACT_8.1	Active pulse input 8.1 VDC	3K9	10KHz.	External power required
ACT_12	Active pulse input 12 VDC	4K	10KHz.	External power required
ACT_24	Active pulse input 24 VDC	3K	10KHz.	External power required



Note !



Note !

8 - TEMPERATURE - A / B				
<b>DISPLAY UNIT</b> 81	SETUP - 87 determines the displayed unit for the Operator The following units can be selected: °C - °F - K			
<b>NO. OF WIRES</b> 82	Do select here the number of wires of the two PT100 elements - two or three.			
<b>FILTER</b> 83	The output signal of a sensor does mirror the actual temperature. This signal is measured several times a second. The value measured is a "snap-shot" of the real temperature as it will be fluctuating. With the help of this digital filter a stable and accurate reading can be obtained while the filter level can be set to a desired value. The filter principal is based on three input values: the filter level (10-99), the last measured analog value and the last average value. The higher the filter level, the longer the response time on a value change will be.			
<b>FILTER VALUE</b>	<b>RESPONSE TIME ON STEP CHANGE OF ANALOG VALUE.</b>			
	<b>TIME IN SECONDS</b>			
	<b>50% INFLUENCE</b>	<b>75% INFLUENCE</b>	<b>90% INFLUENCE</b>	<b>99% INFLUENCE</b>
10	1.8 seconds	3.5 seconds	5.6 seconds	11 seconds
20	3.5 seconds	7.0 seconds	11 seconds	23 seconds
30	5.3 seconds	10 seconds	17 seconds	34 seconds
50	8.8 seconds	17 seconds	29 seconds	57 seconds
75	13 seconds	26 seconds	43 seconds	86 seconds
99	17 seconds	34 seconds	57 seconds	114 seconds

9 - FORMULA	
<b>EQUATIONS TYPE</b> 91	<p>This function describes the supplied equations. The supplied Model is the F127-P-EL. "EL" stands for Equations Liquid - flowcomputer for corrected liquid volume.</p> <p>The formula used:</p> $Q_{\text{normal}} = Q * (1 + \alpha * (T_{\text{normal}} - T))$ <p>where</p> <p> <math>Q_{\text{normal}}</math> = calculated volume at reference conditions  <math>Q</math> = measured volume  <math>\alpha</math> = thermal expansion coefficient  <math>T_{\text{normal}}</math> = reference temperature  <math>T</math> = measured temperature </p>
<b>THERMAL EXPANSION COEFFICIENT</b> 92	<p>Enter here the thermal expansion coefficient <math>\alpha</math> for the liquid used. The value to be entered has to be multiplied with 1000. The decimal position is fixed but can not be displayed: x,xxxxxx</p> <p>With the default value of 0.000000 the volume correction is <u>disabled</u>.</p> <p><b>Examples:</b>     <b>Calculation of the thermal expansion coefficient</b>  <math>\alpha</math> for water is 0,00031 per K. Enter: 0310000.  <math>\alpha</math> for petrol is 0,00110 per K. Enter: 1100000.</p>
<b>NORMAL TEMPERATURE</b> 93	<p>Enter here the reference temperature <math>T_{\text{normal}}</math> in degrees Kelvin (K). In most applications, the volume has to be calculated at 15°C which is 288,15 K.</p>

## A - ANALOG OUTPUT



Note !

A linear analog (0)4-20mA or 0-10V signal is generated according to the differential flowrate with a 10 bits resolution. The settings for flowrate (SETUP - 2) influence the analog output directly. The relationship between rate and analog output is set with the following functions:

<b>DISABLE / ENABLE A1</b>	The analog output can be disabled. In case of a passive analog output type AP, 3.5mA will be generated if a power supply is available but the output is disabled.
<b>MINIMUM FLOWRATE A2</b>	Enter here the flowrate at which the output should generate the minimum signal (0/4mA or 0V) - in most applications at flowrate "zero". The number of decimals displayed depend upon SETUP 23. The time and measuring units (L/min for example) are dependant upon SETUP 21 and 22 but are not displayed.
<b>MAXIMUM FLOWRATE A3</b>	Enter here the flowrate at which the output should generate the maximum signal (20mA or 10V) - in most applications at maximum flow. The number of decimals displayed depend upon SETUP 23. The time and measuring units (L/min for example) are dependant upon SETUP 21 and 22 but can not be displayed.
<b>TUNE MIN / 4MA A4</b>	<p>The initial minimum analog output value is 0/4mA or 0V. However, this value might differ slightly due to external influences such as temperature for example. The 0/4mA or 0V value can be tuned precisely with this setting.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b><i>Before tuning the signal, be sure that the analog signal is not being used for any application!</i></b></li> </ul> <p>After pressing PROG, the current will be about 4mA (or 0mA / 0V). The current can be increased / decreased with the arrow-keys and is <u>directly active</u>. Press ENTER to store the new value. Remark: the analog output value can be programmed "up-side-down" if desired, so 20mA at minimum flowrate for example!</p>
<b>TUNE MAX / 20MA A5</b>	<p>The initial maximum analog output value is 20mA (or 10V). However, this value might differ slightly due to external influences such as temperature for example. The 20mA value (or 10V) can be tuned precisely with this setting.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b><i>Before tuning the signal, be sure that the analog signal is not being used for any application!</i></b></li> </ul> <p>After pressing PROG, the current will be about 20mA. The current can be increased / decreased with the arrow-keys and is <u>directly active</u>. Press ENTER to store the new value. Remark: the analog output value can be programmed "up-side-down" if desired, so 4mA at maximum flowrate for example!</p>



<b>B - COMMUNICATION (OPTIONAL)</b>	
The functions described below deal with hardware that is not part of the standard delivery. Programming of these functions does not have any effect if this hardware has not been installed. Consult Appendix C and the Modbus communication protocol description for a detailed explanation.	
<b>BAUDRATE B1</b>	For external control, the following communication speeds can be selected:  1200 - 2400 - 4800 - 9600 baud
<b>BUS ADDRESS B2</b>	For communication purposes, a unique identity can be attributed to every F127-P-EL. This address can vary from 1-255.
<b>MODE B3</b>	The communication protocol is Modbus RTU mode. Select OFF, to disable this communication function.

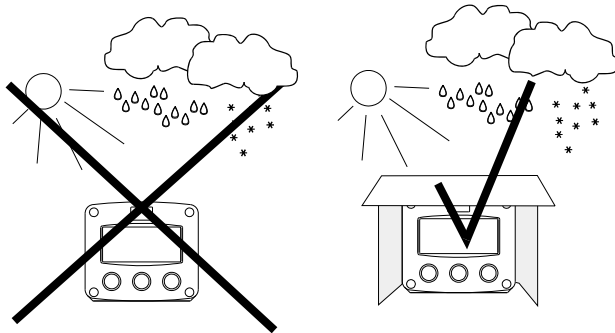
<b>C - OTHERS</b>	
<b>TYPE OF MODEL C1</b>	For support and maintenance it is important to have information about the characteristics of the F127-P-EL. Your supplier will ask for this information in the case of a serious breakdown or to assess the suitability of your model for upgrade considerations.
<b>VERSION SOFTWARE C2</b>	For support and maintenance it is important to have information about the characteristics of the F127-P-EL. Your supplier will ask for this information in the case of a serious breakdown or to assess the suitability of your model for upgrade considerations.
<b>SERIAL NUMBER C3</b>	For support and maintenance it is important to have information about the characteristics of the F127-P-EL. Your supplier will ask for this information in the case of a serious breakdown or to assess the suitability of your model for upgrade considerations.
<b>PASS CODE C4</b>	All SETUP-values can be pass code protected. This protection is disabled with value 0000 (zero). Up to and including 4 digits can be programmed, for example 1234.
<b>TAGNUMBER C5</b>	For identification of the unit and communication purposes, a unique tag number of maximum 7 digits can be entered.



#### 4.1. GENERAL DIRECTIONS

- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this instrument may only be carried out by trained personnel authorized by the operator of the facility. Personnel must read and understand this Operating Manual before carrying out its instructions.
- The F127-P-EL may only be operated by personnel who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Ensure that the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams. Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained personnel.
- Take careful notice of the " Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures " at the front of this manual.

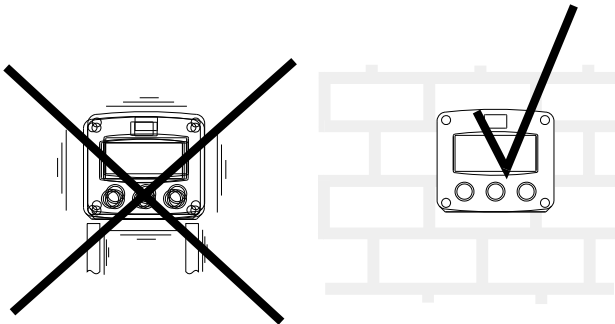
#### 4.2. INSTALLATION / SURROUNDING CONDITIONS



Take the relevant IP classification of the casing into account (see manufactures plate). Even an IP67 (NEMA 4X) casing should NEVER be exposed to strongly varying (weather) conditions.

When panel-mounted, the unit is IP65 (NEMA 4X)!

When used in very cold surroundings or varying climatic conditions, take the necessary precautions against moisture by placing a dry sachet of silica gel, for example, inside the instrument case.



Mount the F127-P-EL on a solid structure to avoid vibrations.

4.3. DIMENSIONS- ENCLOSURE  
Aluminum enclosures:

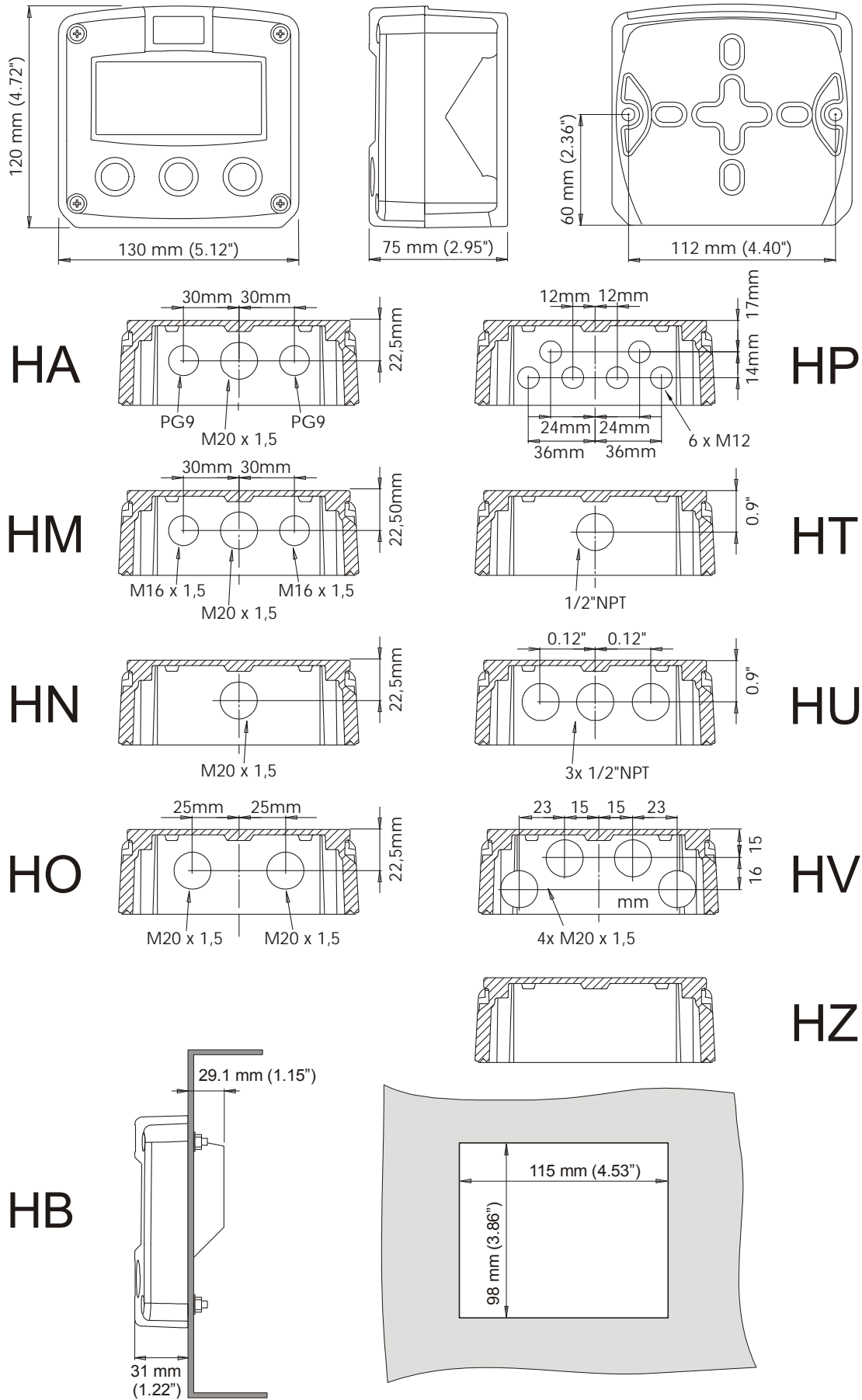


Fig. 5: Dimensions aluminum enclosures.





#### 4.4. INSTALLING THE HARDWARE



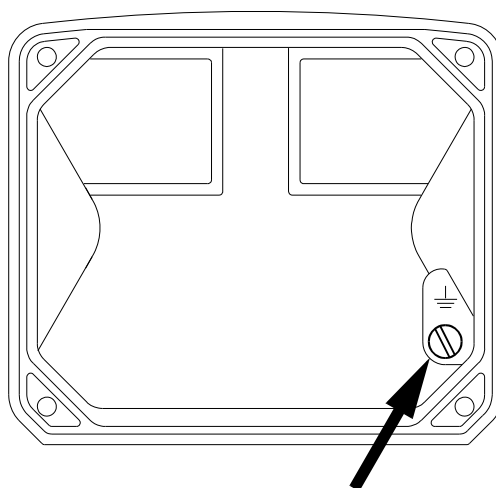
##### 4.4.1. INTRODUCTION

- Electro static discharge does inflict irreparable damage to electronics! Before installing or opening the unit, the installer has to discharge himself by touching a well-grounded object.
- This unit must be installed in accordance with the EMC guidelines (Electro Magnetic Compatibility).



##### Aluminum enclosures

- When installed in an aluminum enclosure and a potentially explosive atmosphere requiring apparatus of equipment protection level Ga and Da, the unit must be installed such that, even in the event of rare incidents, an ignition source due to impact or friction sparks between the enclosure and iron/steel is excluded.
- Do ground the aluminum enclosure properly as indicated, if the F127-P-EL has been supplied with the 115-230V AC power-supply type PM. The green / yellow wire between the back-casing and removable terminal-block may never be removed.



*Fig. 7: Grounding aluminum enclosure with type PM 115-230V AC.*

#### FOR INSTALLATION, PAY EMPHATIC ATTENTION TO:

- Separate cable glands with effective IP67 (NEMA4X) seals for all wires.
- Unused cable entries: ensure that you fit IP67 (NEMA4X) plugs to maintain rating.
- A reliable ground connection for both the sensor, and if applicable, for the metal casing.
- An effective screened cable for the input signal, and grounding of its screen to terminal 9 (GND) or at the sensor itself, whichever is appropriate to the application.

4.4.2. VOLTAGE SELECTION SENSOR SUPPLY

For **Intrinsically Safe** applications: read chapter 5.

**Type PB / PC / PX (AP) - battery powered and output loop-powered applications:**

Terminal 11 provides a limited supply voltage of 3.2 V DC (coil signals 1.2V) for the signal output of the flowmeter.

**Note:** This voltage MAY NOT be used to power the flowmeters electronics, converters etc, as it will not provide adequate sustained power ! All energy used by the flowmeters pick-up will directly influence the battery life-time. It is strongly advised to use a "zero power" pickup such as a coil or reed-switch when operating without external power. It is possible to use some low power NPN or PNP output signals, but the battery life time will be significantly reduced (consult your distributor).



**Type PD / PF / PM: Sensor supply: 1.2 - 3.2V - 8.2V - 12V or 24 V DC:**

With this option, a real power supply for the sensor is available. The flowmeter can be powered with 8.2 - 12 or 24 V DC.

Total power consumption PD: max. 50mA@24V and PF / PM: max. 400mA@24V.

The voltage is selected with the three switches inside the enclosure.

- **Warning:** be sure that all the leads to the terminals are disconnected from the unit when the internal plastic protection cover has been removed !
- **HIGH VOLTAGE 400V !! NEVER connect the mains power supply to the unit when the plastic protection cover has been removed !!!**

First, remove the terminal strip(s) after which the internal plastic cover can be removed. The switches are located in the top left corner (type PD) or on the right hand (type PF / PM) as indicated:

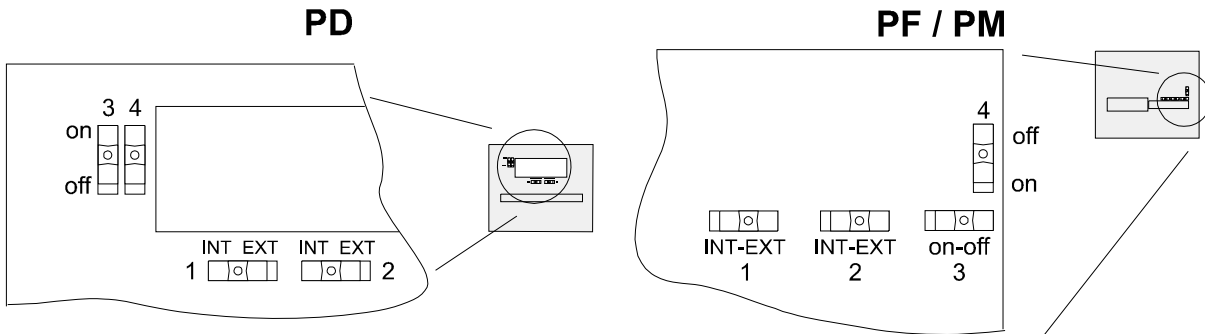


Fig. 8: Switch setting sensor supply voltage.

**Switch positions**

SENSOR A	
SWITCH 1	VOLTAGE
internal	3.2 V DC
external	switch 3+4

SENSOR B	
SWITCH 2	VOLTAGE
internal	3.2 V DC
external	switch 3+4

VOLTAGE SELECTION		
SWITCH 3	SWITCH 4	VOLTAGE
on	on	8.2 V DC
on	off	12 V DC
off	off	23 V DC

- Function switch 1:** voltage selection sensor A - terminal 11.
- Function switch 2:** voltage selection sensor A - terminal 14.
- Function switch 3+4:** the combination of these switches determine the voltage as indicated. Do move switch 1 and / or switch 2 to the OFF position to enable the selected voltage with switch 3+4.

### 4.4.3. TERMINAL CONNECTORS

For *Intrinsically Safe* applications: read chapter 5.

The following terminal connectors are available:

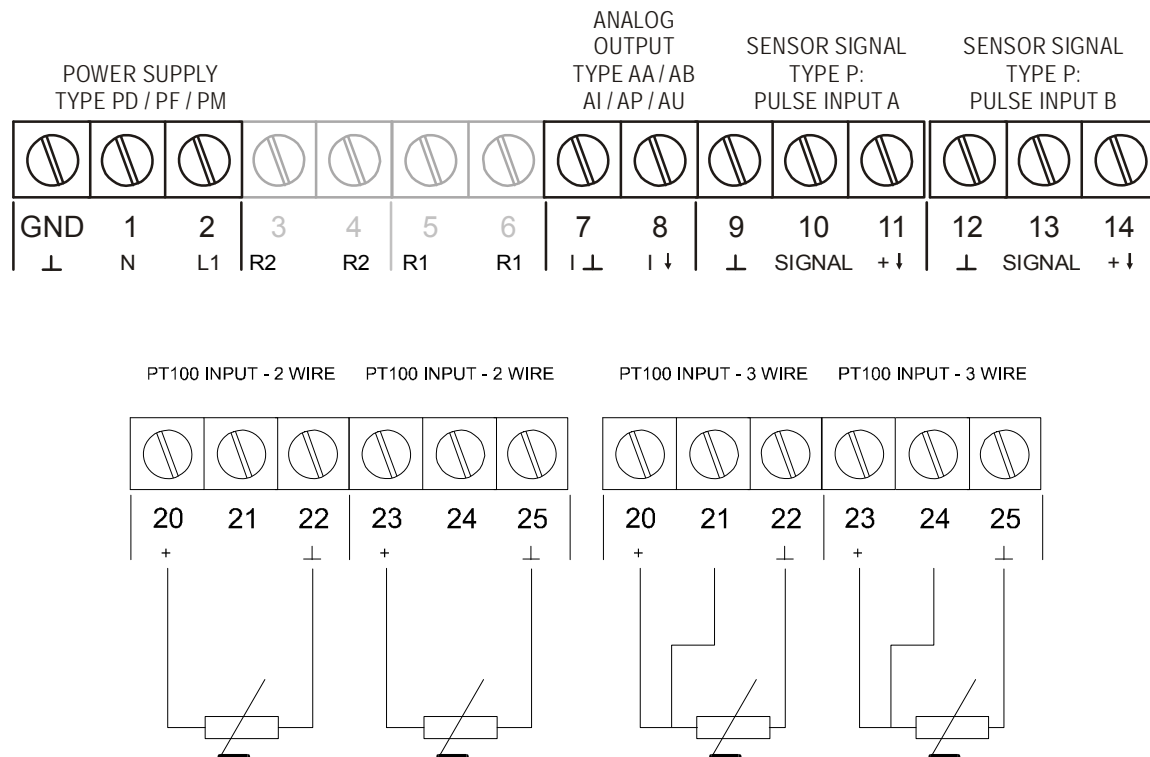


Fig. 9: Overview of terminal connectors standard configuration F127-P-EL-TP and options.

#### REMARKS: TERMINAL CONNECTORS:

**Power Supply: Terminal GND- 01- 02 only available with type PD, PF or PM:**

TYPE	SENSOR SUPPLY	Terminal			backlight	TYPE AA	TYPE AU	Type OA	Type OR
		GND	01	02					
PD 8-24V AC	8,2-12-24V max. 50mA		AC	AC	◇	◇	◇	◇	
PD 8-30V DC	8,2-12-24V max. 50mA	L-	L+		◇	◇	◇	◇	
PF 24V AC ± 15%	8,2-12-24V max. 400mA		AC	AC	◇	◇	◇		◇
PF 24V DC ± 15%	8,2-12-24V max. 400mA	L-	L+		◇	◇	◇		◇
PM 115-230V AC ± 15%	8,2-12-24V max. 400mA	EARTH	AC	AC	◇	◇	◇	◇	◇
Note PD	do not use a AC autotransformer (Spartrafo) without a galvanic isolation.								
Note PF / PM	The total consumption of the sensors and outputs may not exceed 400mA@24V								

◇=option



**Note: for power supply type PX: please read Terminal 07-08 !**

For *Intrinsically Safe* applications: read chapter 5.

**Terminal 07-08; basic POWER SUPPLY - type PX - output loop powered:**

Connect an external power supply of 8-30VDC to these terminals or a 4-20mA loop.

Do connect the "-" to terminal 7 and the "+" to terminal 8. When power is applied to these terminals, the (optional) internal battery will be disabled / enabled automatically to extend the battery life time.



Caution! *Only valid for standard passive output type AP!*

**Terminal 07-08 analog output (SETUP A) :**

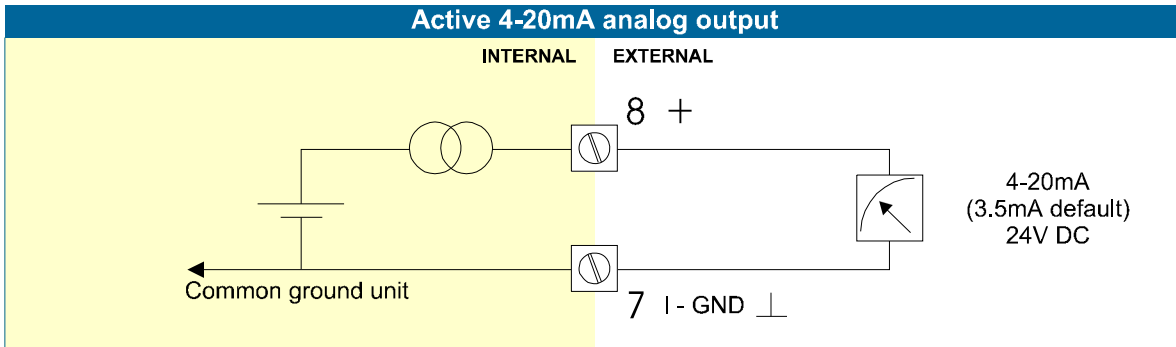
An analog output signal proportional to the differential flowrate is available as standard.

**Type AA:**

An active 4-20mA signal proportional to the flowrate is available with this option.

When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated on these terminals.

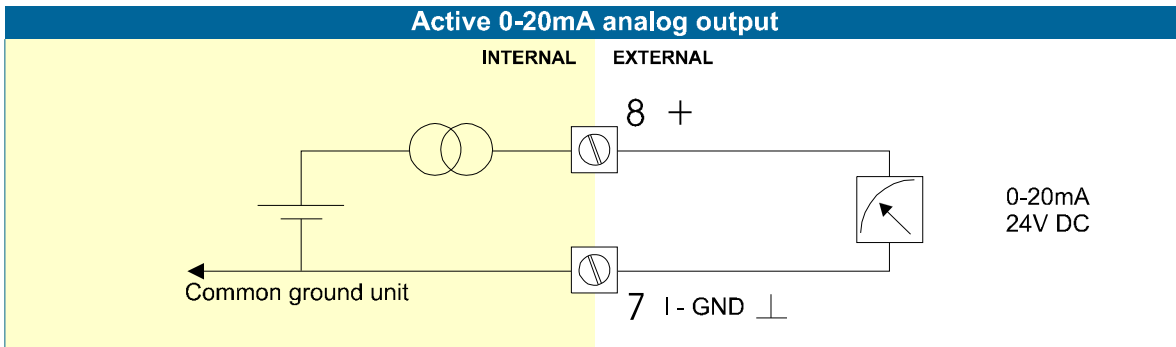
Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 24VDC. (Requires power supply type PD / PF / PM).



**Type AB:**

An active 0-20mA signal proportional to the flowrate is available with this option.

Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 24VDC. (Requires power supply type PD / PF / PM).



**Type AF:**

For the Intrinsically Safe floating 4-20mA signal: please read Chapter 5.

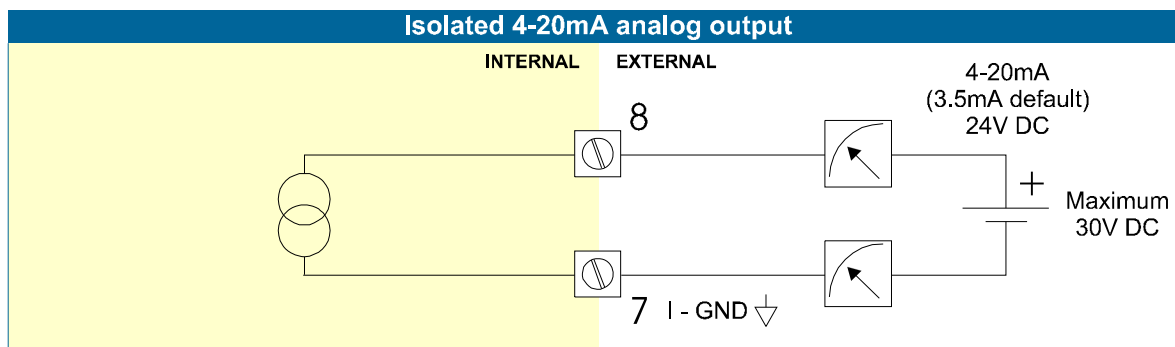
**Type AI:**

An isolated 4-20mA signal proportional to the flowrate is available with this option.

When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated on these terminals.

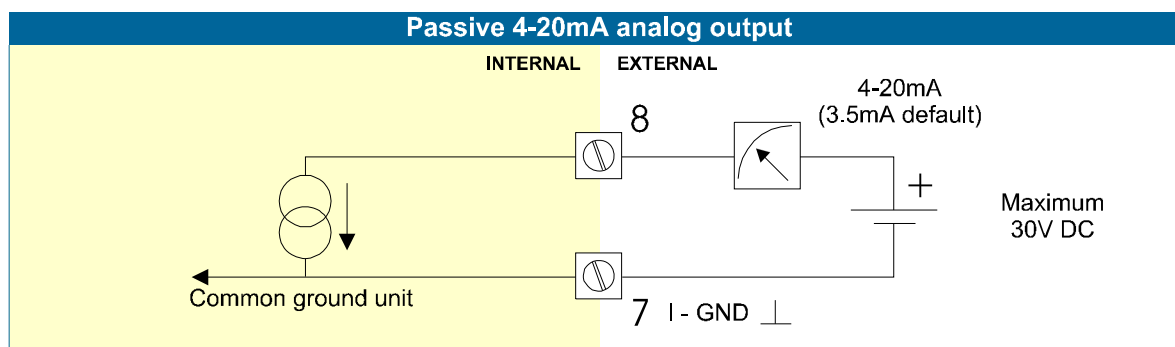
Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 30VDC.

This option can be used with a battery powered unit but the life time of the battery is about 2 -3 years.

**Type AP:**

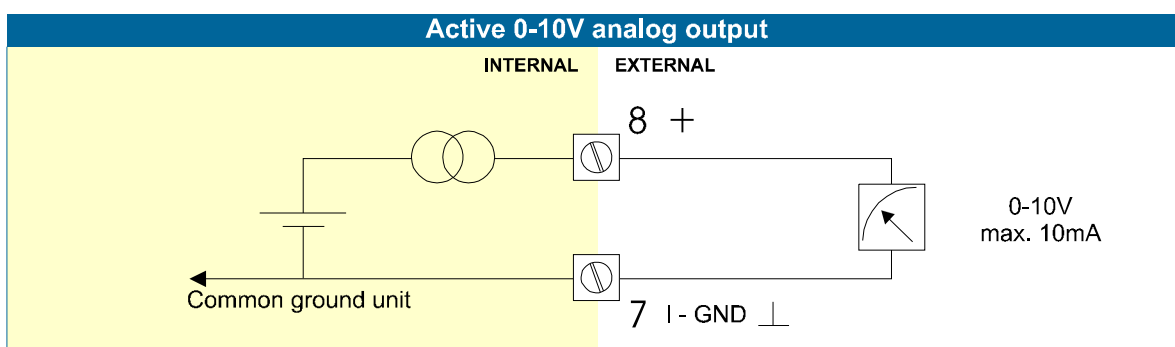
A passive 4-20mA signal proportional to the flowrate is available with this option. When a power supply is connected but the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated.

Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm. This output does loop power the unit as well (type PX).

**Type AU:**

A 0-10VDC signal proportional to the flowrate is available with this option.

Max. load 10mA @ 10VDC. (Requires power supply type PD / PF / PM).



**Terminal 09-11; Flowmeter input:**

Three basic types of flowmeter signals can be connected to the unit: pulse, active pulse or sine-wave (coil). The screen of the signal wire must be connected to the common ground terminal 09 (unless earthed at the sensor itself).

The maximum input frequency is approximately 10 kHz (depending on the type of signal). The input signal type has to be selected with the correct SETUP-function (read par. 3.2.3.)

**Sine-wave signal (Coil):**

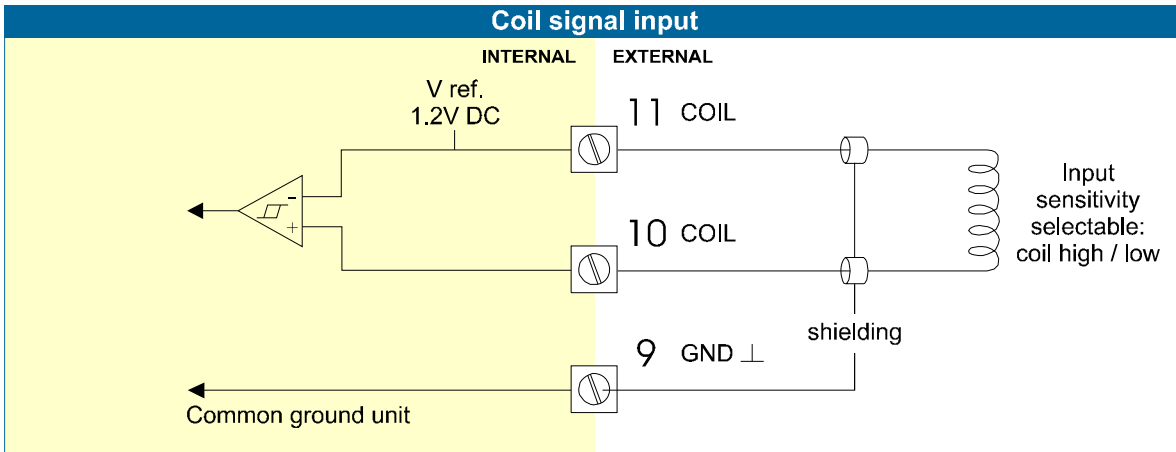
The F127-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a coil output signal. Two sensitivity levels can be selected with the SETUP-function:

COIL LO: sensitivity from about 120mVp-p.

COIL HI: sensitivity from about 20mVp-p.

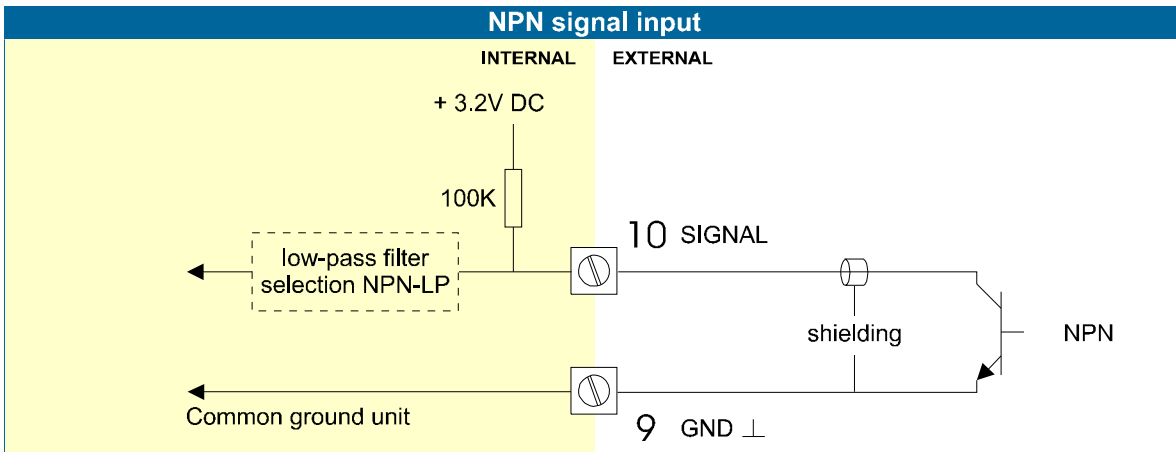
Type ZF offers for setting COIL HI : sensitivity from about 10mVp-p.

Type ZG offers for setting COIL HI : sensitivity from about 5mVp-p.



**Pulse-signal NPN / NPN-LP:**

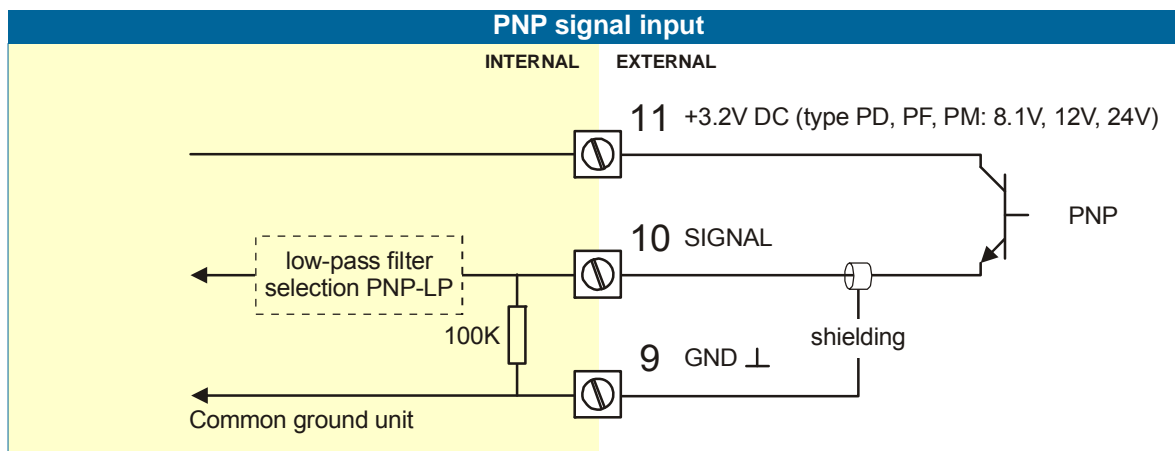
The F127-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a NPN output signal. For reliable pulse detection, the pulse amplitude has to go below 1.2V. Signal setting NPN-LP employs a low-pass signal noise filter, which limits the maximum input frequency - read par. 3.2.3.



**Pulse-signal PNP / PNP-LP:**

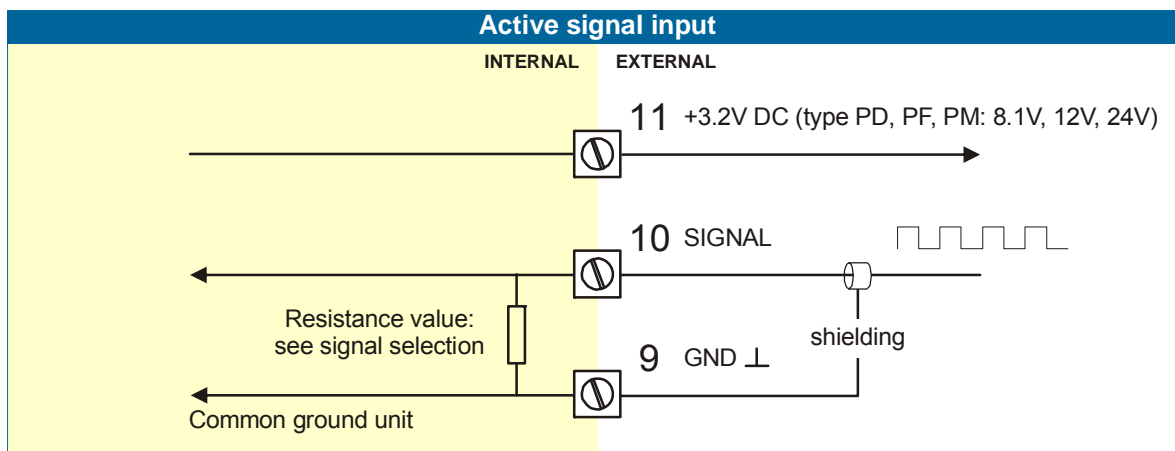
The F127-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a PNP output signal. 3.2V is offered on terminal 11 which has to be switched by the sensor to terminal 10 (SIGNAL). For a reliable pulse detection, the pulse amplitude has to go above 1.2V. Signal setting PNP-LP employs a low-pass signal noise filter, which limits the maximum input frequency - read par. 3.2.3.

A sensor supply voltage of 8.1, 12 or 24V DC can be provided with power supply type PD, PF, PM. For a signal detection level of 50% of the supply voltage: please refer to "active signals".

**Active signals 8.1V - 12V and 24V:**

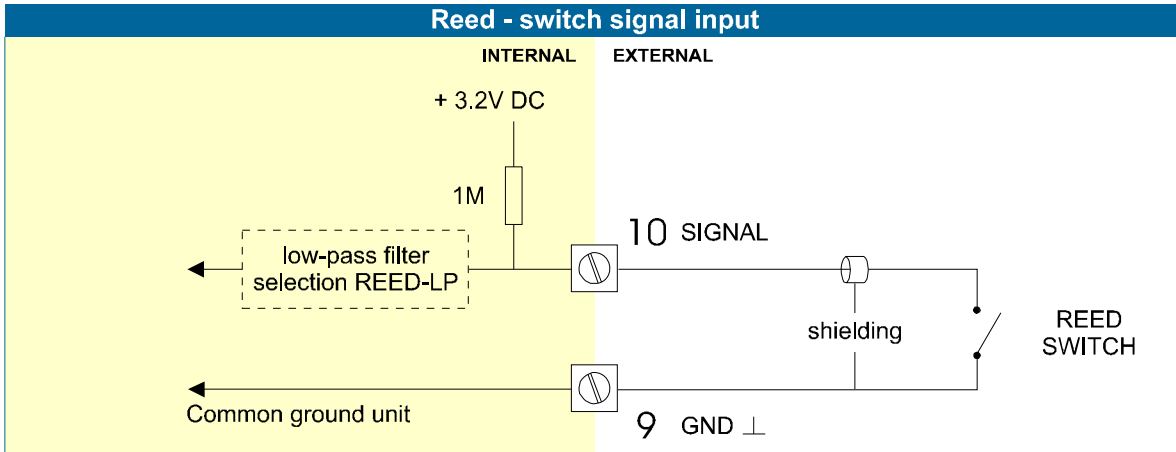
If a sensor gives an active signal, please read par. 3.2.3. The detection levels are 50% of the selected supply voltage; approximately 4V (ACT\_8.1) or 6V (ACT\_12) or 12V (ACT\_24).

Active signal selection may well be desired in the case of power supply type PD, PF, PM being supplied for sensor supply.



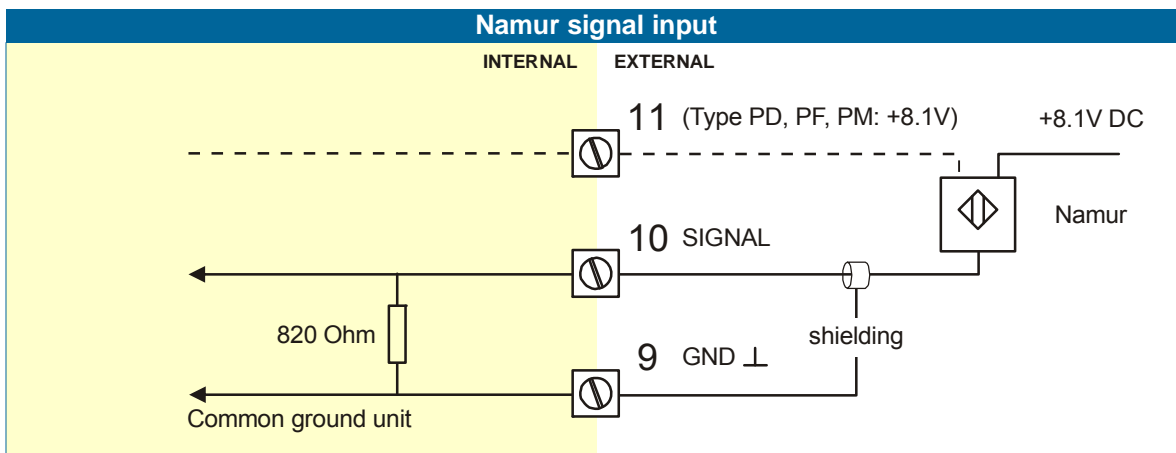
**Reed-switch:**

The F127-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a reed-switch. To avoid pulse bounce from the reed-switch, it is advised to select REED LP - low-pass filter (read par. 3.2.3.)



**NAMUR-signal:**

The F127-P is suitable for flowmeters with an Namur signal. The standard F127-P is not able to power the Namur sensor, as an external power supply for the sensor is required. However, a 8.2V sensor supply voltage (terminal 11) can be provided with power supply type PD, PF, PM.



**Terminal 12-14; Flowmeter input B:**

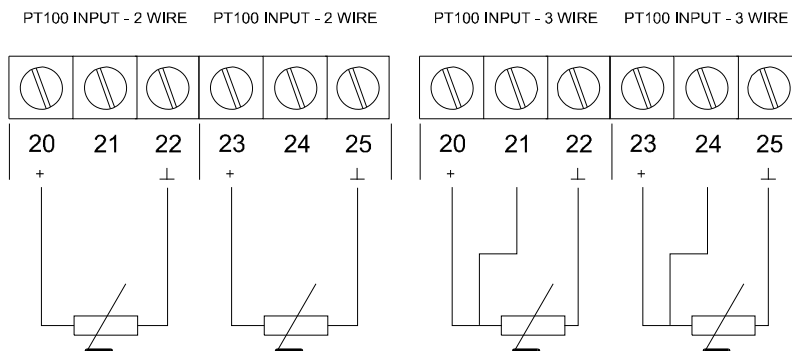
Exactly as described for the flowmeter A, three basic types of flowmeter signals can be connected for flowmeter input B. Please refer to the descriptions per flowmeter type as describer for flowmeter A. The 9-10-11 do correspond with the terminals 12-13-14.

**Terminal 20-22 and 23-25; Temperature inputs TP - PT100:**

Two types of PT100 elements can be connected: 2 or 3-wire. The temp coefficient for the RTD is 0.00385 ohms/ohms/C. The Ro is 100 ohms at 0.0 C.



The temperature of the inlet flow will be measured with sensor A - terminal 20-22.  
 The temperature of the outlet flow will be measured with sensor B - terminal 23-25.



**Terminal 26-31: type CB / CH / CI / CT - communication RS232 / RS485 / TTL (option)**

- Full serial communications and computer control in accordance with RS232 (length of cable max. 15 meters) or RS485 (length of cable max. 1200 meters) is possible.
- Read the Modbus communication protocol and Appendix C.

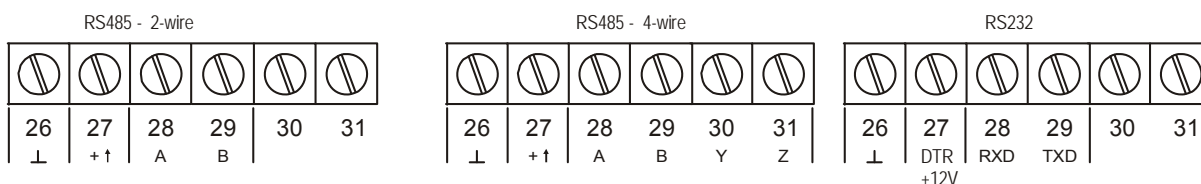


Fig. 10: Overview terminal connectors communication option.

When using the RS232 communication option, terminal 27 is used for supplying the interface. Please connect the DTR (or the RTS) signal of the interface to this terminal and set it active (+12V). If no active signal is available it is possible to connect a separate supply between terminals 26 and 27 with a voltage between 8V and 24V.

**Terminal 26-31: backlight - type ZB (option):**



**Note: if the unit is supplied with a power supply type PD, PF or PM, the backlight supply is integrated, so the text following is not applicable.**

To power the backlight, provide a 12-24V DC to terminal 26 (-) and 27 (+). An external trimmer 1kOhm trimmer can be used to tune the brightness of the backlight, or if not desired, a short-cut between these terminals have to be made which will result in the maximum brightness.



**Note: Intrinsically Safe as well as 4-wire RS485 communication is not possible in combination with type ZB, except if a PD, PF or PM power supply is being used.**

Option type ZB: adjustable backlight

Power supply 12-24V DC  $\pm$  10%      1kOhm trimmer connection or short-cut

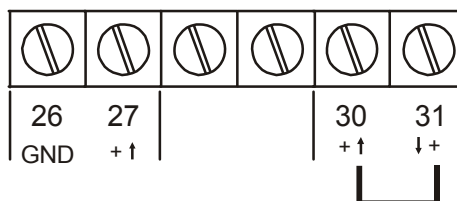


Fig. 11: Overview terminal connectors backlight option.

## 5. INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPLICATIONS

### 5.1. GENERAL INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS



Caution !

#### Cautions

- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained personnel authorized by the operator of the facility. Personnel must read and understand this Operating Manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by personnel who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Ensure that the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams. Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the cabinet has been opened (danger of electric shock). The housing may only be opened by trained personnel.
- To maintain the degree of protection of at least IP65 in accordance with IEC 60529, certified cable entries in accordance with IEC 61241-0 must be used and correctly installed. Unused openings must be closed with suitable blanking elements.
- When the enclosure of the Indicator is made of aluminum alloy, when used in a potentially explosive atmosphere requiring apparatus of equipment protection level Ga and Da, the unit must be installed such that, even in the event of rare incidents, an ignition source due to impact or friction sparks between the enclosure and iron/steel is excluded.
- Take careful notice of the " Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures " in the front of this manual.



#### Safety Instructions

- When two or more active intrinsically safe circuits are connected to the indicator, in order to prevent voltage and/or current addition, applicable to the external circuits, precautions must be taken to separate the intrinsically safe circuits in accordance with IEC 60079-11.
- For the combined connection of the different supply, input and output circuits, the instructions in this manual must be observed.
- From the safety point of view the circuits shall be considered to be connected to earth.
- For installation under ATEX directive: this intrinsically safe device must be installed in accordance with the ATEX directive 94/9/EC and the product certificate KEMA 03ATEX1074 X.
- For installation under IECEx scheme: this intrinsically safe device must be installed in accordance with the product certificate IECEx DEK 11.0042X.
- Exchange of Intrinsically Safe battery FWLiBAT-0xx with certificate number KEMA 03ATEX1071 U or IECEx KEM 08.0005U is allowed in Hazardous Area. See paragraph 5.4. for detailed battery replacement instructions.



Note !

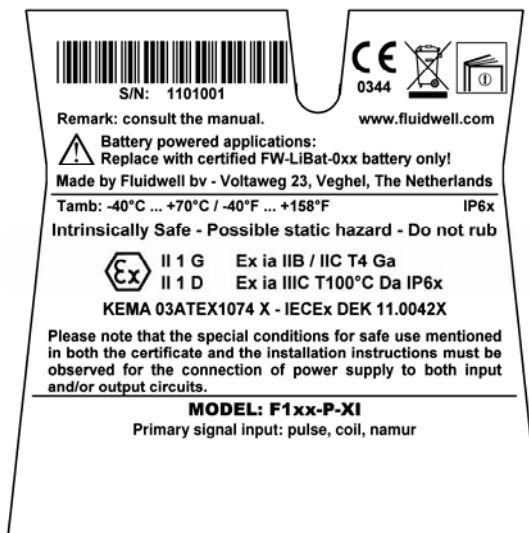
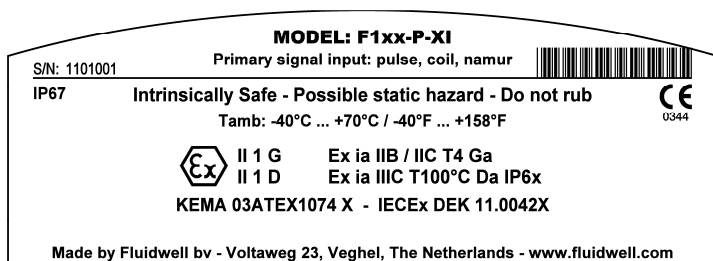
#### Please Note

- Certificates, safety values and declaration of compliance can be found in the document named: "Fluidwell F1...-XI - Documentation for Intrinsic Safety".
- Special conditions for safe use mentioned in both the certificate and the installation instructions must be observed for the connection of power to both input and / or output circuits.
- When installing this device in hazardous areas, the wiring and installation must comply with the appropriate installation standards for your industry.
- Study the following pages with wiring diagrams per classification.

**Label information (inside and outside the enclosure)**

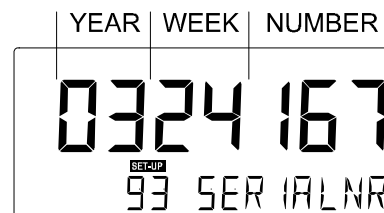
Indicated labels on the back cover (below) and on the inside cover (right) show the type labels for intrinsically safe certified units.

For details on usage see the separate “Fluidwell F1...-XI Documentation for Intrinsic Safety”.



**Serial number and year of production**

This information can be looked-up on the display: See setup function (par. 3.2.2.) for details.



**5.2. TERMINAL CONNECTORS INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPLICATIONS**



The unit is classified as group IIB/IIIC by default.

Classification of the unit as group IIC is only possible under the following conditions:

- The indicator is either supplied by
  - the internal supply (option -PC); or
  - the external supply connected to terminals 0 and 1 (option -PD); or
  - the circuit supply connected to terminals 7 and 8 (option -AP);
- The maximum values for any of those circuits are those as defined for group IIB/IIIC;
- No other active external intrinsically safe circuits may be connected to the indicator, with exception of circuits connected to terminals 3 and 4 and/or terminals 5 and 6; the maximum values for any of those circuits are those as defined for group IIB/IIIC

**Terminal connectors F127-P-EL-TP-XI:**

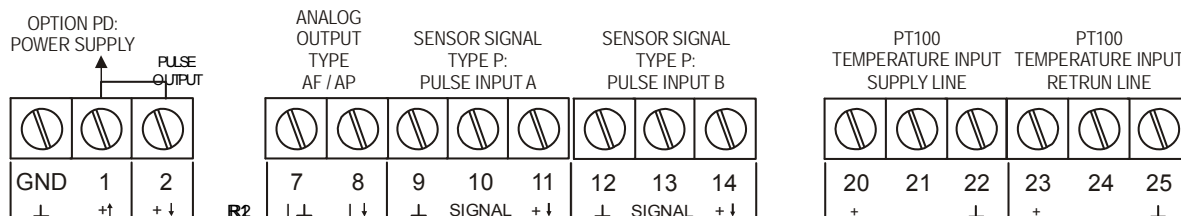


Fig. 12: Terminal connectors Intrinsically Safe applications.


**Explanation Intrinsically Safe options:**

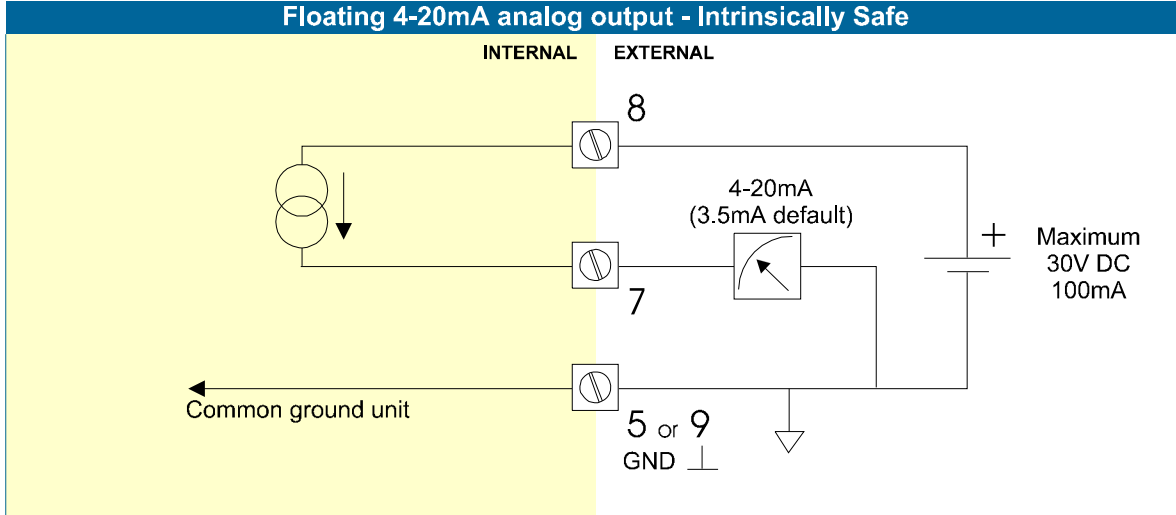
**Type AF - Intrinsically Safe floating 4-20mA analog output - Terminal 7-8:**

A floating 4-20mA signal proportional to the flowrate is available with this option.

When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated.

Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 30V DC.

 **Note !** It is required to link the minus from the analog output - terminal 7 - with a ground terminal of the unit; terminal: GND, 3, 5, 9, 12 or 15.



**Type PD - Intrinsically Safe power supply and sensor supply - Terminal GND- 01 and 11.**

TYPE	SENSOR SUPPLY	Terminal		
		GND	01	02
PD	Input voltage: 8-30V DC	L-	L+	internally linked with terminal 01.

Terminal 02: this terminal offers the same voltage as connected to terminal 01.

Terminal 11 / 14: these terminals offers a 3.2V or 8.1V to power the sensor.

This voltage is selected with the switch(es) inside the enclosure. First, remove the terminals after which the internal plastic cover can be removed.

Switch position terminal 11		Switch position terminal 14	
SWITCH 1	VOLTAGE	SWITCH 2	VOLTAGE
on	8.1 V DC	on	8.1 V DC
off	3.2 V DC	off	3.2 V DC

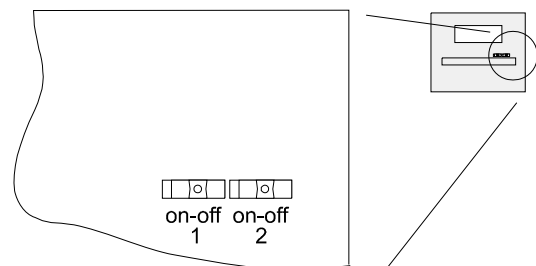


Fig. 13: Switch position voltage selection type PD-XI.

5.3 CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES

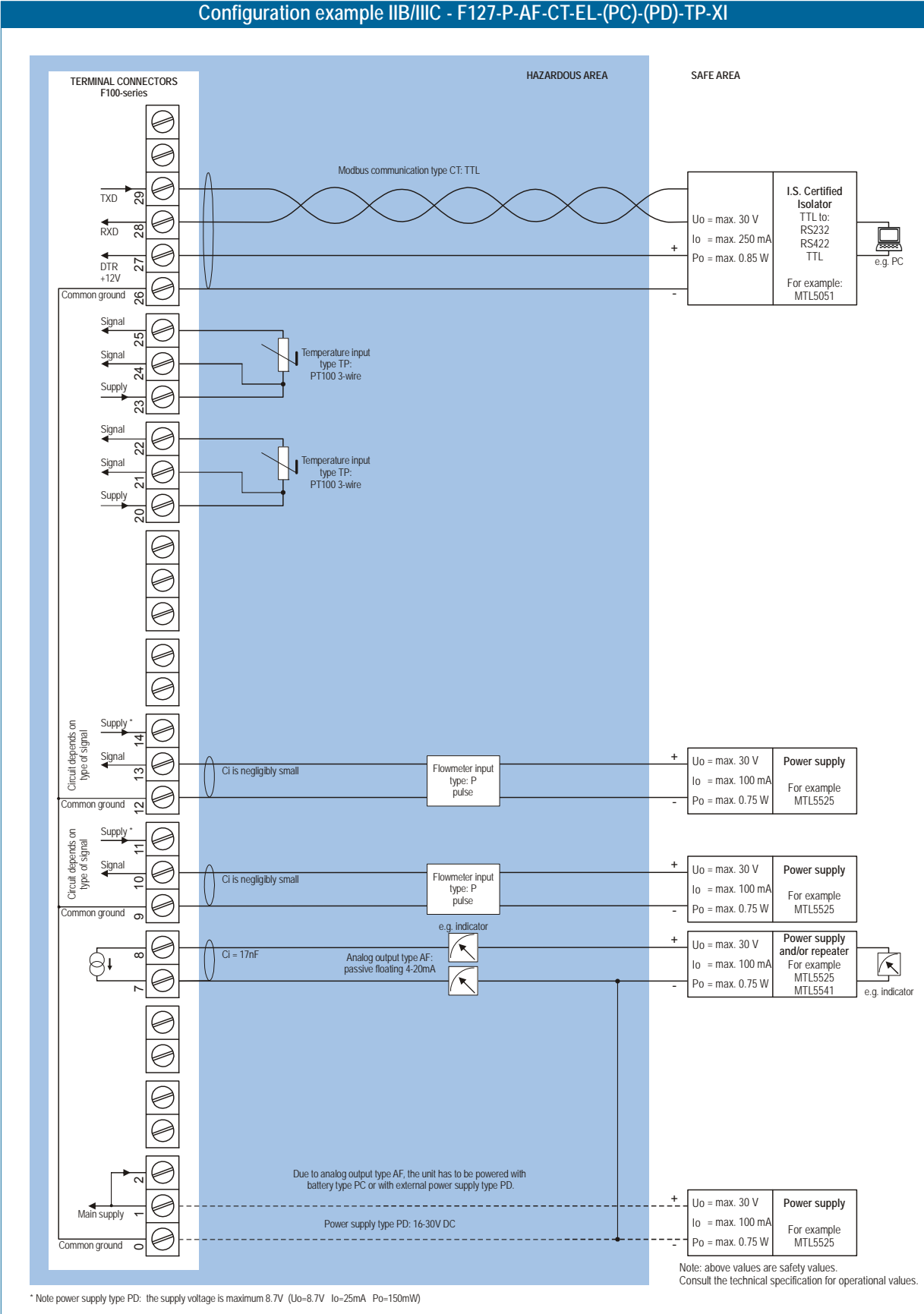


Fig. 14: Configuration example 1 Intrinsically Safe

Configuration example IIB/IIIC and IIC - F127-P-AF-CT-EL-PD-TP-XI

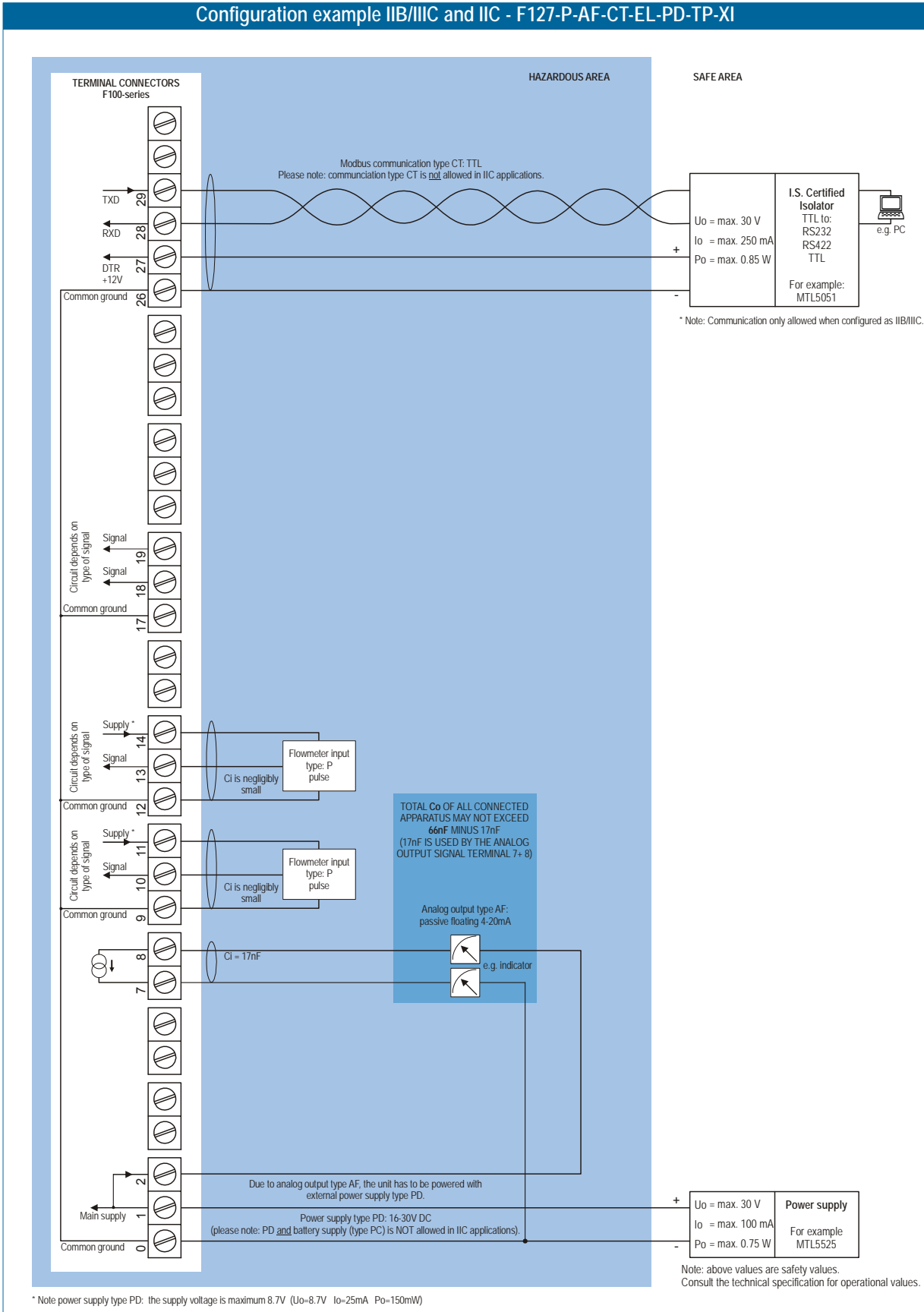


Fig. 15: Configuration example 2 Intrinsically Safe

## 5.4 BATTERY REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS



### Safety Instructions

- **Fire, explosion or severe burns may result if mistreated.** Do not recharge, crush, disassemble, incinerate, heat above 100°C (212°F) or expose contents to water.
- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained personnel authorized by the plant operator. Personnel must read and understand this instruction before carrying out the replacement procedure.
- Always follow the instructions listed in the supplied Battery Replacement Instruction Sheet.
- Batteries pose an environmental hazard. Return used batteries to a recycling point.



Caution !

### Safety instructions for hazardous areas

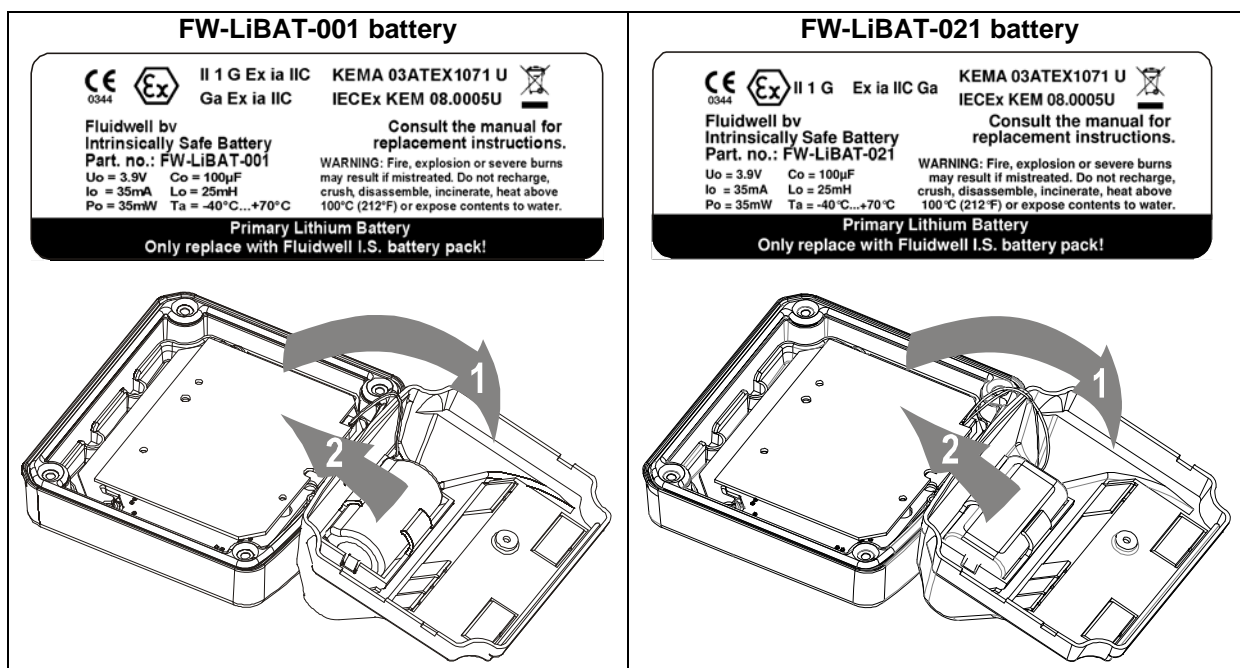
- Verify the correct battery is supplied: **Only batteries with indicated Ex label are certified for replacement and use in hazardous areas.** Batteries for use in safe areas have no Ex label. **DO NOT EXCHANGE:** Using the wrong type of battery can pose a SERIOUS RISK.
- **For use in hazardous areas Fluidwell recommends FW-LiBAT batteries (manufactured by Fluidwell bv) only.**

### Battery replacement procedure



Note !

Depending on the production batch, one of two visualized Intrinsically Safe certified battery types may have been installed in the unit. They are interchangeable.



1. To replace the battery, open the unit to gain access to the back inside cover of the unit.
2. Unplug the field connectors from the back inside of the unit.
3. Remove the screw that holds the plastic inside cover.
4. Open the cover and unplug the battery connector.
5. Remove the battery from the inside of the plastic cover. *Do not remove the battery clip!*
6. Install the new battery and re-assemble the unit in reverse order.
7. Start-up the unit

## 6. MAINTENANCE



### 6.1. GENERAL DIRECTIONS

- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of the instrument may only be carried out by trained personnel authorized by the operator of the facility. Personnel must read and understand this Operating Manual before carrying out its instructions.
- The F127-P-EL may only be operated by personnel who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Ensure that the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams. Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained personnel.
- Take careful notice of the " Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures " in the front of this manual.

The F127-P-EL does not require special maintenance unless it is used in low-temperature applications or surroundings with high humidity (above 90% annual mean). It is the users responsibility to take all precautions to dehumidify the internal atmosphere of the F127-P-EL in such a way that no condensation will occur, for example by placing dry silica-gel sachet in the casing just before closing it. Furthermore, it is required to replace or dry the silica gel periodically as advised by the silica gel supplier.

#### **Battery life-time:**

It is influenced by several issues :

- Type of sensor: read chapter 3.2.3. NPN and PNP inputs consume more energy than coil inputs.
- Input frequency: the higher the frequency, the shorter the battery life-time.
- Flowrate calculation: the lower number of pulses (SETUP 26) the shorter the battery life-time.
- Analog output signal; be sure that an external power supply is connected or that the function is disabled if not in use; or else it will have a major influence on the battery life-time (SETUP B1).
- Display update: fast display update uses significantly more power; SETUP 51.
- Pulse output and communications .
- Low temperatures; the available power will be less due to battery chemistry.



**Note:** *It is strongly advised to disable unused functions.*

#### **Check periodically:**

- The condition of the casing, cable glands and front panel.
- The input/output wiring for reliability and aging symptoms.
- The process accuracy. As a result of wear and tear, re-calibration of the flowmeter and temperature sensor might be necessary. Do not forget to re-enter any subsequent K-factor or Span alterations.
- The indication for low-battery.
- Clean the casing with soapy-water. Do not use any aggressive solvents as these might damage the coating.

### 6.2. REPAIR

This product cannot be repaired by the user and must be replaced with an equivalent certified product. Repairs should only be carried out by the manufacturer or his authorized agent.



## APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

### GENERAL

Display	
Type	High intensity reflective numeric and alphanumeric LCD, UV-resistant.
Digits	Seven 17mm (0.67") and eleven 8mm (0.31"). Various symbols and measuring units.
Refresh rate	User definable: 8 times/sec - 30 secs.
Type ZB	Transflective LCD with green LED backlight. Good readings in full sunlight and darkness. Note: only available for safe area applications. Power requirements: 12-24V DC + 10% or type PD, PF, PM. Power consumption max. 1 Watt.

Enclosures	
General	Die-cast aluminum or GRP (Glassfibre Reinforced Polyamide) enclosure with Polycarbonate window, silicone and EPDM gaskets. UV stabilized and flame retardant material.
Control Keys	Three industrial micro-switch keys. UV-stabilized silicone keypad.
Painting	Aluminum enclosure only: UV-resistant 2-component industrial painting.
Panel-mount enclosures	Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 60mm (5.10" x 4.72" x 2.38") – LxHxD.
Classification	IP65 / NEMA4X
Panel cut-out	115 x 98mm (4.53" x 3.86") LxH.
Type HC	GRP panel-mount enclosure
Type HB	Aluminum panel-mount enclosure
Field/wall-mount enclosures	Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 75mm (5.10" x 4.72" x 2.95") – LxHxD.
Classification	IP67 / NEMA4X
Aluminium enclosures	
Type HA	Drilling: 2x PG9 – 1x M20.
Type HM	Drilling: 2x M16 – 1x M20.
Type HN	Drilling: 1x M20.
Type HO	Drilling: 2x M20.
Type HP	Drilling: 6x M12.
Type HT	Drilling: 1x ½"NPT.
Type HU	Drilling: 3x ½"NPT.
Type HV	Drilling: 4x M20
Type HZ	No drilling.
GRP enclosures	
Type HD	No drilling.
Type HE	Drilling: 2x 16mm (0.63") – 1x 20mm (0.78").
Type HF	Drilling: 1x 22mm (0.87").
Type HG	Drilling: 2x 20mm (0.78").
Type HJ	Drilling: 3x 22mm (0.87").
Type HH	Drilling: 6x 12mm (0.47").
Type HK	Flat bottom - no drilling.
ABS enclosure	
Type HS	Silicone free ABS enclosure with EPDM and PE gaskets. UV-resistant polyester keypad. (no drilling)


Operating temperature	
Operational	-40°C to +80°C (-40°F to +176°F)
Intrinsically Safe	-40°C to +70°C (-40°F to +158°F)

Power supply	
Type PB	Lithium battery - life-time depends upon settings - up to 5 years.
Type PC	Intrinsically Safe lithium battery - life-time depends upon settings - up to 5 years.
Type PD	8-24V AC / DC ± 10%. Power consumption max. 10 Watt. Intrinsically safe: 16-30V DC; power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.
Type PF	24V AC / DC ± 10%. Power consumption max. 15 Watt.
Type PL	Input loop powered from sensor signal 4-20mA (type A, non IS).
Type PM	115-230V AC + 10%. Power consumption max. 15 Watt.
Type PX	Output loop powered: 8-30V DC. Power consumption max. 0.5 Watt.
Note PF / PM	The total consumption of the sensors, backlight and outputs may not exceed 400mA@24V.
Note I.S. applications	For intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.

Sensor excitation	
Type PB / PC / PX	3.2V DC for pulse signals and 1.2V DC for coil pick-up. Note: This is not a real sensor supply. Only suitable for pulse sensors with a very low power consumption like coils (sine wave) and reed-switches.
Type PD	1.2 - 3.2 - 8.2 - 12 and 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DC
Type PD-XI	Intrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2 - 3.2 - 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC. Analog signals: the sensor supply voltage is according to the power supply voltage connected to terminal 1. Also terminal 2 offers the same voltage.
Type PF / PM	1.2 - 3.2 - 8.2 - 12 and 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.

Terminal connections	
Type:	Removable plug-in terminal strip. Wire max. 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> and 2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (Type PM / PF)

Data protection	
Type	EEPROM backup of all setting. Backup of running totals every minute. Data retention at least 10 years.
Pass code	Configuration settings can be pass code protected.

Hazardous area (option)	
Intrinsically safe Type XI	<b>ATEX approval:</b>  II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC T4 Ga II 1 D Ex ia IIIC T100°C Da IP6x  <b>IECEx approval:</b> Ex ia IIB/IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T100°C Da IP6x
Explosion proof Type XD/XF	ATEX approval ref.: <EX> II 2 GD EEx d IIB T5. Weight appr. 15kg. Dimensions of enclosure: 350 x 250 x 200mm (13.7" x 9.9" x 7.9") LxHxD.

## INPUTS

Flowmeter	
Type P	Coil/sine wave (minimum 20mVp-p or 80mVp-p - sensitivity selectable), NPN/PNP, open collector, reed-switch, Namur, active pulse signals 8 - 12 and 24V.
Frequency	Minimum 0 Hz - maximum 7 kHz for total and flowrate. Maximum frequency depends on signal type and internal low-pass filter. E.g. Reed switch with low-pass filter: max. frequency 120 Hz.
K-Factor	0.000010 - 9,999,999 with variable decimal position.
Low-pass filter	Available for all pulse signals.

Temperature	
Type TP	2 or 3 wire PT100.
Standard	range: -100°C to +200°C (-148°F to 392°F) - accuracy 0.1 °C (0.18°F).
Update time	four times a second.
Note	The linearity is internally compensated.
Option ZV	range: -200°C to +800°C (-328°F to 1832°F) - accuracy 0.5 °C (0.9°F).
Type TA	(0)4-20mA - with signal calibration feature. Resolution: 14 bit.
Type TU	0-10 V, 0-5 V, 1-5 V - with signal calibration feature. Resolution: 14 bit.
Accuracy	0.05%. Low level cut-off programmable.
Span	0.000010 - 9,999,999 with variable decimal position.
Update time	Four times a second.
Voltage drop	2.5 Volt @ 20mA.
Load impedance	3kOhm
Note	For signal type TA and TU: external power to sensor required; e.g. type PD.

## OUTPUTS

Analog output	
Function	transmitting differential flowrate.
Accuracy	10 bit. Error < 0.05% - update 10 times a second. Software function to calibrate the 4.00mA and 20.00mA levels precisely within set-up.
Load	max. 1 kOhm
Type AA	Active 4-20mA output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).
Type AB	Active 0-20mA output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).
Type AF	Passive floating 4-20mA output for Intrinsically Safe applications (requires PC, PD or PL).
Type AI	Passive galvanically isolated output (requires PB, PD, PF, PL or PM).
Type AP	Passive 4-20mA output - output loop powered (type PX).
Type AU	Active 0-10V output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).

Communication option	
Functions	reading display information, reading / writing all settings.
Protocol	Modbus RTU
Speed	1200 - 2400 - 4800 - 9600 baud
Addressing	maximum 255 addresses.
Type CB	RS232
Type CH	RS485 2-wire
Type CI	RS485 4-wire
Type CT	TTL Intrinsically Safe communication.
Type CX	no communication.

## OPERATIONAL

Operator functions	
Displayed functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>compensated differential total and/or compensated differential flowrate.</li> <li>compensated differential total and compensated differential accumulated total.</li> <li>inlet temperature and compensated flowrate.</li> <li>outlet temperature and compensated flowrate.</li> <li>compensated differential total can be reset to zero by pressing the CLEAR-key twice.</li> </ul>

Total	
Digits	7 digits.
Units	L, m3, GAL, USGAL, KG, lb, bbl, no unit.
Decimals	0 - 1 - 2 or 3.
Note	total can be reset to zero.

Accumulated total	
Digits	11 digits.
Units / decimals	according to selection for total.

Flowrate	
Digits	7 digits.
Units	mL, L, m3, Gallons, KG, Ton, lb, bl, cf, RND, ft3, scf, Nm3, NI, igal - no units.
Decimals	0 - 1 - 2 or 3.
Time units	/sec - /min - /hr - /day.

Line temperature	
Digits	6 digits.
Units	°C, °F or K
Decimals	1
Normal temperature	default: 273.15 K - any temperature can be set.

Flow equations	
Type EL	corrected liquid volume
Formula	$Q_{\text{normal}} = Q * (1 + \alpha * (T_{\text{normal}} - T))$ where $\alpha$ = thermal expansion coefficient.

## APPENDIX B: PROBLEM SOLVING

In this appendix, several problems are included that can occur when the F127-P-EL is going to be installed or while it is in operation.

### Flowmeter does not generate pulses:

Check:

- Signal selection SETUP - 71 / 72,
- Pulse amplitude (par. 4.4.3.),
- Flowmeter, wiring and connection of terminal connectors (par. 4.4.3.),
- Power supply of flowmeter (par. 4.4.2.).

### Flowmeter generates "too many pulses":

Check:

- Settings for total and Flowrate: SETUP 11-14 and 21-27, 31-32 and 41-42,
- Type of signal selected with actual signal generated - SETUP - 71 / 72,
- Sensitivity of coil input - SETUP - 71 / 72 and par. 4.4.3.
- Proper grounding of the F127-P-EL - par. 4.4.1.
- Use screened wire for flowmeter signals and connect screen to terminal 9. (unless connected at sensor)

### Analog output does not function properly:

Check:

- SETUP C1 - is the function enabled?
- SETUP C2 / C3: are the flow-levels programmed correctly?
- connection of the external power-supply according to the specification.

### Flowrate displays "0 / zero" while there is flow (total is counting):

Check:

- SETUP 22 / 25 and 41-42: are the K-factor and time unit correct?
- SETUP 26 / 27: The unit has to count the number of pulses according to SETUP 26 within the time according to SETUP 27. Make sure that 27 is set to 10.0 seconds for example : the result is that the unit has at least 10 seconds time to measure the number of pulses according to SETUP 26.

### The pass code is unknown:

If the pass code is not 1234, there is only one possibility left: call your supplier.

### ALARM

When the alarm flag starts to blink an internal alarm condition has occurred. Press the "select button" several times to display the 5-digit error code. The codes are:

0001: irrecoverable display-data error: data on the display might be corrupted.

0002: irrecoverable data-storage error: the programming cycle might have gone wrong: check programmed values.

0003: error 1 and error 2 occurred simultaneously

The alarm condition will almost certainly be handled internally and if all mentioned values still appear correct, no intervention by the operator is needed. If the alarm occurs more often or stays active for a longer time, please contact your supplier.

## APPENDIX C: COMMUNICATION VARIABLES

CONFIGURATION VARIABLES F127-P-TP - SETUP-LEVEL:				
VAR	DESCRIPTION	BYTES	VALUE	REMARKS
<b>TOTAL A</b>				
32 (20h)	unit	1	0=L 1=m3 2=kg 3=lb 4=gal 5=usgal 6=bbl 7=none	
33 (21h)	decimals	1	0...3	
34 (22h)	K-factor	3	1....9.999.999	K-f 0000001 - K-f 0000009 is allowed when decs < 6! (VAR37)
37 (25h)	decimals K-factor	1	0...6	
<b>FLOWRATE A</b>				
48 (30h)	unit	1	0=mL 1=L 2=m3 3=mg 4=g 5=kg 6=ton 7=gal 8=bbl 9=lb 10=cf 11=rev (revolutions for RPM) 12=none	
49 (31h)	time unit	1	0=sec 1=min 2=hour 3=day	
50 (32h)	decimals	1	0...3	
51 (33h)	K-factor	3	1....9.999.999	K-f 0000001 - K-f 0000009 is allowed when decs < 6! (VAR54)
54 (36h)	decimals K-factor	1	0...6	
47h	period	2	1 .. 9999	steps of 100ms
3E	filter	1	1..99	
<b>TOTAL B</b>				
40 (28h)	K-factor	3	1....9.999.999	K-f 0000001 - K-f 0000009 is allowed when decs < 6! (VAR43)
43 (2Bh)	decimals K-factor	1	0...6	
<b>FLOWRATE B</b>				
227 (E3h)	K-factor	3	1....9.999.999	K-f 0000001 - K-f 0000009 is allowed when decs < 6! (VAR230)
230 (E6h)	decimals K-factor	1	0...6	

VAR	DESCRIPTION	BYTES	VALUE	REMARKS
<b>DISPLAY</b>				
64 (40h)	display function	1	0=total 1=flowrate	
49h	negative flowrate	1	0=disable 1=enable	
<b>POWERMANAGEMENT</b>				
80 (50h)	LCD update time	1	0=fast 1=1sec 2=3sec 3=15sec 4=30sec 5=off	
81 (51h)	power-mode battery	1	0=operational 1=shelf	
<b>FLOWMETER</b>				
96 (60h)	flowmeter signal A	1	0=npn 1=npn-lp 2=reed 3=reed LP 4=PNP 5=PNP-lp 6=namur 7=coil hi 8=coil lo	
97 (61h)	flowmeter signal B	1	0=npn 1=npn-lp 2=reed 3=reed LP 4=PNP 5=PNP-lp 6=namur 7=coil hi 8=coil lo	
<b>FORMULA</b>				
229h	normal temperature	3	0.00....99,999.99	step: 0.01 K
4Ah	thermal exp coeff alfa	3	0....9,999,999	
<b>TEMPERATURE A/B</b>				
63h	filter	1	0....99	
528 (210h)	display	1	0= °C 1= °F 2= K	
<b>ANALOG OUTPUT</b>				
112 (70h)	analog output	1	0=disable 1=enable	
116 (71h)	minimum rate	3	0..9999999	unit, time, decimals acc. var48-50
116 (74h)	maximum rate	3	0..9999999	unit, time, decimals acc. var48-50
119 (77h)	cut off percentage	1	0..99	steps of 0.1%
120 (78h)	tune minimum rate	2	0..9999	
122 (7Ah)	tune maximum rate	2	0..9999	
99 (63h)	filter	1	0....99	

VAR	DESCRIPTION	BYTES	VALUE	REMARKS
<b>OTHERS</b>				
168 (A8h)	pass code	2	xxxx	read only!
170 AAh	tagnumber	3	0..9999999	Other vars: see standard table

#### OTHER F127-P VARIABLES FOR COMMUNICATION

##### DIFFERENTIAL TOTAL - variable number 566 (236h) – 6 bytes

READ TOTAL: The value of total read using RS communications might differ from the value that appears on the display. This is due to the fact that the display can only display up to seven digits (e.g. when two decimals are selected for total and total has a value of 123456,78 the display will show 23456,78 while communication will read a “total” of 12345678 and a “total decimals” of 2).

WRITE TOTAL: Total can only be cleared. This means writing a value different from 0 will result in the reply of an error message. Only writing 6 bytes of zero’s to total will be accepted.

##### DIFFERENTIAL ACCUMULATED TOTAL - variable number 560 (230h) – 6 bytes

READ ACC. TOTAL: A difference between the read value and the display value, as explained for “Read total”, might appear here too.

WRITE ACC. TOTAL: not possible.

When reading or writing total or accumulated total it should be noted that the used values are given including the decimals. This means that a read/write to one of these variables should be accompanied with a read/write to the variable that holds the number of decimals for this variable:

**Example: read var. 566 for differential total:**

*Read var. 33 for total decimals and calculate the real value of total by multiplying total with 10<sup>(total decimals)</sup>*

##### DIFFERENTIAL FLOWRATE - variable number 63Ch – 4 bytes

READ FLOWRATE: The value difference as mentioned with total/acc. total might appear here too.

WRITE FLOWRATE: not possible.

##### FLOWRATE A - variable number 572 (23Ch) – 4 bytes

##### FLOWRATE B - variable number 588 (24Ch) – 4 bytes

Read flowrate: The value difference as mentioned with total/acc. total might appear here too.

Write flowrate: Impossible.

##### Temperature A - variable number 21Ch – 4 bytes

##### Temperature B - variable number 22Ch – 4 bytes

Write temperature: Impossible.

## LIST OF CONFIGURATION SETTINGS

SETTING	DEFAULT	DATE :	DATE :
<b>1 - TOTAL - A</b>	Enter your settings here		
11 unit	L		
12 decimals	0000000		
13 K-factor	0000001		
14 decimals K-factor	0		

SETTING	DEFAULT	DATE :	DATE :
<b>2 - FLOWRATE - A</b>	Enter your settings here		
21 unit	L		
22 time unit	/min		
23 decimals	0000000		
24 K-factor	0000001		
25 decimals K-factor	0		
26 filter	01		
27 period time	1.0 sec.		
<b>3 - TOTAL - B</b>			
31 K-factor	0000001		
32 decimals K-factor	0		
<b>4 - FLOWRATE - B</b>			
41 K-factor	0000001		
42 decimals K-factor	0		
<b>5 - DISPLAY</b>			
51 function	flowrate		
52 measurement	bi-directional		
53 stationary flowrate	0 L/ min		
54 stationary total	0 L/hr	/hr	/hr
<b>6 - POWER MANAGEMENT</b>			
61 LCD-new	1 sec.		
62 mode	operational		
<b>7 - FLOWMETER</b>			
71 signal A	coil-lo		
72 signal B	coil-lo		
<b>8 - TEMPERATURE - A/B</b>			
81 display unit	°C		
82 no. of wires	3		
83 filter	10		
<b>9 - FORMULA</b>			
92 thermal exp. coefficient	0.000000		
93 normal temperature	288.15 K	K	K
<b>A - ANALOG OUTPUT</b>			
A1 output	disabled		
A2 min. flowrate (4mA)	0000000		
A3 max. flowrate (20mA)	9999999		
A4 tune min	0208		
A5 tune max	6656		
<b>B - COMMUNICATION</b>			
B1 baud-rate	2400		
B2 address	1		
B3 mode	BUS-RTU		
<b>C - OTHERS</b>			
C4 pass code	0000		
C5 tagnumber	0000000		

