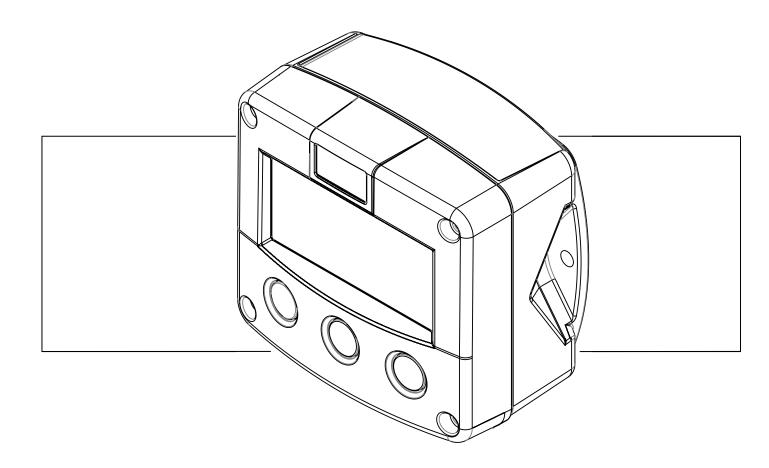
F126-P-EG-TP

FLOW COMPUTER

temperature and pressure compensation for corrected gas volume



Signal input flowmeter - type P: pulse, Namur and coil

Signal input pressure - type IA: (0)4-20mA

Signal input temperature - type TP: PT100 2- or 3 wire

Signal output: (0)4-20mA/0-10V ref. corrected flow rate and pulse ref. total

Options: intrinsically safe, Modbus communication









SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Any responsibility is lapsed if the instructions and procedures as described in this manual are not followed.
- LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS: The F126-P is not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of the product can reasonably be expected to result in a personal injury. Customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify the manufacturer and supplier for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.
- Electro static discharge does inflict irreparable damage to electronics! Before installing or opening the unit, the installer has to discharge himself by touching a well-grounded object.
- This unit must be installed in accordance with the EMC guidelines (Electro Magnetic Compatibility).
- Do connect a proper grounding to the metal enclosure as indicated if the F126-P has an incoming power line which carries a 115-230V AC. The Protective Earth (PE) wire may never be disconnected or removed.
- Intrinsically safe applications: follow the instructions as mentioned in Chapter 5 and consult "Fluidwell F1..-.-XI - Documentation for Intrinsic safety".

DISPOSAL OF ELECTRONIC WASTE



- The WEEE Directive requires the recycling of disposed electrical and electronic equipment in the European Union. When the WEEE Directive does not apply to your region, we support its policy and ask you to be aware on how to dispose of this product.
- The crossed out wheelie bin symbol as illustrated and found on our products tells that this
 product shall not be disposed of into the general waste system or into a landfill.
- At the end of its life, equipment shall be disposed of according to the local regulations regarding waste of the electrical and the electronic equipment.
- Please contact your local dealer, national distributor or the manufacturer's Technical helpdesk for information on the product disposal.

SAFETY RULES AND PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

- The manufacturer accepts no responsibility whatsoever if the following safety rules and precautions instructions and the procedures as described in this manual are not followed.
- Modifications of the F126-P implemented without preceding written consent from the manufacturer, will result in the immediate termination of product liability and warranty period.
- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Check the mains voltage and information on the manufacturer's plate before installing the unit.
- Check all connections, settings and technical specifications of the various peripheral devices with the F126-P supplied.
- Open the enclosure only if all leads are free of potential.
- Never touch the electronic components (ESD sensitivity).
- Never expose the system to heavier conditions than allowed according the classification of the enclosure (see manufacture's plate and chapter 4).
- If the operator detects errors or dangers, or disagrees with the safety precautions taken, then inform the owner or principal responsible.
- The local labor and safety laws and regulations must be adhered to.

ABOUT THE MANUAL

This operation manual is divided into two main sections:

- The daily use of the unit is described in chapter 2 "Operation". These instructions are meant for users.
- The following chapters and appendices are exclusively meant for electricians/technicians. These provide a detailed description of all software settings and hardware installation guidance.

This manual describes the standard unit as well as the available options. For additional information, please contact your supplier.

A hazardous situation may occur if the F126-P is not used for the purpose it was designed for or is used incorrectly. Please carefully note the information in this manual indicated by the pictograms:



A "warning!" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may lead to personal injury, a safety hazard or damage of the F126-P or connected instruments.



A "caution!" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may lead to personal injury or incorrect functioning of the F126-P or connected instruments.



A "note!" indicates actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may indirectly affect operation or may lead to an instrument response which is not planned.

WARRANTY AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For warranty and technical support for your Fluidwell products, visit our internet site www.fluidwell.com or contact us at support@fluidwell.com.

Hardware version : 03.01.xx Software version : 03.03.xx

Manual : FW_F126P_EGTP_v1702_02_EN © Copyright 2017 : Fluidwell B.V. - the Netherlands

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Functions and features

The flow computer model F126-P-EG-TP is a microprocessor driven instrument for the calculation of standard volumetric flow or mass flow for gas applications using flow equations.

This product has been designed with a focus on:

- ultra-low power consumption to allow long-life battery powered applications (type PB/PC),
- intrinsic safety for use in hazardous applications (type XI);
- several mounting possibilities with aluminum or GRP enclosures for harsh industrial surroundings;
- ability to process all types of flowmeter signals;
- transmitting possibilities with analog / pulse and communication outputs.

Flowmeter and temperature input

This manual describes the unit with a pulse_input from the flowmeter. The F126-P has also a PT100 temperature input. Other versions are available to process (0)4-20mA signals.

One flowmeter with a passive or active pulse, Namur or sine wave (coil) signal output can be connected to the F126-P. To power the sensor, several options are available.

Standard output

- Pulse output to transmit a pulse that represents a totalized quantity as programmed.
- Linear (0)4-20mA or 0-10V analog output to represent the actual flow rate as programmed. The (0)4-20mA or 0-10V signal limits can be tuned.

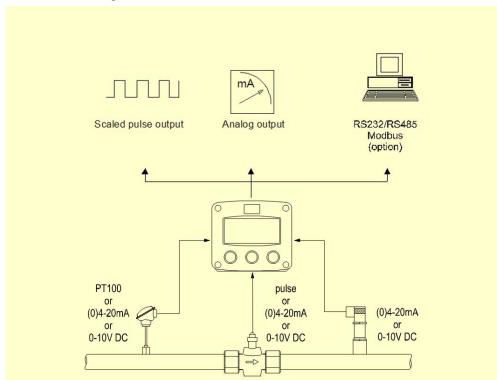


Fig. 1: Typical application

Configuration of the unit

The F126-P is designed for use in many types of applications. For that reason, a setup menu is available to program the F126-P according to your specific requirements.

The setup includes several important features, such as K-Factors, engineering units, signal selection, power management (to extend battery life-time), etc. All settings are stored in a non-volatile memory and therefore kept in the event of a power failure or an exhausted battery.

Display information

The unit has a LCD with (optional) backlight to show the process information, status and alarm messages. The display refresh rate is programmed in the setup menu. At a key press, the display refresh rate will switch to FAST for 30 seconds. When 'OFF' is selected, the display goes off after 30 seconds after the last key press. The display temporarily comes on after a key press.

A backup of the total and accumulated total in EEPROM memory is made every minute.

Options

The following options are available: isolated or active (0)4-20mA / 0-10V analog output, full Modbus communication RS232/485/TTL (also battery powered), intrinsic safety, mechanical relay or active output, power- and sensor-supply options, extended measurement range for PT100, panel -mount, wall-mount and weather-proof enclosures, flame proof enclosure and LED backlight.

2. OPERATIONAL



- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" in the front of this manual.

This chapter describes the daily use of the F126-P. This instruction is meant for users / operators.

2.1. CONTROL PANEL

The control panel has three keys. The available keys are:







Fig. 2: Control Panel

Functions of the keys



This key is used to program and save new values or settings. The PROG/ENTER key is also used to gain access to the setup menu (read chapter 3).



This key is used to select the accumulated total, the pressure and the temperature. The SELECT/ key is also used to increase a value after the PROG/ENTER key has been pressed (read chapter 3).



This key is used to reset the total.

The CLEAR/ ▶ key is also used to select a digit or an option after the PROG/ENTER key has been pressed (read chapter 3).

2.3. OPERATOR INFORMATION AND FUNCTIONS

In general, the F126-P operates in the operator mode. The shown information depends on the settings which are made in the setup menu. The signal from the connected sensor is processed by the F126-P in the background, independent from the selected display refresh rate.



Fig. 3: Process information (typical)

For the Operator, the following functions are available:

Display calculated flow rate and calculated total or calculated flow rate

This is the main display information of the F126-P. After the selection of any other information, it will always return to this main display automatically. Total is shown on the upper line of the display and flow rate on the bottom line. When selected in the setup menu, the display shows the flow rate only. When you press the select key, the total shows momentarily. When "-----" is shown, the flow rate value is too high to be shown. The arrows ♦ indicate the increase/decrease of the flow rate trend.

Clear total

The value for total can be reset. To do so, press the CLEAR/ ▶ key twice. When the key is pressed once, the text "PUSH CLEAR" is shown. To avoid a reset at this stage, press another key other than the CLEAR/ ▶ key or wait for 20 seconds. A reset of the total does not influence the accumulated total.

Display calculated accumulated total

When the SELECT/ key is pressed, total and accumulated total are shown. The accumulated total cannot be reset. The value will count up to 99,999,999. The unit and number of decimals are shown according to the settings for the total.

Display line temperature

When the SELECT/ key is pressed three times, the actual temperature is shown. Note that the actual flow rate shows on the bottom line intermittently.

Display line pressure

When the SELECT/ key is pressed two times, the actual pressure is shown. Note that the actual flow rate shows on the bottom line intermittently.

Range error

As soon as the input value is out of the calibrated PT100 measurement range, the alarm indicator shows. When the SELECT/ key is pressed a few times, the alarm code is shown in the alarm display. This alarm is also activated at a wire break or faulty sensor. (standard range -100°C - +200°C or extended range, type ZV: -200° - +800°C).

Low-battery alarm



Only use original batteries. Original batteries can be ordered at the manufacturer. The use of unapproved batteries will void the warranty.

At the end of the battery's life-time, the voltage starts to drop. When the voltage becomes too low, the battery indicator comes on. When the battery indicator is on, install a new and fresh battery as soon as possible.



Fig. 4: Low-battery alarm (typical)

Alarm

When the alarm indicator is shown, refer to Appendix B: Problem Solving.

3. CONFIGURATION

This and the following chapters are exclusively meant for electricians and non-operators. In these, an extensive description of all software settings and hardware connections are provided.



- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Make sure, the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams.
 Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" in the front of this manual.

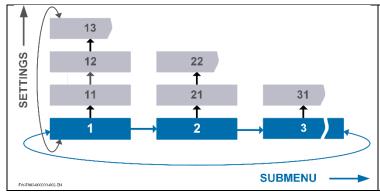
The setup menu is used to program the F126-P.

The setup menu is accessible at all times while the F126-P remains fully operational. Be aware that in this case any change to the settings may have an influence on the operation.



It is possible to prevent access to the setup menu with a password. A password may be required to enter the setup menu. Without this password, access is denied.

3.1. HOW TO PROGRAM THE F126-P



The setup menu has different submenus. Each submenu has an unique number which is shown in front of the menu name. Each setting has an unique two-digit number which is shown in front of the setting. The first digit refers to the submenu and the second digit refers to the setting. Note that sometimes the name of the setting is shown on the upper line of the display.

How to enter the setup menu

When the setup menu is protected by a password, the F126-P asks for a password to access the setup menu. When in the operator mode, press and hold the PROG/ENTER key for 7 seconds to access the setup menu.

How to navigate in the setup menu

The setup menu has different submenus to program the F126-P. For navigation, the submenus and the settings are identified with numbers (for the submenu: e.g. 1; for the setting: e.g. 12.). The CLEAR/▶ key and the PROG/ENTER key are used for navigation. The explanation assumes that you are in the submenu TOTAL.

Ac	tion	Result	Remark
1	Press the CLEAR/▶ key to select the next submenu.	The submenu FLOW RATE shows	-
2	Press again to go to the next submenu.	The submenu DISPLAY shows.	-
3	Momentarily, press the PROG/ENTER key to select the previous submenu.	The submenu FLOW RATE shows	The PROG/ENTER key is used as a ◀ key.
4	Press again to go to the previous submenu.	The submenu TOTAL shows	The PROG/ENTER key is used as a ◀ key.

The SELECT/▲ key and the CLEAR/▶ key are used for navigation.

The explanation assumes that you are in the submenu TOTAL. When you are:

- in the first setting and you navigate to the previous setting, the F126-P goes back to the related main menu.
- in the last setting and you navigate to the next setting, the F126-P goes to the related main menu.

A	ction	Result	Remark
1	Press the SELECT/▲ key to select the first setting.	The setting UNIT shows.	-
2	Press the SELECT/▲ key again to go to the next setting.	The setting DECIMALS shows.	-
3	Press the CLEAR/▶ key to select the previous setting.	The setting UNIT shows.	-
4	Press the CLEAR/▶key again to go to the previous setting.	The submenu TOTAL shows	This is normal behavior because the setting UNIT is the first setting of the submenu TOTAL.

How to make a setting



Changes are only saved when you press the PROG/ENTER key.

The explanation assumes that you are in the submenu TOTAL and the setting UNIT. When you do not want to save the change, wait for approximately 20 seconds or press and hold the PROG/ENTER key for approximately 3 seconds.

A . 1	•	D 1		
Action		Result	Remark	
1	Momentarily, press the	The PROG indicator blinks.	To access the setting.	
	PROG/ENTER key.	 The engineering unit L shows. 		
2	Press the SELECT/▲ key to	 The PROG indicator blinks. 	If you wait too long, the	
	select the next engineering	• The engineering unit m ³ shows.	program mode goes off and	
	unit.		changes are not saved, this	
			is normal behavior.	
3	Press the SELECT/▲ key to	 The PROG indicator blinks. 	-	
	select the next engineering	The engineering unit US GAL		
	unit.	shows.		
4	Press the CLEAR/▶ key to	 The PROG indicator blinks. 	-	
	select the previous	• The engineering unit m ³ shows.		
	engineering unit			
5	To confirm the changes:	The PROG indicator goes off.	If you do not press the	
	Momentarily, press the	The change is saved.	PROG/ENTER key to	
	PROG/ENTER key.	• The engineering unit m ³ shows.	confirm, your selection is not	
			saved.	
	To discard the changes:	The PROG indicator goes off.	-	
	Press and hold the	The change is discarded.		
	PROG/ENTER key for	• The engineering unit L shows.		
	approximately 3 seconds.			

3.1.2. SETUP MENU - SETTINGS

3.1.2		TUP MENU - SETTINGS	
1	TOTAL	_	
	11	unit	L; m ³ ; kg; lb; GAL; USGAL; bbl; no unit
	12	decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
	13	K-Factor:	0.000010 - 9999999
	14	decimals K-Factor	0.000010 - 9999999
2	FLOW	1	10-0
2	_		
	21	unit	mL; L; m ³ ; mg; g; kg; ton; gal; bbl; lb; cf; rev; (no unit);
			scf; n m ³ ; nL; p
	22	time	/sec; /min; /hour; /day
	23	decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
	24	K-Factor	0.000010 - 9999999
	25	decimals K-Factor	0 - 6
	26	filter	0 - 99
	27	period	0.1 - 99.9 seconds
2	DISPL		0.1 - 99.9 Seconds
3			
	31	function	total; rate
	32	light	0% (off); 20%; 40%; 60%;- 80%; 100% (full brightness)
4	POWE	R MAN	
	41	LCD new	fast; 1 sec; 3 sec; 15 sec; 30 sec; off
	42	battery mode	operational; shelf
5	FLOW	METEŔ	
	51	signal	npn; npn-lp; reed; reed-lp; pnp; pnp-lp; namur; coil-hi;
	.		coil-lo; 8-1 DC; 12 DC; 24 DC
6	TEMP	ERATURE	100.0,0 .00, .20,2100
9	61	display	°C; °F; K
		no. of wires	
	62		2; 3
	63	filter	01 - 99
7	PRES		
	71	unit	mbar; bar; psi
	72	span	0.000001 - 9999999
	73	decimals span	0 - 6
	74	offset	0.001 - 9999999
	75	filter	1 -99
	76	calib-low	default; calibrate; calibrate set
	77	calib-high	default; calibrate; calibrate set
8	FORM		delacit, campiate, campiate set
0	_		EC (fixed)
	81	equations type	EG - (fixed)
	82	t-normal (temp)	0.00 - 9999999
	83	p-normal (pressure)	0.000 - 9999999
	84	c-normal (compress)	0 - 9999999
	85	compressibility	0 - 9999999
9	ANAL	OG	
	91	output	disable; enable
	92	rate-min	000.000 - 999999
	93	rate-max	000.000 - 999999
	94	cut-off	0.0 - 9.9%
	95	tune-min	0 - 9999
	96	tune-max	0 - 9999
	97	filter	01 - 99
Α	PULSE		10.004 0.000
	A1	width	0.001 - 9.999
	A2	decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
	A3	amount	0.001 - 9999999
В	COMM	IUNICATION	
	B1	speed	1200; 2400; 4800; 9600
	B2	address	1 - 247
	B3	mode	bus-rtu; bus-asc; off
С	OTHE		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
)	C1		F126-P
		model	
	C2	software version	nn:nn:nn
	C3	serial no.	nnnnnn
	C4	password	0000 - 9999
	C5	tag-nr	0000000 - 9999999
_			

3.1.3. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 1 - TOTAL

UNIT 11	This setting is used to select the engineering unit for the indication of the total, the accumulated total and the pulse output.		
Note!	When you change the engineering unit, you must recalculate and reprogram the K-factor for the (accumulated) total. When you recalculate and reprogram the K-Factor, the history for (accumulated) total is not correct anymore, because the (accumulated) total is not recalculated. For future reference, best practice is to make a note of the accumulated total before you program the recalculated K-Factor.		
DECIMALS 12	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the (accumulated) total indication.		
K-FACTOR 13	This setting is used to set the K-Factor for the total. With the K-Factor, the flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a quantity. The K-Factor is based on the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected engineering unit, for example per m³. A more accurate K-Factor (more decimals, as set in decimals K-Factor) allows for a more accurate operation of the system. Example 1: Calculating the K-Factor. The flowmeter generates 2.4813 pulses per liter and the selected unit is m³. A cubic meter consists of 1000 liter which gives 2.4813 pulses*1000 liter=2481.3 pulses per m³. So, the K-Factor is 2481.3. Enter for the Flowmeter K-Factor: 24813 and for the flowmeter K-Factor decimals: 1. Example 2: Calculating the K-Factor. The flowmeter generates 6.5231 pulses per gallon and the selected engineering unit is gallons. So, the K-Factor is 6.5231. Enter for the Flowmeter K-Factor: 65231 and for the Flowmeter K-Factor decimals: 4.		
Note !	When you recalculate and reprogram a new K-Factor, the history for (accumulated) total is not correct anymore, because the (accumulated) total is not recalculated. For future reference, best practice is to make a note of the accumulated total before you program the recalculated K-Factor.		
DECIMALS K-FACTOR 14	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the K-Factor.		

3.1.4. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 2 - FLOW RATE

The settings for total and flow rate are entirely separate. In this way, different engineering units can be used for each e.g. cubic meters for total and liters for flow rate.

UNIT	This setting is used to select the engineering unit for the indication of the flow
21	rate.
Note!	Alteration of the engineering unit will have consequences for operator and setup values, they will not be automatically recalculated to the value of the new selected unit. The K-Factor has to be adapted as well; the calculation is not done automatically.
TIME 22 Note!	This setting is used to set the time unit for the flow rate calculation. Note that the flow rate is given in engineering unit/time unit, e.g. liters/minute (I/min). When you change this setting, also recalculate and change the settings for the analog rate-min and analog rate-max.
DECIMALS 23	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the flow rate indication.
K-FACTOR 24	This setting is used to set the K-Factor for the flow rate. With the K-Factor, the flowmeter pulse signals are converted to a quantity. The K-Factor is based on the number of pulses generated by the flowmeter per selected engineering unit, for example per m³. A more accurate K-Factor (more decimals, as set in decimals K-Factor) allows for a more accurate operation of the system.
DECIMALS K-FACTOR 25	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the K-Factor.

FILTER 26	This setting is used to stabilize the flow rate reading. With the help of this digital filter a more stable but less actual reading can be obtained. The filter principal is based on three input values: the filter level (01-99), the last calculated flow rate and the last average value. The higher the filter level, the longer the response time on a value change will be. In practice it is best to use trial and error to find the best setting for your application.
PERIOD 27 Note!	This setting is used to calculate the flow rate by counting the number of pulses within a certain time, for example 1 second. The longer the time the more accurate the flow rate will be. • this setting does influence the update time for the analog output directly. If the output response is too slow, decrease the number of pulses. • the shorter the update time, the higher the power consumption of the unit will be (important for battery powered applications).

3.1.5. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 3 - DISPLAY

FUNCTION	This setting can be set to display total or rate.
31	 When 'total' is selected, simultaneously, total is shown with the large digits and flow rate with the smaller digits. When SELECT is pressed, the accumulated total is shown temporarily. When 'rate' is selected, only flow rate will be shown with the large digits together with its measuring unit. When SELECT is pressed, the total and the accumulated total are shown temporarily.
LIGHT 32	The backlight brightness can be adjusted from 0% (off) to 100% (full brightness) in steps of 20%.
	When the F126-P is only loop powered, the backlight is disabled. An external power supply is required to supply the backlight.

3.1.6. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 4 - POWER MANAGEMENT

When used with the internal battery option (type PB/PC), the user can expect reliable measurement over a long period of time. The F126-P has several smart power management functions to extend the battery life time significantly. Two of these functions can be set.

LCD NEW 41	The calculation of the display-information influences the power consumption significantly. When the application does not require a fast display refresh rate, it is strongly advised to select a slow refresh rate.		
	Please understand that NO information will be lost; every pulse will be counted and the output signals will be generated in the normal way. At a key press, the display refresh rate will switch to FAST for 30 second When 'OFF' is selected, the display goes off after 30 seconds after the lakey press. The display temporarily comes on after a key press. Example battery life-time with a coil pick-up: 1kHz pulse and FAST update: about 2 years; 1kHz pulse and 1 sec update: about 5 years.		
BATTERY MODE 42	The F126-P has two modes: operational or shelf. After "shelf" has been selected, the F126-P can be stored for several years; it will not process the sensor signal; the display is switched off but all settings and totals are stored. In this mode, power consumption is extremely low. To wake up the F126-P again, press the SELECT/ key two times.		

3.1.7. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 5 - FLOWMETER

SIGNAL
51
With this setting the type of flowmeter output is selected. The settings with LP (low-pass) filter are used to apply a build-in noise reduction.

Selections "active pulse" offer a detection level of 50% of the supply voltage.

Note !	voitage.			
TYPE OF SIGNAL	EXPLANATION	RESISTANCE	FREQ. / mV	REMARK
NPN	NPN input	100 kΩ pull-up	max. 6 kHz.	(open collector)
NPN-LP	NPN with low pass filter	100 kΩ pull-up	max. 1.2 kHz.	(open collector) less sensitive
REED	Reed-switch input	1 MΩ pull-up	max. 600 Hz.	
REED-LP	Reed-with low pass filter	1 MΩ pull-up	max. 120 Hz.	Less sensitive
PNP	PNP input	100 kΩ pull-down	max. 6 kHz.	
PNP-LP	PNP with low pass filter	100 kΩ pull-down	max. 1.2 kHz.	Less sensitive
NAMUR	NAMUR input	820 Ω pull-down	max. 4 kHz.	External power required
COIL-HI			min. 20 mV _{pp}	0 ''' (
COIL-HI (option ZF)	High sensitive coil input	-	min. 10 mV _{pp}	Sensitive for interference!
COIL-HI (option ZG)			min. 5 m V_{pp}	
COIL-LO	Low sensitive coil input	-	min. 80 mV _{pp}	Normal sensitivity
8-1 DC	Active pulse input detection level 8.2V DC	3.9 kΩ	max. 10 kHz.	External power required
12 DC	Active pulse input detection level 12V DC	4 kΩ	max. 10 kHz.	External power required
24 DC	Active pulse input detection level 24V DC	3 kΩ	max. 10 kHz.	External power required

3.1.8. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 6 - TEMPERATURE

DISPLAY	This setting is used to program the temperature unit which is shown to the				
61	operator. This setting does not influence the actual calculations.				
NO. OF WIRES	This setting is use	d to program the nu	umber of wires for t	he PT100	
62	sensors.	-			
FILTER	The analog output	signal of a sensor	represents the actu	ual temperature.	
63	This signal is mea	sured several times	s a second. The val	ue measured is a	
	"snap-shot" of the	real temperature a	s it will be fluctuatin	ng.	
	With the help of th	is digital filter a stal	ble and accurate re	ading can be	
	obtained while the	filter level can be s	set to a desired valu	ie.	
	The filter principal is based on three input values: the filter level (01-99),				
	the last measured analog value and the last average value. The higher				
	the filter level, the longer the response time on a value change will be.				
Filter value	Response time o	n step change of a	analog value. (Tim	e in seconds).	
influence	50%	75%	90%	99%	
01	filter disabled	filter disabled	filter disabled	filter disabled	
10	10 14 sec 28 sec 44 sec 8			88 sec	
20	28 sec	56 sec	90 sec	180 sec	
30 42 sec 82 sec			136 sec	272 sec	
50	70 sec	136 sec	228 sec	456 sec	
75	104 sec	208 sec	344 sec	688 sec	
99					

3.1.8. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 7 - PRESSURE

3.1.6. EXPLANATION	OF SETUP MENU	7 - FRESSORE				
MEASURING UNIT 71	This setting is used to program the temperature unit which is shown to the operator. This setting does not influence the actual calculations.					
SPAN	With this setting, the measurement range of the (0)4-20mA pressure					
72	sensor is determined according the selected measurement unit.					
	Example Calculating the span for pressure.					
	The sensor generates the minimum signal (e.g.4mA) at a pressure of 2.5					
	bar and the maximum signal (e.g. 20mA) is generated at 50 bar. Then the					
	span is 47.5 bar. Enter for Span: "0004750" if decimals for span are two.					
DECIMALS SPAN	-		digits behind the deci			
73	pressure span.		3			
OFFSET		ased on absolute p	ressures.			
74		•	easured pressure at	t minimum signal.		
	(2.5 bar in above e					
			indicator enter an	offset to		
			re (e.g. air pressure			
			ire, enter the fixed			
		that the span is set				
FILTER	This setting is use	d to stabilize the flo	w rate reading. Wit	th the help of this		
75			ual reading can be			
			values: the filter lev			
			average value. The			
			n a value change w			
FILTER VALUE			e best setting for your property of the best setting for your property of you			
influence	50%	75%	90%	99%		
01	filter disabled	filter disabled	filter disabled	filter disabled		
03	0.5 sec	1.0 sec	1.5 sec	3 sec		
05						
	1.0 sec	1.8 sec	2.8 sec	5.3 sec		
10	1.8 sec	3.5 sec	5.6 sec	11 sec		
20	3.5 sec	7.0 sec	11 sec	23 sec		
50	8.8 sec	17 sec	29 sec	57 sec		
99		17 sec 34 sec 57 sec 114 sec setting is used to calibrate the input value for (0)4mA as the signal				
CALIBRATE LOW						
76			t 4.0 mA (or 0.0 mA			
0			eal output value at			
don	Be very sure that the offered signal is correct before the calibration					
	is executed as this function has major influences on the accuracy of the system!					
Caution !	_	DG, three settings of	can he selected:			
			: will be calibrated v	vith the actual		
	"(0)4mA" value. After pressing enter, CAL SET will be displayed as soon as the calibration is completed. From that moment, the analog					
	value must be more than the calibrated value before the signal will be					
	processed.			J		
	 DEFAULT: with this setting, the manufactures value is re-installed. 					
	CAL SET: to select the last calibrated value.					
CALIBRATE HIGH	This setting is used to calibrate the input value for 20mA as the signal					
77	from the flowmeter might not be exact 20.0 mA at maximum flow rate.					
	This function will measure the real output value at maximum flow rate.					
الم	Be very sure that the offered signal is correct before the calibration					
(all)	is executed as this function has major influences on the accuracy of					
Caution!	the system!					
	After pressing PROG, three settings can be selected:					
	CALIB: with this setting, the input will be calibrated with the actual					
	"20mA" value. After pressing enter, CAL SET will be displayed as					
	soon as the calibration is completed. From that moment, the analog					
	value must be less than the calibrated value for a reliable					
	measurement.					
	 DEFAULT: with this setting, the manufactures value is re-installed. CAL SET: to select the last calibrated value. 					
			ated value			

3.1.9. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 8 - FORMULA

EQUATIONS TYPE	This setting shows the formula. The type EL stands for Equations Liquid -					
81	flow computer for corrected liquid volume.					
	The formula used: $Q_{normal} = Q * (P/P_{normal}) * (T_{normal}/T) * (C_{normal}/C)$					
	Q _{normal} = calculated volume at normal conditions					
	Q = measured volume					
	P = line pressure					
	P _{normal} = normal pressure					
	T _{normal} = normal temperature					
	T = line temperature					
	C _{normal} = normal compressibility factor					
	C = compressibility					
T-NORMAL	Program here the reference temperature T _{normal} in degrees Kelvin (K).					
(TEMPERATURE)	In most applications, the gas volume is calculated at 0°C which is					
82	273,15K.					
P-NORMAL	Program here the reference pressure P _{normal} in the selected pressure unit.					
(PRESSURE)	In most applications, the volume is calculated at 1.013 Bar.					
83						
C- NORMAL	Program here the compressibility factor for the gas at reference					
(COMPRESSABILITY	conditions. With the value of 0, the C _{normal} is <u>disabled.</u>					
FACTOR)						
84						
COMPRESSABILITY	Program here the compressibility factor for the gas at operating					
FACTOR	conditions. The C factor indicates how a "real" gas behaves with respect					
85	to an "ideal" gas which exactly obeys the "general gas law"					
	(PxV/T=constant) where the compressibility factor (C) is 1.					
	With the value of 0, the compressibility factor is disabled.					

3.1.9. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU 9 - ANALOG

A linear 4-20mA signal (option AB: 0-20mA or option AU: 0-10V) output signal is generated that represents the flowrate. The settings for the flow rate influence the analog output directly. The relationship between the flow rate and the analog output is set with the following settings.

	low rate and the analog output is set with the following settings.
OUTPUT	If the analog output is not used, select disable to minimize the power
91	consumption (e.g. save battery life-time).
	Option AP: When a power supply is available but the output is disabled, a
Note!	3.5mA signal will be generated.
RATE-MIN	Enter here the flow rate at which the output should generate the minimum
92	signal (0)4mA or 0V - in most applications at zero flow. The number of
	decimals shown depend upon setup 23. The engineering units/time (e.g.
	L/min) are dependent upon setup 21 and 22.
RATE-MAX	Enter here the flow rate at which the output should generate the maximum
93	signal (20mA or 10V) - in most applications at maximum flow. The number
	of decimals shown depend upon setup 23. The engineering units/time (e.g.
	L/min) are dependent upon setup 21 and 22.
CUT-OFF	To ignore leakage of the flow for example, a low flow cut-off can be set as
94	a percentage of the full range of 16mA, 20mA or 10V.
	When the flow is less than the required rate, the current will be the
	minimum signal (0)4mA or 0V.
	Example: Calculate the cut-off.
	Rate-min: 0L/min [4mA], Rate-max: 100 L/min [16mA], Cut-off: 2%
	Required rate [L/min]: (rate-max - rate-min)*cut-off: (100-0)*2%=2.0L/min
	Output [mA]: rate-min + (rate-max*cut-off): 4+(16*2%)=4.32mA
TUNE-MIN	The (0)4mA or 0V value can be tuned precisely with this setting. The initial
95	minimum analog output value is (0)4mA or 0V. However, this value might
	differ slightly due to ambient influences such as temperature for example.
	Before tuning the signal, make sure that the analog signal is
WARNING	idle (not used) for any application!
	After pressing PROG, the current will be about 4mA (0mA or 0V). The
	current can be increased / decreased with the arrow keys and is directly
	active. Press ENTER to store the new value.
	If required, you can program the analog output 'up-side-down'. The (0)4mA
Note!	or 0V represents the maximum flow rate and the 20mA or 10V represents
	the minimum flow rate.

TUNE-MAX	The 20mA or 10V value can be tuned precisely with this setting. The initial
96	maximum analog output value is 20mA or 10V However, this value might
	differ slightly due to ambient influences such as temperature for example.
	Before tuning the signal, make sure that the analog signal is
WARNING	idle (not used) for any application!
	After pressing PROG, the current will be about 20mA or 10V. The current
	can be increased / decreased with the arrow keys and is directly active.
	Press ENTER to store the new value.
	If required, you can program the analog output 'up-side-down'. The
Note!	(0)4mA or 0V represents the maximum flow rate and the 20mA or 10V
	represents the minimum flow rate.
FILTER	This setting is used to stabilize the output signal. With the help of this
97	digital filter a more stable but less actual representation of the flow rate
	can be obtained.
	The filter principal is based on three input values: the filter level (01-99),
	the last calculated flow rate and the last average value. The higher the
	filter level, the longer the response time on a value change will be.

3.1.11. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU A - PULSE

One transistor or mechanic relay output is available as scaled pulse output according to the total.

	7 1
WIDTH	The pulse width determines the time that the output will be active; in other
A1	words the pulse duration. Value "zero" will disable the pulse output.
	The pulse signal always has a 50% duty cycle, hence the minimum time between the pulses is equal to the pulse width setting. If the frequency should go out of range – when the flow rate increases for example – an internal buffer will be used to "store the missed pulses": As soon as the flow rate slows down, the buffer will be "emptied". It might be that pulses will be missed due to a buffer-overflow, so it is
	advised to program this setting within its range!
DECIMALS	This setting is used to set the amount of digits behind the decimal point for the
A2	amount.
AMOUNT	A pulse will be generated every time a certain quantity is added to the
A3	total. Enter this quantity here while taking the decimals for pulse into
	account.

3.1.12. **EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU B - COMMUNICATION (OPTION)**



This product is designed for the connection to a communication network. Products with a Note! communication option do not include cyber security functions. Fluidwell cannot take any responsibility for the cyber security, omissions or errors in the communication safety. To maintain a secure operation, automation and control, it is the sole responsibility of the owner to install and manage the appropriate safety measures to protect the network, the product and the communication against any kind of security breaches.

The functions described below deal with hardware that is not part of the standard delivery. Programming of these functions does not have any effect if this hardware has not been installed. Consult Appendix C and the Modbus communication protocol description for a detailed explanation.

SPEED	This setting is used to set the Baudrate.
B1	, and the second
ADDRESS	This setting is used to set the communication address for the F126-P.
B2	, and the second
MODE	This setting is used to set the Modbus transmission mode. Select OFF to disable
B3	the communication.

3.1.13. EXPLANATION OF SETUP MENU C - OTHERS

For support and maintenance it is important to have information about the characteristics of the F126-P. Your supplier will ask for this information when support is required.

dappilor will dok for this infor	nation when support is required.
MODEL	This setting shows the model name.
C1	
SOFTWARE VERSION	This setting shows the version number of the firmware (software).
C2	
SERIAL NO.	This setting shows the serial number.
C3	
PASSWORD	This setting is used to set a password (pin code) to limit the access for the
C4	setup menu. Only persons who know the pin code can access the setup
	menu. The pin code 0000 disables the pin code to allow for access by any
	person.
TAG-NR	This setting is used to set a tag number for the F126-P.
C5	

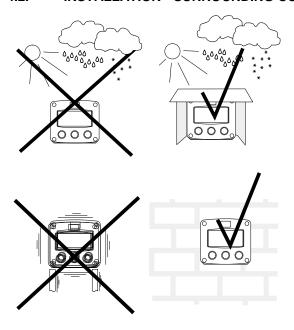
4. INSTALLATION

4.1. GENERAL DIRECTIONS



- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Make sure, the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams.
 Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" at the front of this manual.

4.2. INSTALLATION - SURROUNDING CONDITIONS



Take the relevant IP classification of the enclosure into account (see identification plate). Even an enclosure rated for IP67 / TYPE 4(X) should NEVER be exposed to strongly varying (weather) conditions.

When panel-mounted, the front panel of the F126-P is rated for IP65 / TYPE 4(X)!

When used in very cold surroundings or varying climatic conditions, inside the instrument case, take the necessary precautions against moisture.

Mount the F126-P onto a solid structure to avoid vibrations.

4.3. DIMENSIONS- ENCLOSURE

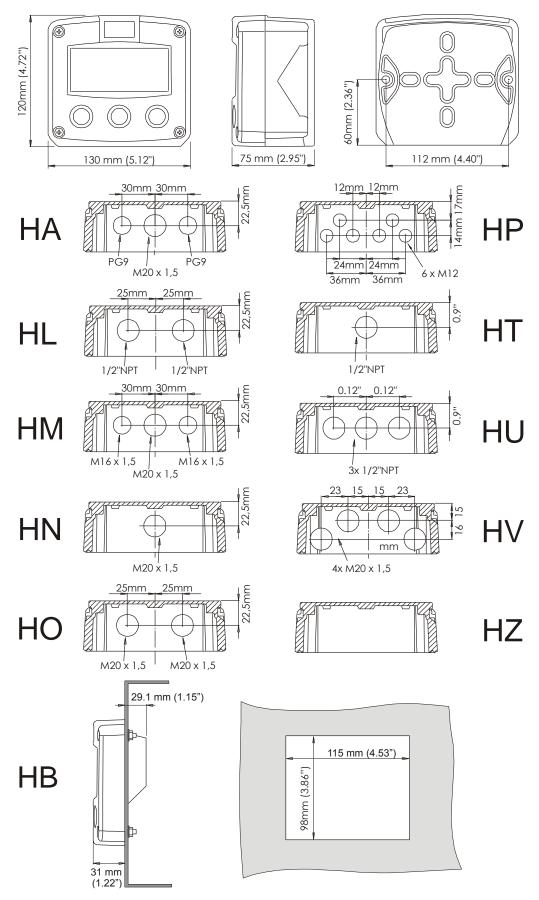


Fig. 5: Aluminum enclosures - Dimensions

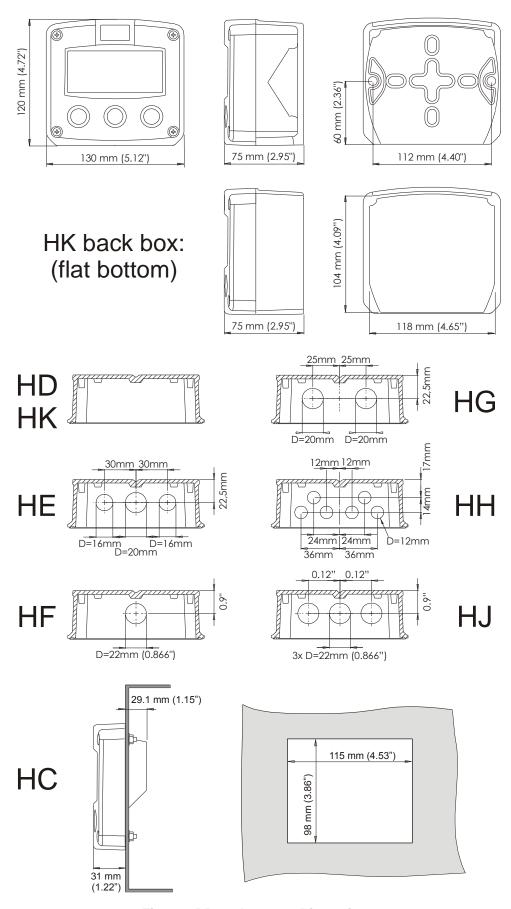


Fig. 6: GRP enclosures - Dimensions

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INSTALLING THE HARDWARE

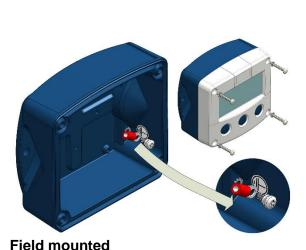
- Electro static discharge does inflict irreparable damage to electronics! Before installing or opening the F126-P, the installer has to discharge himself by touching a well-grounded object.
- Do ground the aluminum enclosure properly as indicated. It is the responsibility of the installer to install, connect and test the Protective Earth connections in accordance with the (inter)national Rules and Regulations.
- This chapter shows general information regarding the electrical installation of the F126-P.
 Chapter 5 gives additional specific information regarding Intrinsically safe installation and overrules the information given in this chapter.

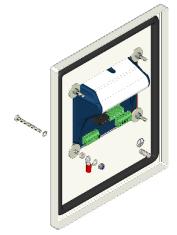


When installed in an aluminum enclosure and a potentially explosive atmosphere
requiring apparatus of equipment protection level Ga and Da, the unit must be installed
such that, even in the event of rare incidents, an ignition source due to impact or friction
sparks between the enclosure and iron/steel is excluded.

4.4.1. GENERAL INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

- In the F126-P, different types of bonding and earthing are used. The common (ground) is mostly used for termination of the wire shields and the Protective Earth (PE) is used for electrical safety.
- The F126-P that came with a power module type PM; 110V-230V AC or type PD/PF with an option OR (the relays can handle 110V-230V AC) shall be connected to the Protective Earth (PE) stud which is installed in the metal back panel. The metal front panel is connected to the Protective Earth by the mounting screws and serrated washers.
- For V AC applications, the terminal 00 shall not be connected to avoid earth loops. For V DC applications, the terminal 00 shall be connected to the common (do NOT use for PE).
- The wire screens (shield) are meant to prevent electromagnetic interference and shall be, galvanic isolated, connected to the common ground terminals that belong to the specific sensor connection. The wire screens shall be terminated at one side to prevent wire loops. Inside of the Fluidwell unit, the different common ground terminals are connected to each other. It is advised, as illustrated, to terminate the wire screens in the vicinity of the sensor and to insulated the wire screen with a shrink tube at the Fluidwell unit side.
- Separate cable glands with effective IP67 / TYPE 4(X) seals for all wires.
- Unused cable entries: ensure that you fit IP67 / TYPE 4(X) plugs to maintain rating.
- A reliable ground connection for both the sensor, and if applicable, for the metal enclosure (above).
- An effective screened cable for the input signal, and grounding of its screen to the "\(^{\pm}\)" terminal or at the sensor itself, whichever is appropriate to the application.





Panel mounted

shield

sensor

4.4.2. ALUMINUM ENCLOSURE - FIELD MOUNTED



Risk of damage to equipment!

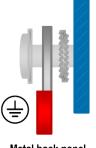
Do not use the terminal 00 to connect the protective earth wire, the 00 and the common ground terminals are internally connected. Be careful, to prevent damage to equipment when you connect different power supplies (sensor, PLC, etc.). Inside the Fluidwell display, the common grounds are internally connected to each other.

Metal back panel

↑ 110 – 230V ~

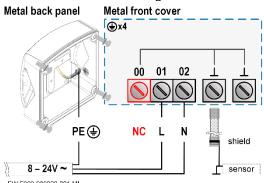
The PE connection

The PE connection is made with the PE stud inside the back panel and the 4 mounting screws that attach the cover to the back panel.



The PE connection in the metal back panel is made with a serrated washer, a terminal, a washer and a screw.

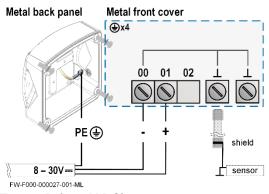
The PE connection to the metal cover is made with the serrated washers and the mounting screws.



FW-F000-000029-001-ML

Type PM (110-230V AC)

PE (±)



Metal front cover

00 01

NC

⊕x4

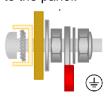
Type OR (8-24V AC)

Type OR (8-30V DC)

4.4.3. ALUMINUM ENCLOSURE - PANEL MOUNTED

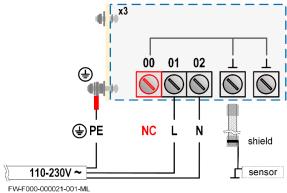
The PE connection

The PE connection is made with one of the mounting screws that attaches the front panel to the panel.

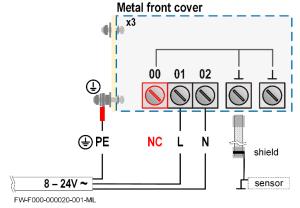


The PE connection to the metal cover is made with the serrated washers and the mounting screws.

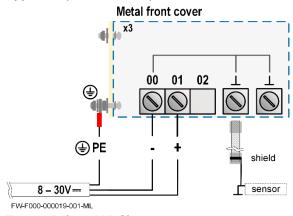
The PE connection to the panel is made with the washer, the nut, the terminal, the washer and a lock nut.



Type PM (110-230V AC)



Type OR (8-24V AC)

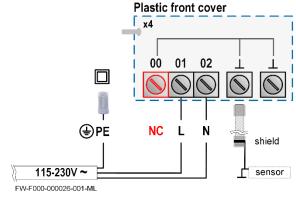


Type OR (8-30V DC)

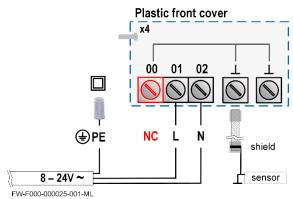
4.4.4. PLASTIC (GRP) ENCLOSURE The PE connection

The F126-P in a GRP enclosure meets the requirements of class 2 (double insulated). Therefore the incoming PE wire is

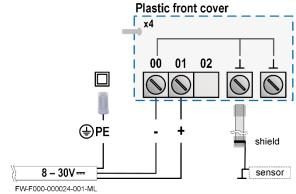
terminated with an insulating end cap.



Type PM (110-230V AC)



Type OR (8-24V AC)



Type OR (8-30V DC)

4.4.5. TERMINAL CONNECTORS

Refer to Appendix A: Technical Specification



For Intrinsically safe applications: read chapter 5.

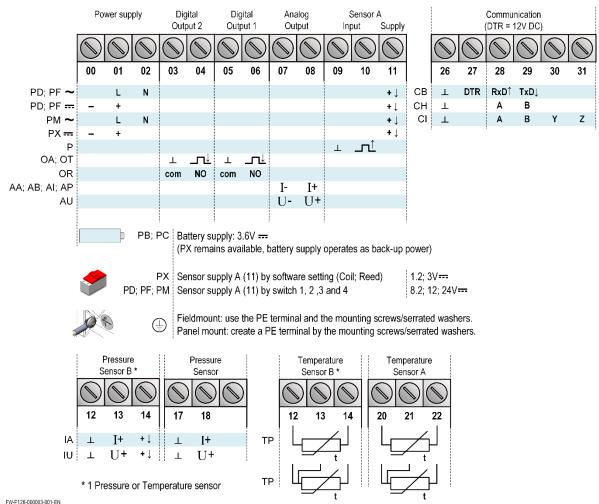


Fig. 7: Overview of terminal connectors - Standard configuration and options

4.4.6. VOLTAGE SELECTION SENSOR SUPPLY

For type PB/PC; PX; AP: There is no real sensor supply out available. Only a limited power supply is available. This power supply MAY NOT be used to supply the flowmeters electronics, converters etc. as it will not provide adequate sustained power! All energy used by the flowmeters pick-up will directly influence the battery life-time. It is strongly advised to use a "zero power" pickup such as a coil or reed-switch when operating without external power. It is possible to use some low power NPN or PNP output signals, but the battery life time will be significantly reduced (consult your distributor). The sensor supply is fixed: 1.2V DC or 3V DC (set by the firmware).

For type PD; PF; PM: It is possible to supply the sensor with different voltages. You can set the voltage with the switches. Internal power is only applicable for low power sensors (Coil, Reed). External power is only available when the main external power supply is connected. The sensor supply voltage is selectable: 1.2; 3; 8.2; 12 or 24V DC.

Set the sensor supply

- 1. Make the F126-P safe. If applicable, mind the battery power.
- 2. Open the F126-P and carefully remove the cable-connectors and the protective cover.
- 3. Find and set the switches and select the Vout as required.
- 4. Close the protective cover and install the cable connectors.
- 5. Close the F126-P.



Risk of electrocution - High voltage!

Make sure, all the leads to the terminals are disconnected from the F126-P and NEVER connect the mains power supply to the unit when the protection cover has been removed!

Type PD	Power supply in: 8-24V AC / 10-30V DC				
	Sensor V _{out}		out	Sensor supply out	
3 4	Α		selection		
on 1 2	1	2	3	4	NOTE: Use an AC
off 7					autotransformer (spartrafo)
int ext int ext					with galvanic isolation.
FW-PD-000001-001-EN	int	-	off	off	Coil 1.2V DC; <1mA
1 1 1 2 333331 331 211					Reed 3V DC; <1mA
Switch location (typical)	ext	-	on	on	8.2V DC @8V _{in} AC / 10V _{in} DC
Switch location (typical)			on	off	12V DC @10V _{in} AC / 14V _{in} DC
			off	off	24V DC @18V _{in} AC / 26V _{in} DC
Type PF	Power supply in: 15-24V AC / 20-30V DC		/ 20-30V DC		
4	Sensor V _{out}		out	Sensor supply out	
off	Α		sele	ction	
1 2 3 on	1	2	3	4	
	int	-	off	off	Coil 1.2V DC; <1mA
int ext int ext on off					Reed 3V DC; <1mA
FW-PFPM-000001-001-EN	ext	-	on	on	8.2V DC @8V _{in} AC / 10V _{in} DC
			on	off	12V DC @10V _{in} AC / 14V _{in} DC
Switch location (typical)			off	off	24V DC @18V _{in} AC / 26V _{in} DC
Type PM	Power supply in: 115V - 230V AC				
4	Sensor V _{out}		out	Sensor supply out	
off	Α			ction	
1 2 3 on	1	2	3	4	
	int	-	off	off	Coil 1.2V DC; <1mA
int ext int ext on off					Reed 3V DC; <1mA
FW-PFPM-000001-001-EN	ext	-	on	on	8.2V DC
			on	off	12V DC
Switch location (typical)			off	off	24V DC

Fig. 8: Sensor supply voltage - Switch setting

Terminal 00-01; basic POWER SUPPLY - type PX

Connect an external power supply of 8-30VDC to these terminals. Do connect the "-" to terminal 00 and the "+" to terminal 01. When power is applied to these terminals, the (optional) internal battery will be disabled / enabled automatically to extend the battery life time.

Terminal 05-06; scaled pulse output R1:

Setup A (read chapter 3) determines the pulse output function. The maximum pulse frequency of this output is 500Hz. If a relay output option has been supplied, be sure that the output frequency does not exceed 5Hz or else the life-time of the relay will be reduced significantly.

Type OA:

An active 24V DC pulse signal output is available with this option.

Max. driving capacity 50mA@24V per output. . (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

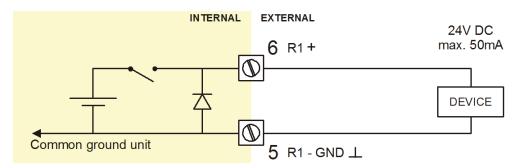


Fig. 9: Terminal connections - Active output (typical)

Type OR:

A <u>mechanical relay</u> output is available with this option. Max. switch power 240V 0,5A per output. (Requires power supply type PF/PM). Be sure that the output frequency does not exceed 5Hz, else the relay life time will be reduced significantly.

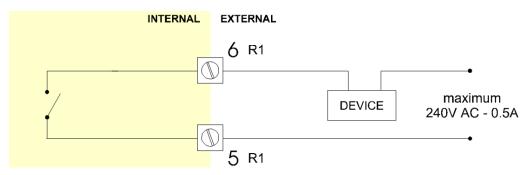


Fig. 10: Terminal connections - Mechanical relay output (typical)

Type OT:

A passive transistor output is available with this option. Max. driving capacity 300mA@50V DC.

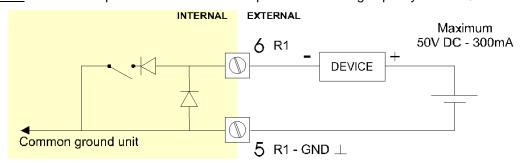


Fig. 11: Terminal connections - Pulse output (typical)

Terminal 07-08; basic POWER SUPPLY - type AP - output loop powered

Connect an external power supply of 8-30VDC to these terminals or a 4-20mA loop.

Do connect the "-" to terminal 7 and the "+" to terminal 8. When power is applied to these terminals, the (optional) internal battery will be disabled / enabled automatically to extend the battery life time.

Terminal 07-08 analog output (setup 7):

An analog output signal proportional to the flow rate is available as standard.

Type AA:

An <u>active 4-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated on these terminals. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 24VDC. (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

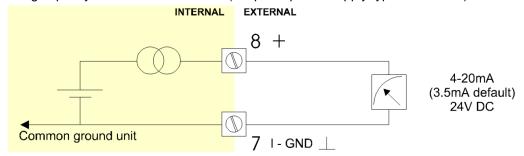


Fig. 12: Terminal connections - 4-20mA analog output (typical)

Type AB:

An <u>active 0-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 24VDC. (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

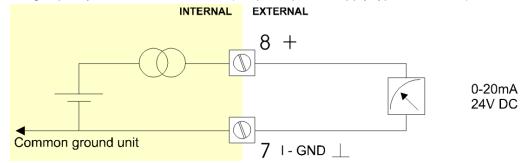


Fig. 13: Terminal connections - Active 0-20mA analog output (typical)

Type AF:

For the intrinsically safe <u>floating 4-20mA signal</u>: please read Chapter 5.

Type AI:

An <u>isolated 4-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated on these terminals.

Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 30VDC. This option can be used with a battery powered unit but the life time of the battery is about 2 -3 years.

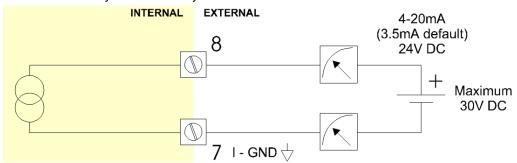


Fig. 14: Terminal connections - Isolated 4-20mA analog output (typical)

Type AP:

A <u>passive 4-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. When a power supply is connected but the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm. This output does loop power the unit as well.

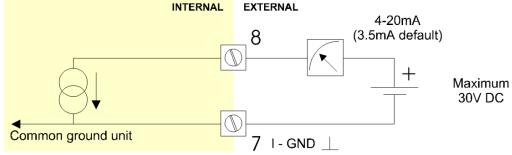


Fig. 15: Terminal connections - Passive 4-20mA analog output (typical)

Type AU:

A <u>0-10VDC signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. Max. load 10mA @ 10VDC. (Requires power supply type PD/PF/PM).

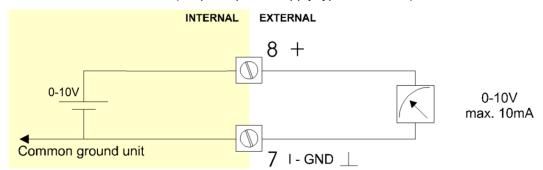


Fig. 16: Terminal connections - Active 0-10V analog output (typical)

Terminal 09-11; Flowmeter input:

Three basic types of flowmeter signals can be connected to the unit: pulse, active pulse or sinewave (coil). The screen of the signal wire must be connected to the common ground terminal 09 (unless earthed at the sensor itself).

The maximum input frequency is approximately 10 kHz (depending on the type of signal). The input signal type has to be selected in the flowmeter setup (read chapter 3).

Sine-wave signal (Coil):

The F126-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a coil output signal.

Two sensitivity levels can be selected:

- COIL-LO: sensitivity from about 80mV_{pp};
- COIL-HI: sensitivity from about 20mV_{pp};
- type ZF, COIL-HI: sensitivity from about 10mV_{pp};
- type ZG, COIL-HI: sensitivity from about 5mV_{pp}.

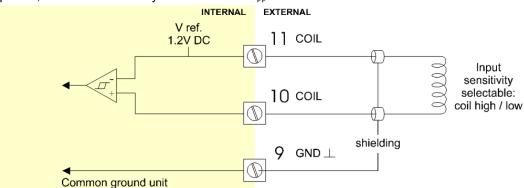


Fig. 17: Terminal connections - Coil signal input (typical)

Pulse-signal NPN / NPN-LP:

The F126-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a NPN output signal. For reliable pulse detection, the pulse amplitude has to go below 1.2V. Signal setting NPN-LP employs a low-pass signal noise filter, which limits the maximum input frequency (read chapter 3).

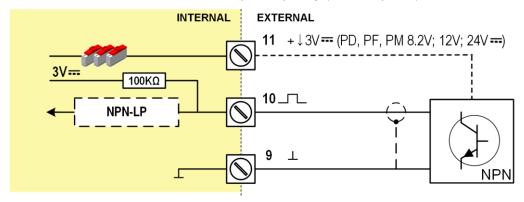


Fig. 18: Terminal connections - NPN signal input (typical)

Pulse-signal PNP / PNP-LP:

The F126-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a PNP output signal. 3V is offered on terminal 11 which has to be switched by the sensor to terminal 10 (SIGNAL). For a reliable pulse detection, the pulse amplitude has to go above 1.2V. Signal setting PNP-LP employs a low-pass signal noise filter, which limits the maximum input frequency (read chapter 3).

A sensor supply voltage of 8.2, 12 or 24V DC can be provided with power supply type PD, PF, PM. For a signal detection level of 50% of the supply voltage: please refer to "active signals".

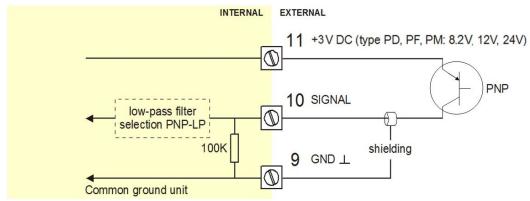


Fig. 19: Terminal connections - PNP signal input (typical)

Active signal 8.2V, 12V and 24V:

If a sensor gives an active signal (read chapter 3). The detection levels are 50% of the selected supply voltage; approx. 4V (8-1 DC) or 6V (12 DC) or 12V (24 DC). Active signal selection may well be desired in case of power supply type PD, PF, PM is available for sensor supply.

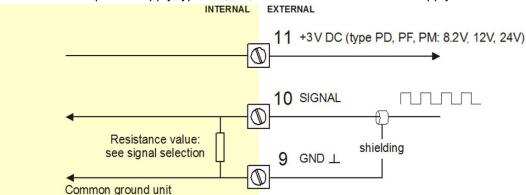


Fig. 20: Terminal connections - Active signal input (typical)

Reed-switch:

The F126-P is suitable for use with flowmeters which have a reed-switch. To avoid pulse bounce from the reed-switch, it is advised to select REED LP – low-pass filter (read chapter 3).

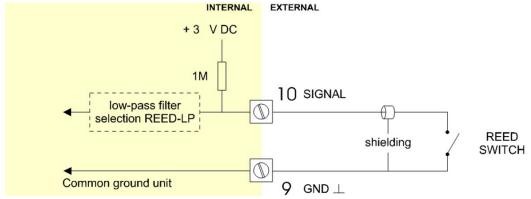


Fig. 21: Terminal connections - Reed-switch signal input (typical)

NAMUR-signal:

The F126-P is suitable for flowmeters with an Namur signal. The standard F126-P is not able to power the Namur sensor, as an external power supply for the sensor is required. However, a 8.2V sensor supply voltage (terminal 11) can be provided with power supply type PD, PF, PM.

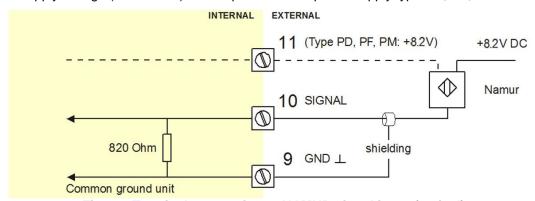


Fig. 22: Terminal connections - NAMUR signal input (typical)

Terminal 12-13-14; Pressure input (0)4-20mA:

The F126-P requires a (0)4-20mA signal for pressure which will be processed 4 times a second with a 14 bits accuracy. The input is not isolated.

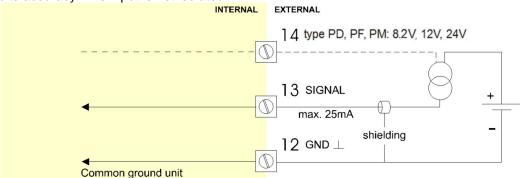


Fig. 23: Terminal connections – (0)4-20mA pressure input (typical)

Terminal 20-22; Temperature input TP - PT100:

The temperature of the inlet flow will be measured with sensor A. Two types of PT100 elements can be connected: 2 or 3-wire. The temp coefficient for the RTD is 0.00385 ohms/ohms/°C. The Ro is 100 ohms at 0.0°C.

Terminal 26-31: type CB / CH / CI / CT - communication RS232 / RS485 / TTL (option)

For connections, refer to figure: Overview of terminal connectors - Standard configuration and options

Full serial communications and computer control in accordance with RS232 (length of cable max. 15 meters) or RS485 (length of cable max. 1200 meters) is possible.

When using the RS232 communication option, terminal 27 is used for supplying the interface. Please connect the DTR (or the RTS) signal of the interface to this terminal and set it active (+12V). If no active signal is available it is possible to connect a separate supply between terminals 26 and 27 with a voltage between 8V and 24V.

Terminal 00 - 01: type ZB backlight (option):

If the unit is supplied with a power supply:

- type PD, PF or PM, the backlight supply is integrated.
- type PX, use the terminals 00 and 01 to supply the backlight.

The backlight intensity is set in the setup menu: Display.

5. INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPLICATIONS

5.1. GENERAL INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS



- For the combined connection of the different supply, input and output circuits, the instructions in this manual must be observed. From the safety point of view the circuits shall be considered to be connected to earth
- Certificates, safety values, control drawing and declaration of compliance can be found in the document named: "Fluidwell F1..-..-XI Documentation for Intrinsic safety"
- For installation under ATEX directive: this Intrinsically safe device must be installed in accordance with the latest ATEX directive and product certificate KEMA 03ATEX1074 X.
- For installation under IECEx scheme: this Intrinsically safe device must be installed in accordance the product certificate IECEx DEK 11.0042X.
- Exchange of Intrinsically safe battery FWLiBAT-0xx with certificate number KEMA 03ATEX1071 U or IECEx KEM 08.0005U is allowed in Hazardous Area. Read chapter 6 for battery replacement instructions.
- When the enclosure of the F126-P is made of aluminum alloy, when used in a
 potentially explosive atmosphere requiring apparatus of EPL Ga, the indicator shall be
 installed so, that even in the event of rare incidents, an ignition source due to impact or
 friction sparks between the enclosure and iron/steel is excluded.
- When two or more active Intrinsically safe circuits are connected to the indicator, in order to prevent voltage and/or current addition, applicable to the external circuits, precautions must be taken to separate the Intrinsically safe circuits in accordance with EN 60079-11.
- To maintain the degree of protection of at least IP65 in accordance with IEC 60529, suitable cable entries and blanking elements must be used and correctly installed.
- For enclosures and windows with a high surface resistance, potential charging hazard exists. Do not rub these surfaces of the indicator. Clean window and enclosure only with a lint-free cleaning cloth made damp with a mild soap solution.
- Chapter 4 shows general information regarding the electrical installation of your indicator. Chapter 5 gives additional specific information regarding Intrinsically safe installation and overrules the information given in chapter 4.



- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Make sure, the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams.
 Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is
 removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The
 housing may only be opened by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" in the front of this manual.



- Special conditions for safe use mentioned in both the certificate and the installation instructions must be observed for the connection of power to both input and / or output circuits.
- When installing this device in hazardous areas, the wiring and installation must comply with the appropriate installation standards for your industry.
- Study the following pages with wiring diagrams per classification.

Serial number and year of production

This information can be looked-up in the setup menu: Others.



Fig. 24: Example serial number (typical)

Label information pulse input type - F1xx-..-..-XI (inside and outside the enclosure)

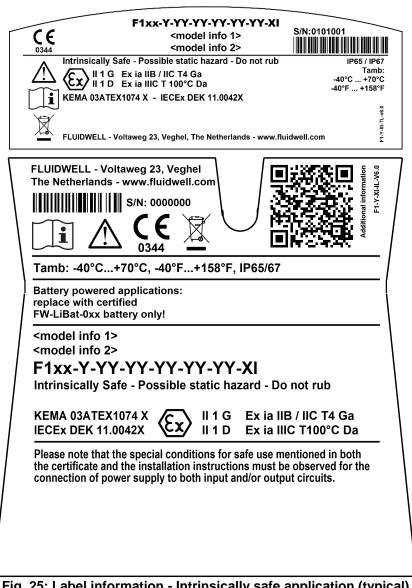


Fig. 25: Label information - Intrinsically safe application (typical)

5.2. TERMINAL CONNECTORS INTRINSICALLY SAFE APPLICATIONS



The unit is classified as group IIB/IIIC by default

Classification of the unit as group IIC is only possible under the following conditions: The indicator is either supplied by

- the internal supply (option -PC);
- the external supply connected to terminals 0 and 1 (option -PD);
- the circuit supply connected to terminals 7 and 8 (option -AP);
- The maximum values for any of those circuits are those as defined for group IIB/IIIC;
- No other active external Intrinsically safe circuits may be connected to the indicator, with
 exception of circuits connected to terminals 3 and 4 and/or terminals 5 and 6; the maximum
 values for any of those circuits are those as defined for group IIB/IIIC.

Terminal connectors F126-P-EG-TP-XI:

For intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.

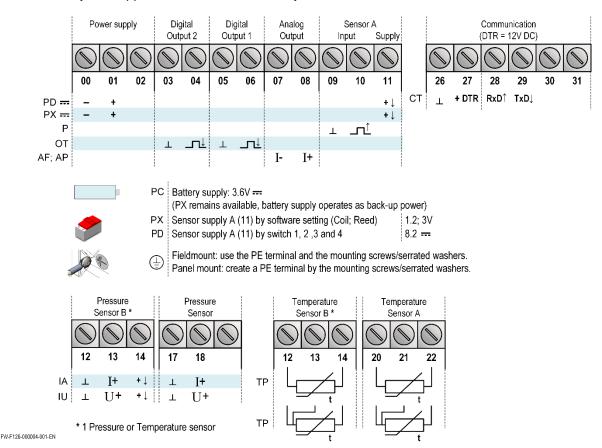


Fig. 26: Overview terminal connectors XI - Intrinsically safe applications

Explanation Intrinsically safe options:

Type AF - Intrinsically safe floating 4-20mA analog output:

A <u>floating 4-20mA signal</u> proportional to the flow rate is available with this option. When the output is disabled, a 3.5mA signal will be generated. Max. driving capacity 1000 Ohm @ 30V DC.

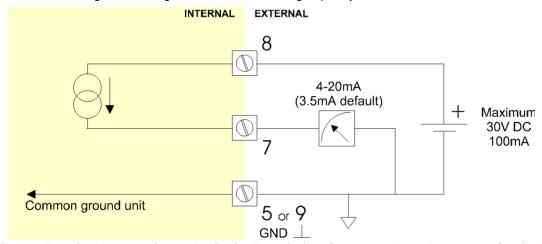


Fig. 27: Terminal connections - Intrinsically safe floating 4-20mA analog output (typical)

For option PD-XI: It is possible to supply the sensor with different voltages. You can set the voltage with the switches. Internal power is only applicable for low power sensors (Coil, Reed). The sensor supply is set by the firmware: 1.2V DC or 3V DC. External power is only available when the main external power supply is connected. The sensor supply voltage is fixed: 8.2V DC.

Set the sensor supply

- 1. Make the F126-P safe. If applicable, mind the battery power.
- 2. Open the F126-P and carefully remove the cable-connectors and the protective cover.
- 3. Find and set the switches and select the Vout as required.
- 4. Close the protective cover and install the cable connectors.
- 5. Close the F126-P.



Risk of electrocution - High voltage!

Make sure, all the leads to the terminals are disconnected from the F126-P and NEVER connect the mains power supply to the unit when the protection cover has been removed!

Type PD-XI	Power supply in: 16-30V DC / max. 1W		
	Sensor		Sensor supply out
1 2	Α		
	1	2	
on off on off	off	-	Coil 1.2V DC; <1mA Reed 3V DC; <1mA
FW-PD-000002-001-EN	on	-	8.2V DC; 7mA (max)
Switch location (typical)			

Fig. 28: Switch position voltage selection option PD-XI

5.3 CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES

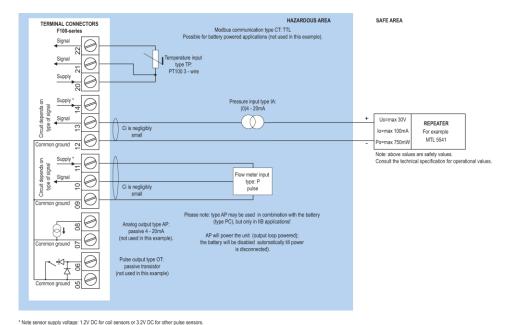


Fig. 29: F126-P-(AP)-(CT)-EG-IA-(OT)-PC-TP-XI - Battery powered - IIB/IIC - IIIC

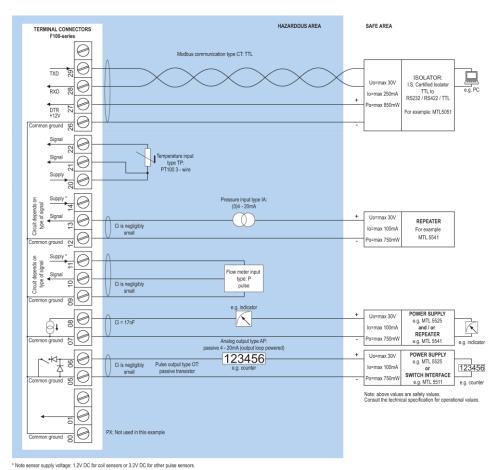


Fig. 30: F126-P-AP-CT-EG-IA-OT-(PX)-TP- XI - Output loop powered - IIB/IIC - IIIC

5.4 BATTERY REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

5.4.1. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



- Handle the battery with care. A mistreated battery can become unsafe. Unsafe batteries can cause (serious) injury to persons.
- Only use batteries which are certified for use in hazardous areas. The use of standard batteries in hazardous area's is not safe and prohibited. Batteries that are regarded as unsafe can cause (serious) injury to persons and damage to the property.
- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.



 Only use batteries which are certified for use in hazardous areas. The use of standard batteries in hazardous area's is not safe and prohibited. Batteries that are regarded as unsafe can cause (serious) injury to persons and damage to the property.

For use in hazardous areas we advise to apply FW-LiBAT batteries only.

5.4.2. REPLACE THE BATTERY (HAZARDOUS AREA)

The batteries are used to store electrical energy. The battery is a high power battery which must be treated carefully. When the battery is mistreated or damaged, there is a risk of a fire, an explosion and serious burns.

- 1. Mind that you cannot switch off a battery.
- 2. Make sure, it is safe to work on the battery system.
- 3. Handle the battery with the utmost care to prevent a short circuit and damage.
- 4. Do not recharge, crush, disassemble, incinerate, heat above its rated temperature or expose the contents to water.
- 5. Dispose of the battery in accordance with the (inter)national, the manufacturer's and the plant owner's standards and regulations.
- 6. Read and understand the instructions.
- 7. Get approval from the safety officer to do the work.
- Lock-out/Tag-out the unit and related system.
- 9. Make sure, it is safe to do the work.



REMOVE THE BATTERY

- If necessary, clean the housing with an antistatic cloth made damp with a mild soap solution.
- 2. Let the enclosure dry onto the air.
- 3. Carefully, open the enclosure.
- 4. Keep the removed parts in a clean location.
- 5. Get access to the battery.
- 6. Find the battery connector and disconnect the battery from the unit.
- 7. Remove and keep the battery from the unit.
- 8. Install an insulation tape over the battery connector to prevent a short circuit.



INSTALL THE BATTERY

- 1. Make sure, the new battery is certified for use in the unit.
- 2. Work as clean as possible, to prevent contamination to enter the unit.
- 3. Carefully, install the battery.
- 4. Make sure, the battery is correctly locked into the battery holder.
- 5. Install the battery connector.
- 6. Carefully assemble the unit and close the enclosure.
- 7. With the enclosure carefully closed, do a test of the unit.
- If necessary, get access to the setup menu and make any adjustments to obtain the correct settings.

5.4.3. DISPOSAL OF BATTERIES



- Batteries pose an environmental hazard.
- Do not dispose of as general waste or incinerate.
- Return used batteries to a recycling point.

6. MAINTENANCE

6.1. GENERAL DIRECTIONS



- Mounting, electrical installation, start-up and maintenance of this device may only be carried out by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility. Persons must read and understand this manual before carrying out its instructions.
- This device may only be operated by persons who are authorized and trained by the operator of the facility. All instructions in this manual are to be observed.
- Make sure, the measuring system is correctly wired up according to the wiring diagrams.
 Protection against accidental contact is no longer assured when the housing cover is removed or the panel cabinet has been opened (danger from electrical shock). The housing may only be opened by trained persons authorized by the operator of the facility.
- Take careful notice of the "Safety rules, instructions and precautionary measures" in the front of this manual.

The F126-P does not require special maintenance unless it is used in low-temperature applications or surroundings with high humidity (above 90% annual mean). It is the users responsibility to take all precautions to dehumidify the internal atmosphere of the F126-P in such a way that no condensation will occur, e.g. to put a dose of desiccant (drying agent) inside the enclosure just before closing it. Furthermore, it is required to replace the desiccant periodically as advised by its supplier.

Battery life-time:

It is influenced by several issues:

- Type of sensor (read chapter 3): NPN and PNP inputs consume more energy than coil inputs;
- Input frequency: the higher the frequency, the shorter the battery life-time;
- Analog output signal; be sure that an external power supply is connected or that the function is disabled if not in use; or else it will have a major influence on the battery life-time;
- Display update: fast display update uses significantly more power;
- Pulse output and communications;
- Low temperatures; the available power will be less due to battery chemistry.



It is strongly advised to disable the unused functions.

Check periodically:

- The condition of the enclosure, cable glands and front panel.
- The input/output wiring for reliability and aging symptoms.
- The process accuracy. As a result of wear and tear, re-calibration of the flowmeter and temperature sensor might be necessary. Do not forget to re-enter any subsequent K-Factor or Span alterations.
- The indication for low-battery.
- Clean window and enclosure only with a lint-free cleaning cloth made damp with a mild soap solution.. Do not use any aggressive solvents as these might damage the coating.

6.2 REPAIR

This product cannot be repaired by the user and must be replaced with an equivalent certified product. Repairs should only be carried out by the manufacturer or his authorized agent.

6.3. REPAIR POLICY

If you have any problem with your Fluidwell product and you wish to repair it, please follow the procedure below:

- a. Obtain a Return Material Authorization (RMA) from your supplier or distributor Together with the RMA, you need to complete a repair form to submit detailed information about the problem.
- b. Send the product, within 30 days, to the address provided with the RMA. The physical return of your repair can only take place after the authorization of your repair application, as confirmed by the RMA number.

If the product is within the warranty period, it will be repaired or exchanged and returned within three weeks. If the product is no longer under warranty, you will receive a repair estimate.

APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

General	
Display	
Type	High intensity reflective numeric and alphanumeric LCD, UV-resistant.
Digits	Seven 17mm (0.67") and eleven 8mm (0.31"). Various symbols and measuring units.
Refresh rate	User definable: 8 times/sec – 30 secs.
Type ZB	LCD with LED backlight. Improved readability in full sunlight and darkness.
1,700 23	Power requirements: 12-24V DC + 10% or type PD, PF, PM. Power consumption max. 1 Watt.
Enclosures	April 1 miles and a miles and
General	Die-cast aluminum or GRP (Glassfibre Reinforced Polyamide) enclosure with Polycarbonate
	window, silicone and EPDM gaskets. UV stabilized and flame retardant material.
Control Keys	Three industrial micro-switch keys. UV-stabilized silicone keypad.
Painting	Aluminum enclosure only: UV-resistant 2-component industrial painting.
Panel-mount enclosures	Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 60mm (5.10 » x 4.72 » x 2.38 ») – LxHxD.
Classification	IP65 / TYPE 4(X)
	115 x 98mm (4.53" x 3.86") LxH.
Type HC	
Type HB Field/wall-mount enclosures	
Classification	Dimensions: 130 x 120 x 75mm (5.10" x 4.72" x 2.95") – LxHxD. IP67 / TYPE 4(X)
Aluminium enclosures	
Type HA	Drilling: 2x PG9 – 1x M20.
Type HL	Drilling: 2x ½"NPT.
Type HM	
Type HN	
Type HO	
Type HP	
Type HT	
Type HU	Drilling: 3x ½"NPT.
Type HV	
Type HZ	No drilling.
GRP enclosures	Mandaillina
Type HD Type HE	
Type HF	
	Drilling: 2x 20mm (0.78").
	Drilling: 3x 22mm (0.87").
	Drilling: 6x 12mm (0.47").
	Flat bottom – no drilling.
Ambient temperatures	
Operational	-40°C to +80°C (-40°F to +176°F)
Intrinsically safe	-40°C to +70°C (-40°F to +158°F)
Relative humidity	90%, no condensation allowed.
Power supply	
Type AP	8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.5 Watt.
Type PB	Lithium battery - life-time depends upon settings - up to 5 years.
Type PC	Intrinsically safe lithium battery - life-time depends upon settings - up to 5 years.
Type PD ZP	8-24V AC / 8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 5 Watt.
Type PD-ZB	10-24V AC / 12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 5 Watt.
Type PD-XI Type PF	16-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1 Watt. 15-24V AC / 20-30V DC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.
Type PM	115-230V AC; Power consumption max. 15 Watt.
Type PX	8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.
Type PX-ZB	12-30V DC; Power consumption max. 1.5 Watt.
Type PX-XI	8-30V DC; Power consumption max. 0.75 Watt.
Note I.S. applications	For Intrinsically safe applications, consult the safety values in the certificate.
Sensor excitation	
Type PB / PC / PX	3V DC for low power pulse signals and 1.2V DC for coil pick-up.
Type PD	1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 50mA@24V DC
Type PD-XI	Intrinsically safe: Pulse signals: 1.2; 3; 8.2 - max. 7mA@8.2V DC.
Type PF / PM	1.2; 3; 8.2; 12; 24V DC - max. 400mA@24V DC.

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Terminal connections						
Type:	Removable plug-in terminal strip. Wire max. 1.5	5m m ² and 2.5m m ²				
Data protection						
Туре	EEPROM backup of all setting. Backup of running totals every minute.					
	Data retention at least 10 years.					
Password	Configuration settings can be password protected.					
Hazardous area	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Intrinsically safe	ATEX approval :	IECEx approval :				
Type XI	II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC T4 Ga	Ex ia IIB/IIC T4 Ga				
		Ex ia IIIC T100°C Da				
Explosion proof	ATEX approval ref: 🖾 II 2 EEx d IIB T5. Weigh					
Type XD/XF	Dimensions of enclosure: 350 x 250 x 200mm (13.7" x 9.9" x 7.9") LxHxD.				
Directives and						
Standards						
EMC	EN 61326-1; FCC 47 CFR part 15					
LVD	EN/IEC 61010-1					
ATEX / IECEx	EN/IEC 60079-0; EN/IEC 60079-11					
RoHS	EN 50581					
IP & NEMA	EN 60529; NEMA 250					
Inputs						
Flowmeter						
Type P	npn; npn-lp; reed; reed-lp; pnp; pnp-lp; namur; coil-hi; coil-lo; 8-1 DC; 12 DC;					
	24 DC					
Frequency	Minimum 0 Hz – maximum 7 kHz for total and flow rate.					
	Maximum frequency depends on signal type and internal low-pass filter.					
	E.g. Reed switch with low-pass filter: max. frequency					
	0.000010 - 9999999 with variable decimal posit	ion.				
	npn-lp; reed-lp; pnp-lp					
Temperature						
Type TP	2 or 3 wire PT100.					
	-100°C to +200°C (-148°F to 392°F) - accuracy					
Extended range (ZV)		cy 0.5 °C (0.9°F).				
Update time	four times a second.					
	The linearity is internally compensated.					
Pressure Note!	, , ,					
Type IA	(0)4-20mA; with signal calibration feature. Reso	olution: 14 bit				
	0.05%; Low level cut-off programmable.	Jacon. 11 bit.				
	0.000010 - 9999999 with variable decimal posit	ion				
	0.000 - 9999999 unit					
	Four times a second.					
	2.5 Volt @ 20mA.					
Note!	Type IA: external power to sensor required; e.g	. type PD.				

	Page 39
Outputs	1
Analog output	
Function	transmitting compensated flow rate.
Accuracy	10 bit. Error < 0.05% - update 10 times a second.
toouracy	Software function to calibrate the 4.00mA and 20.00mA levels precisely within set-up.
Load	max. 1 kOhm
Гуре АА	Active 4-20mA output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).
Type AB	Active 0-20mA output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).
Type AF	Passive floating 4-20mA output for Intrinsically safe applications (requires type PC or PD).
Type Al	Passive galvanic isolated output (requires type PB, PD, PF, PL or PM).
Type AP	Passive 4-20mA output - output loop powered.
Type AU	Active 0-10V output (requires type OA + PD, PF or PM).
Switch output(s)	
Pulse output	Max. frequency 500Hz. Pulse length user definable between 0.001 up to 9.999 seconds.
Function	One pulse output - transmitting linearized accumulated total.
Type OA	Active 24V DC transistor output; max. 50mA per output (requires type AA + PD, PF or PM).
Type OR	Isolated mechanic relay output; max. switch power 230V AC - 0,5A (requires type PF or PM).
Гуре ОТ	Passive transistor output - not isolated. Load max. 50V DC - 300mA.
Communication option	T doore translater output That isolated. Edda max. 557 55 55611/1.
Protocol	hua rhu hua aga
	bus-rtu; bus-asc
Speed	1200; 2400; 4800; 9600 1 - 247
Addressing	RS232
Type CB	RS252 RS485 2-wire
Type CH	RS485 4-wire
Type CI	
Type CT	TTL Intrinsically safe communication.
Type CX	no communication.
Operational	
Operator functions	
Displayed functions	compensated total and/or compensated flow rate.
	compensated total and compensated accumulated total.
	line temperature.
	compensated total can be reset to zero by pressing the CLEAR-key twice.
Total	1
Digits	7 digits.
Units	L; m³; kg; lb; GAL; USGAL; bbl; no unit
Decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
Note	total can be reset to zero.
Accumulated total	
Digits	11 digits.
Units / decimals	according to selection for total.
Flow rate	Taccording to collection for total.
LIOM LATE	

	interceptation
	compensated total can be reset to zero by pressing the CLEAR-key twice.
Total	
Digits	7 digits.
Units	L; m³; kg; lb; GAL; USGAL; bbl; no unit
Decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
Note	total can be reset to zero.
Accumulated total	
Digits	11 digits.
Units / decimals	according to selection for total.
Flow rate	
Digits	7 digits.
Units	mL; L; m³; mg; g; kg; ton; gal; bbl; lb; cf; rev; (no unit); scf; nm³; nL; p
Decimals	0000000; 111111.1; 22222.22; 3333.333
Time units	/sec; /min; /hour; /day
Line temperature	
Digits	7 digits.
Units	°C; °F; K
Decimals	1
Normal temperature	default: 273.15 K - any temperature can be set.
Flow equations	
Type EG	Equations Gas - flow computer for corrected gas volume
Formula	$Q_{normal} = Q * (P / P_{normal}) * (T_{normal} / T) * (C_{normal} / C)$

APPENDIX B: PROBLEM SOLVING

In this appendix, several problems are included that can occur when the F126-P-EG is going to be installed or while it is in operation.

Flowmeter does not generate pulses:

Check:

- Signal selection;
- Pulse amplitude;
- Flowmeter, wiring and connection of terminal connectors;
- Power supply of flowmeter.

Flowmeter generates "too many pulses":

Check:

- Settings for total and Flow rate;
- Type of signal selected with actual signal generated;
- Sensitivity of coil input;
- Proper grounding of the F126-P;
- Use screened wire for flowmeter signals and connect screen to terminal 9. (unless connected at sensor).

Analog output does not function properly:

Check:

- is the analog output enabled?
- are the flow-levels programmed correctly?
- connection of the external power-supply according to the specification.

Flow rate displays "0 / zero" while there is flow (total is counting):

Check:

- are the K-Factor and time unit correct?
- The unit has to count the number of pulses according to setup 26 within the time according to setup 27. Make sure, setup 27is set to 10.0 seconds for example: the result is that the unit has at least 10 seconds time to measure the number of pulses according to setup 26.

The password is unknown:

If the password is not 1234, there is only one possibility left: call your supplier.

ALARM

When the alarm flag starts to blink an internal alarm condition has occurred. Press the "select button" several times to display the error code. When multiple errors arise at the same time, their error codes are added and their sum is shown. The digital [d] codes are:

Not recoverable by the end user:

- [d] 0 = no error
- [d] 1 = display error
- [d] 2 = data-storage error
- [d] 3 = error 1 + error 2 simultaneously
- [d] 4 =: initialization error
- [d] 16 = PT100 ADC error

Recoverable by the end user:

- [d] 32 = Correction calculation factor error
- [d] 64 = TPC calculation error
- [d] 128 = PT100 sensor out of range error

For a not recoverable error, keep the error code at hand and contact your supplier.

APPENDIX C: COMMUNICATION VARIABLES

General

The product is fitted with the Modbus communication protocol and can be equipped with various physical interfaces like RS485 and RS232 (please see device datasheet for available options). The tables below show the various variables that can be accessed through the communication. Currently, the function codes supported are:

- function code 3 "Read Holding Registers" (4x references);
- function code 16 "Preset Multiple Registers" (4x references).

The table below shows the Modbus PDU addresses in a decimal format, followed by its hexadecimal representation (0x0000). When the PLC address range is required (4x references are typically used by PLCs), please add a value of 40001 to the Modbus PDU address. E.g. reading the serial number of the product with PLC-based addressing means: 165 + 40001 = register 40166.

The variables that consist of a multiple register must always read/write in 1 single action! Refer to the illustration:

For this example it is assumed that the variable accumulated total has 3 registers (words) with address 566, 567 and 568. When a transmission is done, register 566, which acts as the MSW, arrives first with bit 15 which is the MSB of the lowest addressed word, but is also the MSB (bit 47) of the complete variable that represents the Accumulated total.

Although most Modbus Masters will support variables that span 2 registers, variables spanning more registers sometimes require you to manually calculate the resulting value.

MSW ACCUMULATED TOTAL						
REGISTER 566	[d] 00001 [h] 0001	REGISTER 567	[d] 45236 [h] b0b4	REGISTER 568	[d] 34756 [h] 87c4	
15		15	0	15		
MSB	3	2 31	16	15	LSB	



ACCUMULATED TOTAL: [register 566 * 4294967296] + [register 567* 65536] + [register 568*1] = [d] ACCUMULATED TOTAL: [00001 * 4294967296] + [45236 * 65536] + [34756*1] = 7259588540 [h] ACCUMULATED TOTAL: 0x[0001] [b0b4] [87c4] = 1B0B487BC

For additional information regarding using your Modbus device, please read our 'General Modbus Communication Protocol' and 'Modbus troubleshooting guide' that are available through our website or your distributor.

Runtime variables

PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE RUN TIME	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
[d] 572 [h] 0x23C	40573	flow rate	2	r	uint32	09999999; Representation: unit, time, decimals depending on variables 48, 49, 50
[d] 566 [h] 0x236	40567	total	3	r	uint48	09999999999; Representation: unit, decimals depending on variables 32, 33
[d] 560 [h] 0x230	40561	accumulated total	3	r	uint48	09999999999999999999999999999999999
[d] 540 [h] 0x21C	40541	temperature	2	r	uint32	0.009999999; Representation: normal temperature, depending on variable 219
[d] 556 [h] 0x22C	40557	pressure	2	r	uint32	0.0009999999; Representation: normal compressibility, compressibility factor, depending on variable 28, E3
[d] 588 [h] 0x24C	40589	TPC calculation	2	r	uint32	09999999; Representation: normal temperature, depending on variable 219
[d] 516 [h] 0x204	40517	error status (bitfield)	1	r	uint16	[d] 0 = no error [d] 1 = display error [d] 2 = data-storage error [d] 3 = error 1 + error 2 simultaneously [d] 4 =: initialization error [d] 16 = PT100 ADC error [d] 32 = Correction calculation factor error [d] 64 = TPC calculation error [d] 128 = PT100 sensor out of range error

Reading flow rate, total or accumulated total:

The returned values are given including the decimals and represent the actual value. The given value may differ from the value that is shown on the display – this is due to the fact that the display is limited in the number of digits and may have a slower update rate set.

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For example when two decimals are selected for total and total has a value of 123456,78 the display will show 23456,78 while communication will read a "total" of 12345678 and a "total decimals" of 2.

* Clearing total:

It is possible to clear the total counter by means of writing a value of 0 to all the 3 registers of total/flow rate in a single write action. Writing any other value will result in the reply of an error message because the registers of total/flow rate are during operation read-only.

Setup variables

PDU PDU			NO	DAM	TVDE	VALUE / DEMARKO
ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE TOTAL	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
[d] 32	40033	unit	1	r/w	uint16	0=none 3=kg 6= USGAL
[h] 0x020						1=L 4= lb 7=bbl
	10001					2= m ³
[d] 33 [h] 0x021	40034	decimals	1	r/w	uint16	03
[d] 34	40035	K-Factor	2	r/w	uint32	19999999
[h] 0x022			_	.,		Representation: 0.0000109999999
						depending on variable 54: decimals K-Factor.
[d] 37	40038	decimals K-Factor	1	r/w	uint16	06
[h] 0x025						
PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE FLOW RATE	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
[d] 48	40049	unit	1	r/w	uint16	0=mL 4=g 8=bbl 12=none
[h] 0x030						1=L 5=kg 9=lb 13=scf
						2= m ³ 6=ton 10=cf 14=NM ³
						3=mg 7=GAL 11=rev 15=NL
[d] 49	40050	time unit	1	r/w	uint16	16=P 0=/sec 1=/min 2=/hour 3=/day
[h] 0x031	40030	time unit	ı	I/W	ullitio	0-/sec 1-/11111 2-/110ul 3-/day
[d] 50	40051	decimals	1	r/w	uint16	03
[h] 0x032	10001	dodinalo	•	., ••	GII IC I O	
[d] 51	40052	K-Factor	2	r/w	uint32	19999999
[h] 0x033						Representation: 0.0000109999999
5 D 5 4	40055			,	: 140	depending on variable 54: decimals K-Factor.
[d] 54 [h] 0x036	40055	decimals K-Factor	1	r/w	uint16	06
[d] 62	40063	filter	1	r/w	uint16	199
[h] 0x03E	40000	IIICI	'	17 VV	diritio	155
[d] 71	40072	period	1	r/w	uint16	1999
[h] 0x047						Representation: 0.1 – 99.9 sec
PDU	REGISTER	VARIABLE	NO.	R/W	V TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
ADDRESS	4006E	DISPLAY	REGISTERS	_	uint16	0: total 1: flow rate
[d] 64 [h] 0x040	40065	function	1	r/w	uint16	0: total 1: flow rate
[d] 67	40068	backlight brightness	1	r/w	uint16	0: off 2: 40% 4: 80%
[h] 0x043		3 3				1: 20% 3: 60% 5: 100%
PDU	REGISTER	VARIABLE	NO.	R/W	V TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
ADDRESS	40004	POWER MANAGEMENT	REGISTERS			0.6
[d] 80	40081	LCD update time	1	r/w	uint16	0=fast 2=3sec 4=30sec 1=1sec 3=15sec 5=off
[h] 0x050 [d] 81	40082	power mode	1	r/w	uint16	0=operational 1=shelf
[h] 0x051	40002	power mode	'	1/w	unitio	0-operational 1-shell
PDU	REGISTER	VARIABLE	NO.	R/W	V TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
ADDRESS	KEGISTEK	FLOWMETER	REGISTERS	S K/V		VALUE / REMARKS
[d] 96	40097	flowmeter signal	1	r/w	uint16	0: npn 4: pnp 8: coil-lo
[h] 0x060						1: npn lp 5: pnp lp 9: act. 8.2V
						2: reed 6: namur 10: act. 12V
						3: reed lp 7: coil-hi 11: act. 24V

PDU	REGISTER	VARIABLE	NO.	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
ADDRESS		TEMPERATURE	REGISTERS			
[d] 209 [h] 0x0D1	40210	display	1	r/w	uint16	0: °C 1: °F 2: K
[d] 208 [h] 0x0D0	40209	number of wires	1	r/w	uint16	0: 2 1: 3
[d] 199 [h] 0x0C7	40200	filter	1	r/w	uint16	199
PDU	REGISTER	VARIABLE	NO.	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
ADDRESS		PRESSURE	REGISTERS			
[d] 544 [h] 0x220	40545	unit	1	r/w	uint16	0=mbar 1=bar 2=psi
[d] 546 [h] 0x222	40547	span	2	r/w	uint32	0.000001 - 999999999
[d] 549 [h] 0x225	40550	decimals span	1	r/w	uint16	0 - 6
[d] 550 [h] 0x226	40551	offset	2	r/w	uint32	0.0001 - 999999999
[d] 183 [h] 0x0B7	40184	filter	1	r/w	uint16	1 - 99
[d] 186 [h] 0x0BA	40187	calib-low	1	r/w	uint16	0=cal set 1=calibrate 2=default
[d] 187 [h] 0x0BB	40188	calib-high	1	r/w	uint16	0=cal set 1=calibrate 2=default
PDU	REGISTER	VARIABLE	NO.	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS
ADDRESS		FORMULA	REGISTERS			
[d] 537 [h] 0x219	40538	t-normal (temp)	2	r/w	uint32	0.009999999; step: 0.01; Representation: temperature unit depending on variable 209
[d] 553 [h] 0x229	40554	p-normal (pressure)	2	r/w	uint32	0.0009999999; step: 0.01; Representation: pressure unit depending on variable 220
[d] 40 [h] 0x028	40041	c-normal	2	r/w	uint32	09999999
• •		(compress)				
[d] 227 [h] 0x0E3	40228	(compress) compressibility	2	r/w	uint32	09999999
[h] 0x0E3		compressibility				
	REGISTER	compressibility	2 NO. REGISTERS		uint32	09999999 VALUE / REMARKS
[h] 0x0E3		compressibility	NO.			
PDU ADDRESS [d] 112	REGISTER	VARIABLE ANALOG OUTPUT	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	ТҮРЕ	VALUE / REMARKS
PDU ADDRESS [d] 112 [h] 0x070 [d] 113	REGISTER 40113	VARIABLE ANALOG OUTPUT analog output	NO. REGISTERS	R/W r/w	TYPE uint16	VALUE / REMARKS 0: disable 1: enable 09999999 Representation: unit, time, decimals
PDU ADDRESS [d] 112 [h] 0x070 [d] 113 [h] 0x071 [d] 116	REGISTER 40113 40114	VARIABLE ANALOG OUTPUT analog output rate-min	NO. REGISTERS 1	r/w	TYPE uint16 uint32	VALUE / REMARKS 0: disable 1: enable 09999999 Representation: unit, time, decimals depending on variables 48, 49, 50 09999999 Representation: unit, time, decimals
[h] 0x0E3 PDU ADDRESS [d] 112 [h] 0x070 [d] 113 [h] 0x071 [d] 116 [h] 0x074 [d] 119 [h] 0x077 [d] 120	REGISTER 40113 40114 40017	VARIABLE ANALOG OUTPUT analog output rate-min	NO. REGISTERS 1 2	R/W r/w r/w	uint16 uint32 uint32	VALUE / REMARKS 0: disable 1: enable 099999999 Representation: unit, time, decimals depending on variables 48, 49, 50 09999999 Representation: unit, time, decimals depending on variables 48, 49, 50 099
[h] 0x0E3 PDU ADDRESS [d] 112 [h] 0x070 [d] 113 [h] 0x071 [d] 116 [h] 0x074 [d] 119 [h] 0x077	REGISTER 40113 40114 40017 40120	VARIABLE ANALOG OUTPUT analog output rate-min rate-max cut off	NO. REGISTERS 1 2 2	r/w r/w r/w	uint16 uint32 uint32 uint16	VALUE / REMARKS 0: disable 1: enable 09999999 Representation: unit, time, decimals depending on variables 48, 49, 50 09999999 Representation: unit, time, decimals depending on variables 48, 49, 50 099 Representation: 0.0 – 9.9%

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PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE PULSE OUTPUT	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS	
[d] 128 [h] 0x080	40129	pulse width	1	r/w	uint16	09999, (0=disabled) Representation: 0.000 – 9.999 sec	
[d] 133 [h] 0x085	40134	decimals	1	r/w	uint16	03	
[d] 130 [h] 0x082	40131	amount	2	r/w	uint32	19999999 Representation: 0.001 – 9999999 depending on variable 133	
PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	VARIABLE COMMUNICATION	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS	
[d] 144 [h] 0x090	40145	speed (baud rate)	1	r/w	uint16	0: 1200 2: 4800 1: 2400 3: 9600	
[d] 145 [h] 0x091	40146	Modbus address	1	r/w	uint16	1247	
[d] 146 [h] 0x092	40147	Modbus mode	1	r/w	uint16	0: ASCII 1: RTU 2: OFF	
PDU ADDRESS	REGISTER	R VARIABLE OTHERS	NO. REGISTERS	R/W	TYPE	VALUE / REMARKS	
[d] 173 [h] 0x0AD	40174	model number	1	r	uint16	09999	
[d] 160 [h] 0x0A0	40161	model suffix	1	r	char	Representation: ASCII character	
[d] 162 [h] 0x0A2	40163	firmware version	2	r	uint32	0999999 Representation: xx.xx.xx	
[d] 165 [h] 0x0A5	40166	serial no	2	r	uint32	09999999	
[d] 168 [h] 0x0A8	40169	password	1	r	uint16	09999	
[d] 170 [h] 0x0AA	40171	tag-nr	2	r/w	uint32	09999999	

APPENDIX D: **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**



Declaration of Conformity

Fluidwell F1-series indicators

Veghel, July 2016

We, Fluidwell BV, declare under our sole responsibility that the F1-series indicators are designed and will operate conform the following applicable European Directives and Harmonised Standards, when installed and operated according to the related manual:

EN61000-6-2:2005; EN61000-6-3:2007; **EMC Directive**

EN61326-1:2013

EN 50581:2012 **RoHS Directive** EN61010-1:2010 Low Voltage Directive For options -PM or -OR: **ATEX Directive** For option -XI, intrinsically safe: EN60079-0:2012+A11;

EN60079-11:2012

Protective system: @ II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC T4 Ga

@ II 1 D Ex ia IIIC T100 °C Da

KEMA 03ATEX1074 X, Issue 5 Certificates: Certification

> Notified body 0344: DEKRA Certification BV,

> > Meander 1051, 6825 MJ, Arnhem,

the Netherlands.

Last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed: 03.

1. Meij, Manager Technology

Fluidwell BV are ISO9001 certified by DEKRA Certification BV, Meander 1051, 6825 MJ, Arnhem, The Netherlands.

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	LIST OF CONFIG	SURATION SETTINGS	
SETTING	DEFAULT	DATE:	DATE:
1 - TOTAL		Enter your se	ttings here
11 unit	L		
12 decimals	0000000		
13 K-factor	0000001		
14 decimals K-factor	0		
2 - FLOW RATE			
21 unit	L		
22 time	/min		
23 decimals	0000000		
24 K-factor	0000001		
25 decimals K-factor	0		
26 period	1.0 sec		
27 filter	1		
3 - DISPLAY			
31 function	total		
32 light	100%		
4 - POWER MANAGEMENT			
41 LCD new	1 sec		
42 battery mode	operational		
5 - FLOWMETER			
51 signal	coil-lo		
6 - TEMPERATURE			
61 display	°C		
62 nr. of wires	2		
63 filter	1		
7 - PRESSURE			
71 unit	bar		
72 span	10.000		
73 decimals span	3		
74 offset	1.013		
75 filter	1		
76 calib-low	default		
77.calib high	default		
8 - FORMULA			
81 equations	EG		
82 normal temperature	0 K		
83 normal pressure	0		
84 normal compress	0		
85 compressibility	0		
9 - ANALOG OUTPUT			
91 output	disabled		
92 rate min. (4-mA)	0000000		
93 rate max. (20mA)	9999999		
94 cut off percentage	0.0%		
95 tune min (4mA)	-		
96 tune max (20mA)	-		
9a7 filter	1 (off)		
A – PULSE	\/		
A1 width	0 (off)	T	
A2 decimals	0		
A3 amount	1.000		
B - COMMUNICATION	1.000	1	
B1 speed	9600	T	
B2 address	1	+	
B3 mode	BUS-RTU	+	
C - OTHERS	P00-1/10		
C1 model	F126-P	 	
C2 serial nr	XX.XX.XX		
C3 serial number	XXXXXXX	 	
C4 password	0000	+	
C5 tag-nr	0000000		